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46 German Planes Downed As Tempo of Attack Rises

London Kept Under Alarm for Two Hours by Cruising Raiders

London, Aug. 27.

FORTY-SIX German planes were destroyed as Germany increased the tempo of its aerial *Blitzkrieg* overnight, attacking 500 miles of coast line, from north-east England to the south-west and from dusk to dawn, in the biggest night-time air offensive of the war to date, the Air Ministry announced today.

Screaming high-explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped on many areas, particularly the Midlands, but most observers agreed that the principal result of the six-hour raid on London was the loss of sleep suffered by day workers and the interruption of night work in war factories.

While a few German raiders kept Londoners in air raid shelters for six hours, the Germans concentrated their main attacks during the night on an industrial Midlands town, where extensive damage was reported.

German planes, grouped in small numbers, frequently flew over the London area and bombed one district in the outskirts, where little damage and few casualties were reported.

Tiring Methods Employed

Only a few bombs were dropped compared with the length of time of the raid over London. The raiders, one or two at a time, seemingly leisurely cruised back and forth above the reach of anti-aircraft guns, apparently seeking only to delay the sounding of the all-clear signal.

Bleary-eyed workers, arriving for early morning shifts testified at least to the partial success of such tactics.

A high-explosive bomb demolished a house in one London area, killing the householder, although his wife and two other occupants were dug out from the debris and found to be safe.

The patients of one London hospital were taken to trench shelters, while most of the seriously ill were placed on mattresses beneath their beds.

Five German planes flying over one district in the London area dropped four bombs. Groups of searchlights frantically fingered the low cloud banks seeking the raiders.

Bombs Jettisoned

In one direction whole series of flashes lit up the sky as bombs were dropped from a plane which was caught momentarily by a cluster of searchlights.

Anti-aircraft guns went into action when planes dropping bombs were suddenly caught by the searchlights.

A United Press correspondent in Fleet Street saw anti-aircraft flashes a long way to the south, but heard nothing. Then he saw searchlights pick up a big German plane for five minutes, after which the thud of heavy bombs could be heard.

The all clear siren sounded at 3.46 a.m. today (11.40 a.m. Shanghai D.L.T.) after the alarm had been in effect for six hours—London's longest thus far. Four hours after the start of the raid, four high explosives were dropped in one London area. The roar of anti-aircraft fire followed and searchlight batteries were suddenly extinguished. The noise of the planes lessened. A series of explosions, believed to be bombs, was then audible and flashes were seen in the sky.

The United States Ambassador to London, Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, was attending a Wagner concert at Queen's Hall when the air alarm sounded at 9.30 last night. The concert continued despite the raid and Mr. Kennedy stayed for the end.

Waves of German planes flew over

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122 Enemy Planes Claimed by Navy

Another 64 Believed to Have Been Destroyed; Further 45 Damaged

London, Aug. 27.

The Admiralty announces that anti-aircraft guns of British warships accounted, up to August 12, for 122 German aircraft for certain, and probably destroyed another 64 and damaged a further 45.

To the same date, aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm shot down for certain 28 German aircraft and badly damaged 25 others, of which many can be considered lost to the enemy.

A great many of those listed as "probables" may well have been destroyed, particularly during the Norwegian campaign, when a number of German aircraft disappeared behind mountains in conditions which made their total loss almost inevitable, but since they were not actually seen to crash they are not listed as definitely destroyed.—Reuter.

U.S. Will Not Enter War Says Quezon

Philippines to Join Forces With U.S. if War Comes

Manila, Aug. 27.

President Manuel L. Quezon in a press interview said he did not believe the United States would be involved either in the European war or in any conflict in the Far East. He also said he did not believe the Philippines were in any danger of attack at least for the present. He added that should the United States be involved, it was but natural for the Philippines, by reasons of gratitude, to join forces with her.

President Quezon minimized the threat of fifth columnists here. He said he feared more the threat of the hunger which was likely because of the adverse effects of wars on Philippine trade and revenue. It was to avert hunger in time of emergency—and not because of fear of involvement in war that he had sought the grant of ampler powers to compel people to work. He had this power now in case of war, but he wanted such to exercise it in peace time.—Reuter.

"Osservatore Romano" Suspension Expected

Vatican Organ Likely to Be Replaced Shortly

Berne, Aug. 26.

The "Osservatore Romano," semi-official organ of the Vatican, may be replaced shortly by a Vatican newspaper edited by Jesuits, according to the Swiss news agency.

Measures for the suspension of the "Osservatore Romano" are being examined at present by members of the Holy See. The Pope is said to have agreed to the decision.

The new paper which, it is believed, will be called the "Corriere Romano," will be essentially religious in character. Pope Pius has entrusted its publication to writers competent in the fields of religion, literature and philosophy. All the writers are members of the Society of Jesus.

The "Osservatore Romano" is being published and edited by laymen. The publisher is Count Della Torre. It will celebrate its 91st anniversary on September 5 this year. Since 1870, when Rome became the capital of Italy, the paper has been the semi-official organ of the Holy See.—Havas.

British Mercantile Losses Announced

Total Tonnage for Week Said Above Average

London, Aug. 27.

It is authoritatively announced that mercantile losses for the week ending August 18-19 were 10 British ships totalling 41,175 tons, one Allied ship of 7,592 tons and two neutral ships aggregating 4,134 tons, making a total of 52,899 tons.

This figure is slightly above the weekly average for the previous 49 weeks, namely, slightly over 50,000 tons.

The average British losses are between 26,000 and 28,000 tons.

The Germans claim to have sunk 151,711 tons, "which figure is nearly three times the actual losses."

German tonnage losses are said to amount to about 923,000 tons, and Italian 264,000, making a total of 1,187,000 tons.—Reuter.

Germans Begin New Raids on Britain

London, Aug. 27.

Nazi bombers appeared over southwest and southeast English inland towns at 1 p.m. (9 p.m. Shanghai time) and in the vicinity of southeast and southwest coastal towns at 2 p.m. (10 p.m. Shanghai time) today after reduced German aerial activity throughout late morning.

A Spitfire brought down a German plane this afternoon in southwest England and its crew was captured, while another German bomber was reported to have been shot down in the Channel off the southeast coast.—United Press.

Berlin Raid Hampered by Bad Weather

Bombers Forced to Wait For Break in Clouds

London, Aug. 27.

The Royal Air Force carried out their daily operations against enemy objectives in Germany and occupied territory on August 25, according to a communique issued by the Air Ministry last night.

Bombers of the Royal Air Force, it says, attacked a number of aerodromes in enemy-occupied territory in Holland and Belgium. These raids were continued after nightfall on aerodromes in northern France.

Operations in the Berlin area on the night of August 25/26 were hampered by poor weather conditions. Selected military objectives were attacked, also anti-aircraft batteries and search-light concentrations on the outskirts of the German capital.

Other aircraft attacked supply depots at Cologne, Hamm and Schwerte. Docks at Bremen were also bombed.

Cherbourg Bombed

Aircraft of the Coastal Command raided oil tanks at Cherbourg, seaplanes and E-boats in Boulogne Harbour and docks at Flushing.

From all these operations, five British aircraft have not returned.

A Sunderland flying-boat of the Coastal Command on patrol in Tromsoe area (Norway) attacked a number of enemy flying-boats at anchor, sinking two machines, setting a third afire and damaging others.

Pilot Describes Raid

How, hampered by bad weather all the way, British bombers took advantage of a gap in clouds over Berlin to drop their bombs, is described by a pilot who took part in the raid, according to the news service of the Ministry.

"There was heavy anti-aircraft fire two-thirds of the way. It was almost as if the Germans were expecting us. When we arrived over Berlin, there was a formidable concentration of guns and searchlights. Cruising around for half an hour, with guns popping off quite accurately, we suddenly saw a small gap in clouds, three-quarters of a mile distant. Coming round for the second time, we released our bombs and turned away, dodging a violent barrage. We could see a large red fire burning before the clouds finally closed over the scene."—Reuter.

American Report

New York, Aug. 27.

A Berlin dispatch by an American news agency, describing in detail the British raid over Berlin, particularly the swooping of planes over Herr Hitler's chancellery, took the chief headlines in yesterday's morning papers.

"British bombers were zooming over Chancellor Hitler's new chancellery and other governmental buildings in the heart of the capital while heavy bomb explosions echoed through the streets.

"At 2 a.m., as church bells tolled over the suddenly deserted city, with men, women and children cowering in air-raid shelters, only distant detonations came, but 40 minutes later din broke out again with even greater intensity."—Reuter.

Air Alarm Sounded

Berlin, Aug. 27.

An air raid alarm was sounded here at 12.42 a.m. today (7 a.m. Shanghai D.L.T.) but no planes appeared over the city. The all clear signal was given at 1.18 a.m.

An authorized German source stated that British planes had apparently approached the Berlin district and then had turned off. A preliminary check-up showed there was no aerial activity as far distant as Potsdam.—United Press.

Germans Warn of Reprisals

Berlin, Aug. 27.

The German Government has sent a note to the British Government through Switzerland stating that Germany will take the sharpest reprisals in case of a repetition of the alleged shooting down of German Red Cross planes by British fighters.

*(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)*

Germans And Italians Declared Flooding United States With Propaganda

Positive Evidence Claimed by Mr. Martin Dies of Attempts to Disrupt National Defence Work

New York, Aug. 27.

The Chairman of the House Committee for the Investigation of Un-American Activities, Mr. Martin Dies, announced yesterday that his Congressional committee had "positive evidence" that the German, Italian and Russian Governments are flooding the United States with propaganda designed to distrupt national defence and prevent American aid to Britain.

The Committee, Mr. Dies said, seized records and secured testimony in the western part of the United States proving that the Nazi and Fascist Governments are working through Americans of German and Italian descent to disseminate propaganda designed to divide the country by racial and religious prejudice. He said the Totalitarian powers are also making efforts to establish a series of saboteurs in key defence industries.

Mr. Dies said he would send a letter to President Roosevelt asking the Administration to support a bill he intends to present Congress outlawing all agents and organizations controlled by foreign governments.

Mr. Dies said he had discovered that in San Francisco merchants were financing "after work" schools in which Italian children were taught from text books published in Italy and the need for such a government in the United States," Mr. Dies said.

Mr. Dies said the evidence he had accumulated during his trip in the west includes letters from various Italian consuls to Italian-Americans of Italian extraction.

"By implication," Mr. Dies stated, the letters stated that "if they are not friendly to Italy their relatives in Italy will suffer."

The Congressmen said, "Americans of Italian and German descent must receive protection from this form of blackmail."—United Press.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Last East Surreys Leave

The final contingent of the East Surrey Regiment embarked yesterday, after a great send-off by Shanghailanders. Picture shows "B" Company marching down Nanking Road with crowds lining the pavement. Story on page 3.

Conscription of 900,000 Approved by U.S. Senate

Leaders Agree to Hold Night Session in Order To Ensure Vote on Bill Wednesday or Thursday

Washington, Aug. 27.

TO enable the Senate to take final action to the Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill on Wednesday or Thursday, Senator Alben W. Barkley, Majority Leader, and Senator Morris Sheppard, Democrat of Texas, today agreed to hold a night session of the Senate.

The Senate today defeated the Lodge amendment to limit registration to those between the ages of 21 and 25.

In the course of the debate, Senator Sheppard said the Army was preparing for the conscription of 800,000 draftees, while the navy would probably be forced to draft some additional men in connection with the plan to build a two-ocean navy.

Senator Burton K. Wheeler, Democrat of Montana, declared that the noted British economist, Sir George Paish, had recently told him he was "responsible for getting us into the last war and intended to do everything possible to get the United States into the current conflict.

Sir George recently visited the White House. Senator Ernest Lundeen, Farmer-Laborite from Minnesota, declared at the conclusion of Senator Wheeler's speech that the British visitor should be deported.

The Senate last night approved by 67 votes to 4 an amendment to the Conscription Bill restricting the use of draftees to the Western Hemisphere or United States possessions including the Philippines.

90,000 to Be Drafted

The Senate had also unanimously approved the Lodge amendment limiting the number of men to be drafted for training to 900,000 at any one time during peace.

This left only the consideration of the Maloney amendment—which would defer the inauguration of the draft system until after January 1, 1941—before final action on the bill. Administration leaders predicted that this amendment would be defeated.

One of the leaders of the group opposing conscription had indicated to Senator Barkley that he would agree to limit debate on the bill in order that final action may be taken on it Wednesday or Thursday.

Previously Senator Wheeler announced he would permit the Senate to limit debate on amendments but would strongly oppose any attempt to limit debate on the bill itself.

There was no attempt, such as was made in the debate on the National Guard Mobilization Bill last week, to prohibit sending forces to the Philippines. No Senators sought to maintain, as on a previous occasion, that sending forces to the Philippines would invite trouble with Japan.

Unlimited Power

The Senate, after a sharp, bitter debate, voted 39 to 32 against any limitation of the President's power to send conscripted troops to Latin America during the training period.

The entire question of the defence of the Western Hemisphere and the extent of the obligations of the United States to protect the New World against invasion was reviewed during the debate yesterday as Republican Senators clashed with Democratic leaders over the interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine.

Administration leaders in the Senate predicted that the bill would be approved Wednesday or Thursday, after Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana, one of the leaders of the group opposing conscription, indicated to Senator Alben Barkley, Senate Majority Leader, that he would agree to limit debate on the bill. Previously, Senator Wheeler announced that he would permit the Senate to limit debate on amendments but would strongly oppose any attempt to limit debate on the bill itself.

Willkie Supports Measure

Reliable quarters declared that the Republican Presidential nominee, Mr. Wendell Willkie, strongly desires the immediate enactment of the Conscription Bill and is now considering issuing a strong statement if the issue encounters further heavy Congressional delay. A statement of approval by Mr. Willkie, coupled with President Roosevelt's recent statement urging speedy action on the bill, would assure passage of the bill before the week ends without serious opposition, Congressional quarters declared.

Meanwhile, a nation-wide unofficial survey showed that various states, in anticipation of the enactment of the Conscription Bill, are now preparing to effectuate the draft in accordance with the War Department's permanent regulations. The basic arrangements are the same everywhere.

Election officials will handle registrations. Local boards in counties and cities will decide the men who will be awarded deferred status or will be exempted on account of dependents, physical disabilities or their need in industry. Some states have already appointed the necessary boards.—United Press.

President Prepares For Conscription

Preliminary Arrangement For Cantonments Already Put Under Way

Washington, Aug. 27.

President Roosevelt yesterday allocated U.S.$26,000,000 from his U.S. $200,000,000 special fund to start preliminary work on cantonments to accommodate 400,000 conscripts expected to be called up by January 1, after passage of the Conscription Bill now being debated by the Senate, according to an authoritative source here.

It was reported that the sum was handed over to the War Department to start the immediate construction of water systems, drainage, hospitals and barracks, despite the fact that Congress has not yet approved the Conscription Bill.

Meanwhile, by executive order, the President consolidated power marketing facilities of the Grand Coulee and Bonneville dams in the northwest in order to centralize the disposal of electric energy in a national defence emergency.

At the same time, answering Senatorial criticism on the progress of the rearmament programme, the President's National Defence Commission announced that so far, 6,747 army and navy planes have been ordered.—United Press.

Germans Bomb Ireland, Three Girls Killed

Eire Lodges Protest With Nazi Government

Dublin, Aug. 27.

German planes crossed St. George's Channel yesterday and bombed Ballynitty and Bannow in the County of Wexford between two and three p.m., the Government Information Bureau announced here last night.

The Eire Charge d'Affairs at Berlin was instructed to protest against the bombing, it was said.

"Aircraft of German nationality" flew over the Campile area, the announcement said. The co-operative creamery at Campile was wrecked. Three girls were killed and one injured by flying masonry, the announcement declared.—United Press.

Irish Confident Mistake Made

Bublin, Aug. 27.

Government circles now seem confident that the Germans bombed Wexford County in error yesterday, informed quarters said today.

The Germans apprently believed that they were over Wales and thus the Irish protest to Berlin was only a formality, they said.—United Press.

British Destroyer Sunk by Mine

H.M.S. Hostile Lost With Some Casualties

London, Aug. 27.

The destroyer Hostile (Lieutenant-Commander A.F. Burnell Nugent) has been sunk by an enemy mine; the next of kin of casualties have been informed, states the Admiralty.

The Hostile had a displace of 1,340 tons and was armed with four 4.7-inch guns.

She was one of the vessels of the 2nd Destroyer Flotilla which participated in the memorable attack on Narvik last April, when Captain Warburton Lee, of the destroyer Hardy, was mortally wounded and awarded posthumously the first Victoria Cross in the present war.—Reuter.

German Claim Denied

London, Aug. 27.

It is authoritatively stated in London that a recent German claim to have sunk a destroyer of the Viscount class is not true.—Reuter.

London Sneers at Nazi Threats

London, Aug. 27.

The "Evening News" today carried a headline reading "Fe Fi Fo Fum" over the report of a German hint that a mass attack on the British Isles was imminent.—United Press.

Axis Attempts to Pacify Balkans

Effort Said Made by Italy And Germany to Revive Negotiations

London, Aug. 27.

The axis powers are making strenuous efforts to revive the Rumanian-Hungarian negotiations. According to the official Italian news agency, German and Italian Ministers to Budapest had a long interview with the Hungarian Foreign Minister following the return of Hungarian delegates. The Foreign Minister also saw the Rumanian Minister.

The report adds that the Hungarian Government is disposed to resume negotiations "if Rumania undertakes to conduct them on a basis of acceptance" of Hungary's claims.

According to the German news agency, Hungary already has invited Rumania to send delegates to Hungary for the purpose, but it is not stated whether any conditions are attached to the invitation.—Reuter.

Transylvanians Demonstrate

Bucharest, Aug. 27.

Transylvanian are holding meetings and demonstrating against the cession of their territory to Hungary, according to reports received here.—Reuter.

Axis Ministers Fly Home

Budapest, Aug. 27.

The German and Italian Ministers to Hungary left Budapest by plane this morning bound for Berlin and Rome respectively.

Informed quarters understood that the German and Italian Ministers to Bucharest will also fly to their capitals in the near future.—United Press.

Arms Potentiality Of India Examined

Ministry of Supply Sends Special Mission

London, Aug. 27.

A special mission under Sir Alexander Roger is on its way to India to investigate the means of increasing India's production of munitions and other war stores for her own needs and to meet those of forces in the Middle East and east of Suez, it was disclosed by Mr. Herbert Morrison, Minister of Supply, last night.

The task of increasing India's arms industry will be considered in relation to the existing and potential arms output of other Empire countries in the eastern hemisphere, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South Rhodesia, Burma, Hongkong, Ceylon, Malaya and East African territories.

Hence, it is fortunate that a conference of representatives of those countries will be meeting at Delhi during the time of the mission's stay in India.

In pursuance of the same object and at request of the Union Government, the mission will profit by its call at Cape Town en route to India, to study the munitions capacity of South Africa.—Reuter.

French Ambassador Appeals for Unity

Countrymen in China Urged to Assist French Leaders; Country Abandoned Herself to Illusions, Easy-Going Existence Envoy Says

M. Henry Cosme, French Ambassador to China, delivered an address to all Frenchmen in China at 9 p.m. yesterday over Station FFZ, and declared: "We Frenchmen in China, living 5,000 leagues from our native land, knowing that such sad events have taken place in France, must have the common sense to understand that it is not we, but our leaders who must choose the remedies necessary for the salvation of France, and decide on the ways and means for their application.

"All of us," M. Cosme said, "must assist these leaders, for in union lies the strength of a nation. No one must hinder these leaders, for division results only in shame and misfortune, because from disunity of hearts and souls there may arise for France, however vigorous she may be, trials that may prove fatal."

At the outset of his speech, the Ambassador recalled the "drama for which our country was the theatre. "France," he said, "abandoned herself to illusions and for 20 years, accustomed herself to a too easy-going national and international existence.

"France's Poor State"

"The result," M. Cosme said, "was that Frenchmen allowed themselves deliberately to lose or have atrophied those very virtues which are the best features of our race.... It was in this poor state, that France engaged in war.

"Badly prepared politically, morally and militarily, our country suffered crushing defeat," the ambassador stated. He recalled the "troubled consciences" of many Frenchmen abroad.

"Some Frenchmen," he said, "thought the battle could be continued abroad, others thought it was dangerous to make alterations in the Constitution.

"To me, it appears necessary now to speak about this to you in simple language to command your reason.

"It seems to me, in the first place, that the military experts and great leaders entrusted with the direction of war operations, were in a better position to judge the possibilities of continuing the struggle.

"Act Like Frenchmen"

"I also believe that law has an imperative character, and that is going beyond the limits that wisdom sets to liberty, to place in doubt the legality of the renovation that the National Assembly of France freely decided to apply to the Constitution of 1875.

"Communities, as well as individuals, suffer physical and moral crises. These crises bring with them worries. Should we reproach those great Frenchmen who now bend over stricken France, wishing to heal and save her?" the ambassador asked.

He quoted a passage from a recent speech made by the French Foreign Minister, M. Paul Baudoin, who explained the scope and meaning of the French renovation.

M. Cosme also recalled the civilizing part that France has played in the world; he recalled her glorious past, and concluded with the statement:

"Frenchmen of the Far East, remain united around our flag, I beseech you. Act like Frenchmen in the presence of the events that are now occurring in this world.

"Do not allow yourselves to be influenced by any ideology. Do your duty without forgetting that France overseas must be no less vigilant and loyal than France at home.... My dear friends, may the Lord protect France," M. Cosme concluded.—Havas.

Aeroplanes ! ! !

TELEPHONE 11055 EXTENSION 5 and the "North-China Daily News" will send you printed copies of the appeal for monthly subscriptions together with a schedule shewing at a glance the amount Britons should subscribe in accordance with the scale approved by H.M. Ambassador and published in this journal on August 17.

The list of subscribers will be published shortly.

VOLUNTARY WAR CONTRIBUTION FUND.

U.S. and Canada Discuss Defences

Joint Board Holds First Meeting to Talk Over Coordination of Plans

Ottawa, Aug. 27.

The United States-Canadian Joint Defence Board met here for the first time yesterday and discussed the coordination of the two nations' defences for more than four hours.

The meeting was held in the Railway Committee room in the House of Commons Building. Mr. O. M. Biggar, chairman of the Canadian board, said the session was "most useful and satisfying."

The inaugural session, it was understood, was devoted mainly to taking stock of the joint defences now available. Plans for safeguarding the Pacific frontiers as well as the Atlantic coasts were also discussed, it was understood.

The conference involved, at least indirectly, Britain's efforts to buy fifty over-age destroyers from the United States as well as American plans to lease sites for naval and air bases on British possessions in the Western Hemisphere.

Five representatives of each country comprise the joint defence board.

When the joint committee met today it had available a mass of statistics on defence compiled by the Canadian and American armies and navies. Any joint defence arrangements completed by the board probably will be applied first to Newfoundland, informed quarters believed.—United Press.

Switzerland Rebuked

London, Aug. 27.

A sharp attack on Switzerland for the way the Swiss press is covering air warfare appears in the German newspaper "Voelkischer Beobachter." According to the Bremen radio, the newspaper objects to a dispatch from London minimising damage done by German air raids. The "Beobachter" declares publication of such stories by the Swiss press might well prove dangerous to Switzerland.—Reuter.

Possible Bases Studied

Washington, Aug. 27.

The United States Navy Department has completed a study of all islands on the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans which might become available—and suitable—for air and naval bases for the protection of the United States and the Western Hemisphere, reliable circles reported here today.

This survey was understood to have been undertaken even before negotiations for the acquisition of bases on British territory in the Western Hemisphere were made public.

The survey worked out a system of gun emplacements, docking facilities, gasoline storage, and various installations on these islands, some of which are situated well out in the Pacific, it was understood.—United Press.

King Haakon Broadcasts To Norwegians

Denies Report of Leaving British Isles

London, Aug. 27.

King Haakon of Norway, broadcasting in the Norwegian news programme of the British Broadcasting Corporation last night, denied that he had gone to America.

"The fact that I am speaking to Norwegian listeners from London is excellent proof that rumours should not be believed. I have heard today, for instance, that I had left London and gone to America, owing to differences of opinion with the British Government.

"From the place where we are now we can still represent a free Norway. Our action was also determined by the fact that it is clear to me and my Government that the only possibility of re-creating a free Norway lay in a victory of the side which stands for the right of small nations to lead their own lives."—Reuter.

New Munitions Factory In Australia

London, Aug. 27.

Parts of Bren guns and various types of munitions are being produced in a new factory opened in Australia, according to the Sydney Radio.

About 2,500 men are employed at the factory, it was added.—Reuter.

Officials Discuss Measures to Stamp Out Terrorism in Shanghai

Police of All Areas Will Meet Regularly to Discuss Views; Mr. Keswick Calls Meeting

Emphasizing the determination of the various police forces here to take concerted action against terrorism in Shanghai was a resolution passed at a meeting held in the Council chamber yesterday afternoon between Mr. Y. Miura, Japanese Consul-General, a high police official who represented the French Consul-General who was unable to attend in person, and officials of the Shanghai Municipal Council. The conference was called by Mr. W. J. Keswick, Chairman of the Council, who invited the officials concerned to meet for the discussion of the possibility of extension of mutual co-operation between the various police organs here in their campaign against armed crime.

It was resolved at the meeting to arrange for the holding of regular meetings between the chiefs of the various police forces in Shanghai to devise effective means with a view to putting an end to the terrorism which has been sweeping the city in past months and brought in its wake a harvest of crime.

Although the French Consul-General was absent, the co-operation of the authorities of the French Concession with the scheme was assured by his representative.

The conference yesterday followed in the heels of the recent exchange of correspondence between the local Consular Body and the Municipal Council on the subject of terrorism. It will be recalled that at a meeting of the Consular Body called to deal with the situation utter condemnation and international abhorrence were expressed by the consular officials present of terrorism and all it implied.

Yarnell Says U.S. Must Defeat Axis

Future of United States Threatened by Despots

New York, Aug. 27.

Rear-Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, former Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, said that the future of the United States depends on the overthrow of "two great despotisms" in the West and the East.

Speaking at a clam bake here on Saturday, the retired Admiral urged American aid to Britain and China, including the dispatch of planes, destroyers and other naval craft to Britain.

He also urged that the United States immediately halt huge sales of war materials to Japan.—United Press.

*46 German Planes Downed As Tempo of Attack Rises

(Continued from page 1)

northeastern England at a high altitude and dropped nine bombs at long intervals. They then scattered in different directions. No serious damage was reported.

Air Ministry Report

The Air Ministry last night said that at least 37 German planes were destroyed over Britain yesterday. Fifteen British planes were lost, but six pilots of these were safe, the Ministry said.

Late yesterday afternoon two large forces of German bombers flying at an altitude of about 20,000 feet, attempted to reach London but were met by a strong force of British fighters over a town on the south-east coast.

A terrific battle above the clouds ensued for ten minutes, after which the German planes were said to have been driven off.

At least three German planes were believed to have been shot down in furious aerial battles over the town. The din set up by the continuous chatter of machine-gun fire and the roar of the planes' motors made it almost impossible to hear speech.

Planes Seen Crashing

According to observers, one German plane cork-screwed dizzily to the ground and crashed in the outskirts of the town. Another German plane fell like a stone on the other side of the town, blazing from stem to stern. British fighters returning from the battle executed the customary victory roll before landing.

About 50 persons were reported killed or injured in a southeast town when eight bombs, some of which were screamers, were dropped Sunday night after parachute flares lit up the district.

Children Machine-Gunned

German planes dropped 150 bombs in the Scilly Isles yesterday morning and Sunday, it was revealed here last night. Official quarters said the German planes machine-gunned children on a beach, wounding several. One girl was said to have been killed by a bullet through the back of her neck.

Houses on the islands were set afire by incendiary bombs. All the windows in one hotel were blown in and the roof damaged by 50 rounds of machine-gun fire directed at it, it was said.

Meanwhile, two unidentified planes flew high over a town in south-western England and carried out an unusual manœuvre yesterday morning. The plane wrote a question mark in smoke, with a smoke arrow pointing to the ground, puzzling thousands of observers on the ground.—United Press.

Spectacular A. A. Fire

London, Aug. 27.

Spectacular anti-aircraft fire, the flash of distant bombs and a wall of search-light round the capital provided a dramatic back-ground to London's seventh raid in three days. Enemy aircraft, operating singly or in small numbers, made brief but frequent appearances over the London area.

A town in the southwest of England had its worst raid of the war when enemy bombers came over throughout the night and dropped incendiary bombs in all parts of the town and surrounding district. The extent of the damage and the number of casualties are not yet known. In the south-east, anti-aircraft gunners scored three direct hits on a Dornier-17 bomber which was returning from raiding London. The crew of five baled out and the machine fell on two houses in an avenue, destroying both, but the occupants were in shelters and so sufferd no hurt. Home guards and the police rounded up the crew, one of which was injured.

Good spirits were in evidence everywhere and this was exemplified in one town in the north-east of England, where at a local theatre, the residents and others including soldiers and sailors contributed to an impromptu concert during a raid.

Battle Above Clouds

Eight German machines, it is believed, were destroyed yesterday during a battle over clouds above a south-east town. One bomber just missed the roof of a farm-house and crashed ablaze in a corn-field. Three more bombers are known to have been brought down in a south-east coast area.

For ten minutes, a terrific battle raged over clouds, the machines being visible only for brief intervals through breaks in the clouds. The machine-gun fire and cannon of German Messerschmitts, which were apparently accompanying the bombers, could be plainly heard; after the battle the Germans turned tail and made for home. Two German machines were seen to crash, and while fighting was in progress many bombs were heard falling in the distance.

People Refuse Cover

In the London area, wardens and police are having some difficulty in persuading people to take cover during air-raid warnings, now that they are becoming a common occurrence. While the majority of people troop off to shelters, many prefer to continue their normal occupations unless gunfire or bomb explosions are heard. When sirens were sounded yesterday afternoon, a counsel was speaking at a courtmartial at the Duke of York's headquarters. Turning to the president, he inquired: "Should one be interrupted by this irrelevant German intrusion?" The president answered "No," and the counsel continued his speech.

The fact that the German attempt at a large-scale air raid proved abortive, is revealed in a communique by the Air Ministry last night, which states: "During the afternoon, a large number of enemy aircraft entered the Thames estuary and approached London, but were engaged and scattered by our fighters and anti-aircraft guns. Some of them dropped bombs in Essex, causing little damage and few casualties."

Inhabitants of a tiny south-eastern hamlet turned out to deal with a hail of incendiary bombs dropped on fields. "we thought the whole place was ablaze, but tackled the fires with earth and they were soon put out, with little damage," they said.

Folkestone Attacked

A large number of bombs, including incendiaries, were dropped during the raid on Folkestone. The raiders dived low and bombs could be seen leaving their racks. Damage was done to property, but no fires were started. One Dornier bomber crashed on the beach, a second a mile or two inland, a third dived into the sea. Other raiders were chased away by British fighters.

Reports from another south-eastern district state that Spitfires shot down two Messerschmitts escorting German dive-bombers across the Straits of Dover. One German pilot baled out and a Spitfire pilot guided a rescue boat to the scene. Altogether the crews of three German planes were rescued from the sea.

Germany, having suffered a very sharp reverse, may be expected to increase the weight of her air offensive against Great Britain, particularly at night.

This authoritative view, writes Reuters Air Correspondent, was expressed here yesterday. It is believed Herr Hitler's primary objective will still be the defeat of the Royal Air Force, which has so upset his plans since the fall of France. Thus Nazi bombs will be aimed mainly at aerodromes, aircraft factories and ancillary industrial plants. Thereby, Herr Hitler hopes chiefly to destroy the means which contribute to whittling down the offensive power of his Luftwaffe (air force) and, to a less extent, to diminish the scale of R.A.F. bombings of Germany and occupied territories.

No Invasion Seen

An invasion has not been abandoned although it may have to be postponed until next spring as time is certainly getting short for the essential preliminary to be achieved before this winter—the "knocking out" of the Royal Air Force. Recent reconnaissance has not revealed any sign of preparation for an imminent attempt at an invasion. Germany spent a month's interval between the end of the Battle of France and the first mass air attacks on Great Britain in moving forward, chiefly into northern France, concentrations of fighters and short-range bombers from behind the Rhine.

The growing crescendo in German air activity in the middle of August seems to have kept pace with the gradual increase in these preparations for the *Blitzkrieg* on Great Britain. It is believed Germany could hardly have been prepared for a total war from the start, and an increase in the scale of attacks is likely to follow as the organization of bomber squadrons will improve.

Pessimism Absent

The outlook, however, is not regarded pessimistically. Germany's belief in the efficacy of precise day bombing was badly upset at the start by the stoutness of resistance by the Royal Air Force and British anti-aircraft gunners, and she may be expected to carry out more and more right raiding as day operations prove more and more expensive. Germany is now training her night crews as fast as she can on the far side of the country and in occupied Poland.

Losses of aircraft in the first *Blitzkrieg* attempt have forced her to aim at closer synchronization of daylight attacks since the *Blitzkrieg* re-opened, and now she is aiming heavy blows on several targets at roughly the same time, repeating this twice and some times three times a day. Loosely-directed mass attacks all the day by from 500 to 1,000 planes, like those during the first phase of the *Blitzkrieg*, have proved too expensive.

One final comment made yesterday was. "Up to date, Britain has done far more bombing damage to Germany's war effort than Germany has done to hers, and as Germany's effort increases so will Britain's."—Reuter.

France Given to Hitler, Says Cot

New York, Aug. 27.

M. Pierre Cot, former French Minister of Air, declared today that Marshal Petain and General Weygand gave France to Herr Hitler.

Only 1,300 French planes were used out of 3,000 first-line aircraft, he alleged, and added that no road, bridge, railway, or munition factory was blown up and nothing destroyed to hinder the German advance.—Reuter.

British Air Ace Given D.S.O.

London, Aug. 27.

The British air ace, Squad.-Leader Michael Nicholson Crossley, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Order (D.S.O.) on bringing his total of enemy aircraft destroyed to 18.

This figure, it is stated, does not include five planes probably destroyed.

Crossley, who is 28 years of age, was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross in June when a Flight-Lieutenant for an act of gallantry in France.—Reuter.

Kobayashi Minister To N.E.I. Approved

Leaving Kobe on August 31; To Be Accompanied By Party of 22

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

A meeting of the Cabinet today approved the despatch of Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Minister of Commerce and Industry, as special envoy to the Netherlands East Indies, according to the chief secretary of the Cabinet. Mr. Kobayashi will sail from Kobe on August 31 accompanied by advisers and secretaries.

Mr. Chuichi Ohashi, Acting Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, invited General J. C. Pabst, Netherlands Minister, to call on him this morning to inform him of the Government's decision to send Mr. Kobayashi to the Netherlands East Indies.

According to a Foreign Office announcement, Mr. Kobayashi will be accompanied by a party of 22, including Mr. Eiichiro Iwase, managing director of the Tokyo Electric Light Company, as adviser, and Mr. T. Ohta, Chief of the Trade Bureau in the Foreign Office, as chief of staff.

Others in the party include several representatives of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, two representatives each of the War, Navy and Overseas Ministries, and one representative each of the Cabinet Planning Board and the Finance Ministry.—Reuter.

America Deeply Interested

New York, Aug. 26.

Deep American interest in the forthcoming Japan-Netherlands East Indies parleys in Batavia was openly shown in the preparations being made to obtain the earliest information of the results and progress of the negotiations.

It was reported that leading firms are sending their Hongkong and Manila agents to Batavia as observers while the "New York Times" is sending Mr. Harold Callender, former London correspondent for the paper, who is now in Java from Australia together with 11 other American newspapermen, including Mr. Roy Howard, head of the Scripps-Howard chain of newspapers.

The party is expected in Singapore on Friday after their extensive tour of Australia where they were guests of the Australian Government.

Observers here give it as their opinion that Japan's southward expansion policy is definitely taking shape with the decision to send the Minister of Commerce and Industry Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, as special Japanese envoy to the Netherlands East Indies.

Mr. Callender, writing to the "New York Times" from Sourabaya, represented Japanese circles as concerned over the forthcoming talks.

Key to the question of Japanese-N.E.I. talks, he wrote, was that the Japanese feel they have no alternative than to strive to reach a satisfactory agreement with Japan following the withdrawal of British military power from the Far East and the indefinite attitude of the United States towards the East Indies.

However, he added, the Dutch authorities have taken all measures required for the defence of the oil-fields, if attacked, and have been buying aircraft and other supplies from the United States and other countries to strengthen their mility and naval forces.

Mr. Callender reported that he saw, from an aeroplane, signs of preparedness for any eventualities by belligerents far removed from the scene of the hostilities.—Domei.

Aggression Stories Ridiculed in Japan

FROM PERCY WHITING
NCDN Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

Japan's future policy with regard to the negotiations on the Netherlands East Indies, now in progress, will, it is reliably learned here, be in accordance with the statement made recently by Mr. Yakichiro Suma, official spokesman of the Japanese foreign office. This was to the effect that Japan would respect the independence of the islands. It is therefore regarded as ridiculous that stories depicting Japanese schemes of aggression in this region should be circulated, as these are completely untrue.

*R.A.F. Raids Many Enemy Positions

(Continued from page 1)

The note charged British fighters with shooting down German Red Cross planes attempting to rescue wounded aviators in the sea.—United Press.

Italians Admit Factory Hit

London, Aug. 27.

According to the Rome Radio, the latest Italian communique admits that British aircraft dropped a few bombs on Turin, one of which hit Fiat factory buildings.

It claims that one raider was shot down, the crew of five being killed.—Reuter.

Leaflets and Bombs Dropped

Stockholm, Aug. 27.

According to Swedish correspondents in Berlin, streets in the German capital were strewn with shell splinters and heaps of leaflets following the British air raid on Sunday night.

Last night's air raid warning lasted 33 minutes.—Reuter.

Planes Over Switzerland Again

Berne, Aug. 27.

Air raid sirens shrieked and anti-aircraft batteries went into action here twice last night when unidentified planes were heard droning high over the city. Searchlights flicked across the sky as the planes became audible overhead, but observers in the streets were unable to catch a glimpse of the planes.—United Press.

Aircraft Production Record Week in British

London, Aug. 27.

Last week was a record week in the production of British aircraft, the Royal Air Force being provided with more fighters and bombers than ever before in the history of British aviation, according to an announcement by Lord Beaverbrook, Minister for Aircraft Production.—Reuter.

Egyptian Cabinet Resigns As Italy Threatens War

Rome Voices Objection to Egypt Siding with Britain In African Conflict; Sir Miles Lampson Broadcasts

Cairo, Aug. 27.

THE Cabinet resigned today and the King asked Hassan Sabry Pasha, the Premier, to form a new Government.

The sudden resignation was believed to be connected with the possibility that Egypt might be plunged into war against Italy and Germany.

Earlier, on the eve of the fourth anniversary of the Anglo-Egyptian alliance, Sir Miles Lampson, British Ambassador to Egypt, bluntly said that Egypt's independence depended upon a British victory.

He denied, however, that Britain had asked the Egyptian Government to declare war on Italy.—United Press.

Resignation Denied

It was denied by the Egyptian Premier last night, according to a statement in London, that the Cabinet had tendered its resignation to King Fuad.

Italian Threat

Rome, Aug. 27.

Italy may be "forced to declare war upon Egypt if the Government at Cairo continues siding with Britain against Italian forces in Africa," Il Duce's spokesman, Sig. Virginio, Gayda, said here yesterday.

"In any event," Sig. Gayda said, "relations between Italy and Egypt at this decisive phase of the war must be clarified once and for all.

"Egypt knows perfectly well Italy has no aggressive plan against Egypt. But Italy cannot close her eyes to the fact that England has used Egyptian territory to attack Italy—without causing any noticeable reaction in Egypt.

"In Egypt, Britain has created a principal base for her Mediterranean offensive and it can be said that the Mediterranean war exists today mainly because of Great Britain's bases in Egypt.—United Press.

Sir Miles Lampson Broadcasts

Cairo, Aug. 27.

Sir Miles Lampson, British Ambassador to Egypt, broadcasting here today on the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty said: "All we expect from Egypt is the loyal fulfilment of her treaty obligations, we are determined to loyally defend our Ally, and wit her cooperation we are sure of success.

"All thinking Egyptians realize that their interest in the war is identical with ours as they cannot contemplate a victory of the Axis powers with anything but abhorrence. We know that we are fighting against oppression and injustice, this gives us an inflexible determination to go on and combat the foul evils which are besetting the world.

"We will shirk no sacrifice until they are destroyed, and the foundations laid of a new order," Sir Miles concluded.

Hafez Affifi Pasha who also broadcast declared: "If Britain had not been in Egypt we should have been invaded at the same time as Abyssinia or Tripoli. Britain is fighting for the freedom and peace of all small nations. The destiny of Egypt is involved. Egypt will not hesitate, if need be, to use her army for defence. A victory for the Axis powers would mean the enslavement of Egypt whereas a victory for Britain would save the world from a nightmare."—Reuter.

British Bombard Bardia, Bomba

Italian Harbour Defences Crashed Through to Reach Point Blank Range

Cairo, Aug. 27.

Italian troop concentrations at Bardia were bombarded by British naval guns at point blank range after British naval forces had successfully penetrated the harbour defence of Bardia, the British Navy announced here today.

The British naval units crashed through the Bardia harbour defences during the night and trained their guns on targets at close range, the communique said.

Naval guns also successfully bombarded an Italian seaplane base at Bomba. The British suffered no casualties, the communique added.

The Royal Air Force earlier announced that British "bombers raided military objectives at Calabat, Metena, Bardia and Eladem, scoring several direct hits on buildings."—United Press.

Aerodrome at Dessie Hit

Aden, Aug. 27.

The Italian base at Dessie was again bombed and considerable damage was done to aerodrome buildings and transport vehicles. Two fires were started, says an official release.

Extensive reconnaissance was carried out by a French flight. All of our aircraft returned.—Reuter.

Casualties in Alexandria Raid

Alexandria, Aug. 27.

One person was killed and five people were injured when the enemy carried out a raid on the city yesterday morning.

During an hour and a half, the raiders were over Alexandria, but apparently only a small number of bombs were dropped.—Reuter.

Italian Works Strafed

London, Aug. 27.

Making the double journey over France and the Alps for the fifth time in a fortnight, British bombers last night dropped six tons of bombs in 40 minutes on industrial targets in northern Italy, according to an Air Ministry communique.

Objectives of the action included the Fiat works at Turin, and the Magnare works near Milan, where a great cloud of white smoke rose nearly 6,000 feet, guiding subsequent pilots to the target.

One pilot's oxygen supply suddenly failed when over the Alps, but he carried on and got over safely.—Reuter.

3 Men in Boat Could Hold Alaska

San Francisco, Aug. 27.

The defences of Alaska could be paralyzed within an hour by three men in a fishing boat, Mr. Donald McDonald, engineer and High Commissioner to Alaska, stated here today.

Mr. McDonald said that Alaska's present defenceless position would last until an overland road is built from Hazelton, British Columbia, to Fairbanks.—United Press.

Communist Leader in Chungking

Early Settlement of All Issues Seen

Chungking, Aug. 27.

Much interest has been aroused by the return of Mr. Chow En-lai, prominent Communist leader, to Chungking from Yenan, so-called capital of the Chinese communist district in northern Shensi province. It is officially announced that Mr. Chow arrived in Chungking by air in the afternoon of August 25.

While the purpose of his return here has not been disclosed, it is generally believed that he will conclude the present discussions between the Chungking and Communist authorities after receiving instructions from Yenan.

About two months ago, Mr. Chow, together with General Chu Heh, came to Chungking to confer with General Chiang Kai-shek concerning issues outstanding between the Central Government and the Communists. After the completion of the discussions, the two Communist leaders returned to Yenan to submit a report to the Communist authorities for final decision.

With the return of Mr. Chow, therefore, an early settlement of various outstanding issues between the Government and the Communists is now expected.—Reuter.

THE General Opium Inspection Commission at Chengtu started an inspection of the results of opium suppression work in the province on Monday, says the "Sin Wan Pao." In the morning the inspection corps visited the Opium Suppression Inspectorate at Chengtu and later the military headquarters of the city. All staff members of the two organizations were medically examined at clinics to make sure that there were no opium smokers among them. Two opium dens were closed by the corps during its tour, the paper concludes.

Chinese Comment on U.S., Canada Accord

Effects Seen Reaching Pacific Areas

Chungking, Aug. 27.

The importance of the United States-Canadian joint defence board was emphasized in a leading article this morning in the influential Chinese daily, the "Ta Kung Pao."

After pointing out the value of the board to the protection of the Western Hemisphere, the newspaper declares: "While the board will have far-reaching effects on developments in the Atlantic, it is bound to have an important bearing on future developments in the Pacific since the United States, Britain and Canada all have vital interests in the Pacific."

Concluding, the journal hopes that though the board has been formed for the interests of the three countries concerned, the latter will not forget to look towards the future.—Reuter.

British Ambassador Leaves Shanghai

Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador to China, at 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon sailed from Shanghai for Hongkong en route to Chungking.

The British Ambassador is expected to stay in General Chiang Kai-shek's wartime capital for a month, returning here some time in November.

Bitter Fighting In Shansi

Japanese Attack Communist Forces; Chinese Advance On Anking Claimed

Taiyuan, Aug. 27.

Bitter fighting is in progress on the eastern border of Shansi Province with Japanese army columns carrying out a powerful counter-attack against approximately 12,000 Chungking Communist troops who on Wednesday and Thursday made abortive attempts to sever the Shansi and Tatung-Puchow railway lines, front-line reports reaching here today revealed.

Up to Sunday, according to field despatches, 3,700 Chinese troops had been killed on the field of battle. In the neighbourhood of Niangtzekwan near the eastern border of Shansi, 500 Communist troops were defeated by a Japanese force, the former leaving 140 dead on the field of battle.

According to reports, another Japanese force engaged 1,000 enemy troops at Chengkialungti, west of Niangtzekwan. Two hundred and eighty Chinese dead were left abandoned on the field, it was reported.

In other engagements in this area, further reports declared, an enemy force of 500 was routed by the Japanese at Yenhwei, another strategic point on the Shansi Railway, in the eastern part of the province. The Chinese lost 280 men in this battle too, the reports added.

Japanese army units also defeated Chungking Communist troops along the Shansi railway, the enemy losing 1,500 men, the reports said. Along the southern section of the Tatung-Puchow railway, 1,000 Communist troops were crushed by Japanese army units at Nankwanchen, central Shansi. The enemy left 440 dead on the field.

Along the northern section of the Tatung-Puchow railway, still other frontline despatches said, Chinese forces comprising approximately 2,200 men were routed by the Japanese and lost 780 men, it was stated.—Domei.

Advance on Anking Claimed

Chungking, Aug 27.

Continuing their drive towards Anking, pre-war capital of Anhwei province, Chinese troops yesterday forced the Japanese to retreat from their fortified positions near the city.

The Japanese garrison at Wuwei, North-East of Anking, is being attacked vigorously and has suffered heavy losses. The Chinese are continuing their offensive despite the arrival of Japanese reinforcements.

The American Church Mission building at Chuanhsien, in Kwangsi province, has been completely destroyed following an attack by Japanese bombers on August 25. Two bombs fell squarely into the mission compound.

Railway Said Attacked

A Chinese column is attacking keypoints along the Chengting-Taiyuan railway in Shansi, it was reported here last night. Shangchangtsun and Kwanlukou were said to have been captured.

Another unit of Chinese troops in Shansi, the same reports stated, raided Yentsekou, west of Yangchwan, where they tore up railway tracks on a bridge.—Havas.

More Newfoundland Troops Arrive

London, Aug. 27.

Another contingent of Newfoundland troops arrived at a west coast port today.—Reuter.

THE CINEMA

"Another Thin Man"

Nick Charles	William Powell
Nora Charles	Myrna Loy
Lois	Virginia Grey
District Attorney	Otto Kruger
Col. MacFay	C. Aubrey Smith
Dorothy Waters	Ruth Hussey
Lt. Guild	Nat Pendleton
Dudley Horn	Patrick Knowles
Freddie Coleman	Tom Neal
Mr. Bellam	Phyllis Gordon
Phil Church	Sheldon Leonard

The return of Mr. William Powell, absent from the screen for the past two years, was a delight not only to his fans, but to many others who witnessed the premiere of "Another Thin Man" at the Roxy Theatre last night. Mr. Powell has lost none of his charm and coupled with Miss Myrna Loy, again playing Nora, the perfect wife, turned in a performance that was worth waiting two years for. The story, too, is by far the best thing Mr. Powell and Miss Loy have ever had, blending mystery, comedy and drama so beautifully that it is doubted if ever another detective story will ever attain the great heights reached by this picture. The cast, filled with popular names, has been most carefully chosen and every portrayal perfectly done. The District Attorney of Mr. Otto Kruger was a gem, his queries evoking guffaws of laughter from the audience. That old veteran of the screen, Mr. C. Aubrey Smith, cast in the role of garrulous old Colonel MacFay, was also the best piece of acting this grand old actor had turned in, while Mr. Nat Pendleton, as the slow-witted Lieutenant Guild of the Metropolitan police, helped quite a bit to make the picture a success. Last but not the least were two good performances of Asta, the faithful pooch of the happy couple, and Nick Charles, Jr., a lovable youngster who stole many scenes from the grown-ups. This picture, which is sure to have a long run at the Roxy Theatre, is recommended without reserve to all cinemgoers for its sheer gaiety and the interesting mystery.—LM.

British Relief Unit Urges Aid to China

Petrol, New Trucks Wanted For Red Cross Work

Chungking, Aug. 27.

A telegram to the British Government, urging that petrol, new trucks and spare car parts be sent to the interior of China via the Burma Road, was sent London today by E. Barger and P. Wright, members of the British Relief Unit visiting Chungking.

They declared in their message that the Chinese International Red Cross cannot import or distribute medical supplies and run the ambulances itself. They also emphasized:

"The need is now more urgent than ever, considering the devastating air raids we have witnessed at Chungking during the past week.—Havas.

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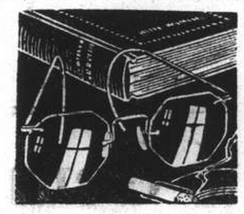

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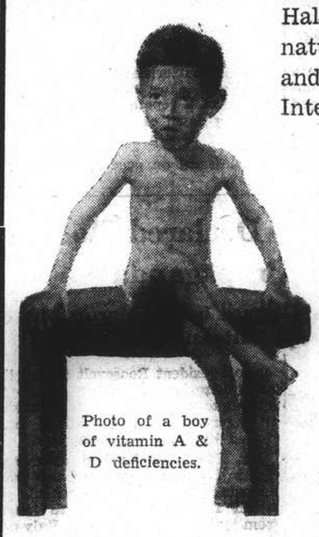

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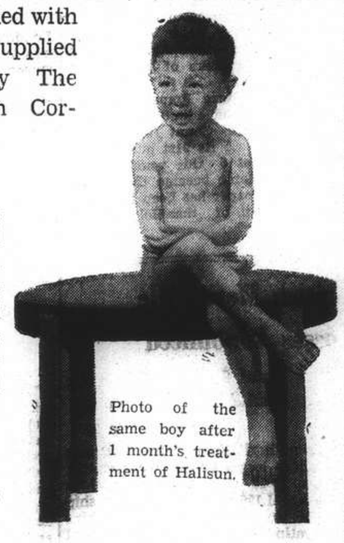

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Last Two Companies of East Surreys Leave Shanghai

Enthusiastic Scenes of Previous Departures Re-Enacted by Large Crowds; R.A.S.C. Remains

ONCE again Shanghailanders lined the streets to watch the last detachments of East Surreys march through the city amid cheers and greetings from people of every rank and race. Proof of the popularity of the British troops in Shanghai lay in the enthusiasm of the cosmopolitan crowds assembled to bid them farewell on every occasion that contingents have left. Men and women of all nationalities have turned out to be present at the parade, and in many cases have marched the whole distance from the Racecourse to the wharf alongside the troops. Traffic was at a standstill on Nanking Road from 11.15 a.m. till noon yesterday as the two companies, comprising over three hundred men, were on their way to the wharf.

As before, the higher storeys of shops and buildings were crowded with spectators, Chinese being especially numerous due to the holiday. Although there was not quite so much display in yesterday's parade, the air of determination and confidence of the men was most marked. It was evident that although they were sorry to leave Shanghai, yet they felt that they would be more useful elsewhere. When the troops assembled in the Race Club compound at 11 a.m. they were allowed a period of rest, and many were the girls and women who stood outside the rails talking and bidding farewell to the men.

Two companies of the regiment left yesterday, "B" Company, stationed in Shanghai for the past eighteen months, and "C" Company, which arrived from Tientsin on Wednesday, when the first detachments left Shanghai. This latter company has been stationed in Tientsin and Peiping since the withdrawal of the D.L.I.

Followed Same Route

The men marched from the Racecourse again, following the route taken by the previous companies. They were escorted by the 4th Marines Band. When they emerged from the Loongfei gate of the Racecourse they were surrounded by a large mass of people, which marched alongside the companies for the whole route, traffic being completely held up for the period. It being a Chinese holiday, almost all the buildings along Nanking Road were beflagged with the national emblem, and a striking contrast was formed.

The Marines Band dropped off at the Garden Bridge, playing, as before, "Will Ye No Come Back Again" until the last man had crossed the bridge. This time there was no ceremony near the Consulate-General, the men carrying on without saluting the S.V.C. guard on the bridge. Once across into Hongkew the men soon broke into cheerful songs, which were continued all the way to the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf. Previous scenes at the wharf were re-enacted when the crowd attempted to enter the docks after the troops had passed through the entrance, but were stopped by the iron gates. The two companies, together with many staff officers, embarked in the ss. Taksang, which left at 5 p.m. yesterday.

R.A.S.C. In Charge of Camps

Remaining in Shanghai in charge of the various military camps is the R.A.S.C. numbering about 50 men, and a portion of the R.A.M.C., both being expected to leave Shanghai in the near future. They are making final arrangements regarding the disposal of army equipment and supplies. Yesterday afternoon, when the troops had already left, the Tifeng Road camp was deserted except for a few men, but lorries and furniture vans were constantly moving in and out, either returning from or going to the wharf. Earlier in the afternoon many members of the headquarters staff drove down to the ship in cars, where they embarked with the soldiers.

S.M.C. Asks Aid For Volunteers

Importance of Volunteer Work in "B" Sector is Stressed by Official

It was learned that several local employers, especially among the smaller firms, have been reluctant to give the necessary facilities to their employees who are members of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, to enable them to carry out their duties in "B" Sector recently vacated by the British forces.

Certain quarters were of opinion that the duties carried out in the secto were placing a burden on the Volunteers and were unjustifiable.

Asked for an expression of the Council's opinion on the matter Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, secretary and Commissioner-General of the Municipal Council, stated yesterday afternoon:

"The duties being carried out by the Volunteers in "B" Sector are of the very greatest importance. The Council fully realizes the importance of not asking volunteers to perform any work which is not essential in the public interest.

"It is hoped that all employers will co-operate with the Council in making it as easy as possible for Volunteers in their employ to carry out the duties which they are being asked to perform."

No New Meeting

It was learned yesterday that no date has yet been set for the next meeting of the Defence Committee to discuss any deviation from the original plan which it adopted at a recent conference to transfer this sector of the Settlement's defences to the 4th U.S. Marines. A Japanese member of the committee cast a dissenting vote against the adoption of the scheme and a spokesman at the usual Japanese press conference followed this up by characterizing the plan as wholly tentative and enumerated reasons purporting to show its impracticability.

It was thought at the time that the Japanese authorities would request that another meeting be convened of the defence committee to discuss Japanese counter-proposals, but up to quite recently it was ascertained that the Japanese had made no request for the summoning of the defence commanders here to deliberate further on the matter.

British Naval C.-in-C. Passes Through

Sir Geoffrey Layton Knows China Station

Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Layton, K.C.B., D.S.O., the new commander-in-chief of the British China Seas Fleet, passed through Shanghai yesterday on his way to Hongkong to take over his command. He was accompanied by Lady Layton and by his secretary, Paymaster Captain D. H. Doig, and his Flag Lieutenant.

Sir Geoffrey Layton is not a stranger to the China Station, and there are many in Shanghai who will remember him when he was out here ten years ago as Chief of Staff to Vice-Admiral Sir Howard Kelly, then in command in these waters. He has held a number of important posts since that time, having been in turn Commodore of the Royal Naval Barracks at Portsmouth from 1934 to 1936, and later Director of Personal Services.

He was promoted Vice-Admiral in October 1938, and on the outbreak of the war was in command of the First Battle Squadron. Before that, he had been second in command of the Mediterranean Fleet.

Sir Geoffrey and Lady Layton will be travelling to Hongkong on the same ship as H.M. Ambassador, Sir Archibald Clark Kerr.

Factories Gutted in Early Morning Fire

Two Divisions Turn Out To Battle Flames

Three Chinese factories were badly damaged by fire when flames broke out in a celluloid factory in Lane 347 Penang Road at about 7.35 a.m. yesterday morning. The inflammable material of the factory and the early morning breeze helped the flames to spread, enveloping two adjoining factories before fire engines from Ichang Road and Bubbling Well fire stations had arrived at the scene.

Notwithstanding slight difficulties encountered by the fire-fighters, the flames were put under control some twenty minutes later, while the fire was completely extinguished by 9.40 a.m.

Severe damage was sustained by the celluloid factory and the adjoining factories, where elastic, thread, hats, paste and machinery were manufactured. Fortunately, due to the early hour, the factories were empty and no one was injured.

Mission Buildings Hit By Japanese Bombs

The buildings of the Church Missionary Society at Chuanhsien (Chuanchow) in the north-eastern corner of Kwangsi, bordering Hunan, were destroyed by Japanese bombs during an air raid on Sunday morning, states a Kweilin report published by the "Chinese American Daily News." Altogether two bombs were dropped on the mission property, it is stated.

Many Japanese 'planes participated in the bombing but one of them was claimed to have been shot down by the Chinese. All people in the 'plane were killed. Another Japanese 'plane was claimed to have been shot down on August 20 in Chungtuhsian, Kwangsi.

Lieutenant Blanchet

Gunmen Wound Police Official

Lt. Blanchet, Chef de la Garde Municipale Waylaid By Gang; No Arrests

One of the most daring attempted assassinations took place in the French Concession yesterday when five or six Chinese gunmen waylaid Lieutenant Pierre Blanchet, Deputy Commissioner in charge of the uniformed branch of the French Municipal Police, and inflicted two wounds on the French officer. One of the bullets struck him in the side of the body, while another penetrated his shoulder.

The crime, which took place at 8 a.m., caused quite a sensation, coming close on the heels of other assassinations of French police officials. Less than a month ago, Russian auxiliary detective, E. Ivanoff, met death under very mysterious circumstances when a bomb exploded in a house in Route Frelupt and killed him instantaneously.

Exactly a week later, another Russian member of the French Police met a tragic end. This time it was Sub-Inspector P. M. Yankovsky of the Political Section of the French Police, who was shot by an unidentified Chinese gunman after the latter had rung the door bell and made sure that the man, who opened the door, was the person he intended to kill. Both cases have so far remained unsolved and no clues whatever were left by the criminals. It appears from the information given out by the French Police after yesterday's shooting, that the attempted assassination of Lieutenant Blanchet will also go on the files of the Crime Branch as another of those unsolved mysteries.

One Gunman Wounded

The French Deputy Commissioner, who is in charge of the French Municipal Police during the leave of absence of Commandant Fabre, left his home in Clement Apartments, at 1363 Rue Lafayette, at about 8 a.m. to go to the Police Headquarters in Route Stanislas Chevalier, and was riding in his car along Rue Lafayette when his automobile was forced to stop just outside Jubilee Court as there was another car, stationary, blocking his way. As soon as his car came to a stop, five or six Chinese, standing on both sides of the street, opened fire at him. The car was riddled with shots, while a window was shot to pieces.

The courageous police officer jumped out of the car and engaged the gang in a gun-battle. One of the gunmen was wounded and fell to the ground, dropping his pistol. Greatly outnumbered by the gang, who had fired about twenty shots, Lieutenant Blanchet was wounded when a bullet struck the left side of his body. He continued to fire away, however, until another shot had penetrated his right shoulder.

Seeing their victim hurt, the gunmen dragged their wounded confederate into their car and drove away.

The wounded police officer was taken to the Ste. Marie's Hospital where an operation was performed upon his shoulder by Dr. Santelli, and the bullet extracted. His life was out of danger and hopes were expressed for his early recovery.

Pistol Seized

As in the two previous assassinations, no positive motive was given by the officials for the attempted murder, but investigations are under way and the pistol, dropped by the wounded member of the gang, may throw some light on the outrageous affair.

Lieutenant Blanchet had only recently returned from active military service in Indo-China where he went in May upon being recalled to his Regiment. The armistice signed between France and Germany made it possible for him to return to this city.

Chinese Observe Confucius Day

Birthday of Great Sage Celebrated as Holiday; Teaching Recalled

With all banks and many public bodies and offices closed and with the Kuomintang national flags hung everywhere, Chinese in Shanghai yesterday celebrated the birthday of Confucius without holding any public meetings. The birthday of the great sage was celebrated, however, by both Chinese authorities in Chungking and also by those new Chinese authorities in occupied districts, where commemoration meetings were held.

In foreign areas in Shanghai, commemoration meetings were held in schools, but no public ceremonies were held. Prior to the war, Kuomintang officials usually made speeches in the Confucian Temple in Nantao to eulogize Confucius as the great teacher. The day is officially known in Chungking-controlled provinces as "Teachers' Day," on which students have to respect their teachers especially by deeds.

Different Interpretations

Indicating that the Chinese sage is still held in high esteem by all, disregarding political beliefs, articles dealing with his life and teachings were published by Chinese newspapers in Shanghai sympathetic with both Chungking and Nanking. Teachings of the great statesman were explained in different ways to suit political purposes. While one writer urged the Chinese to adopt the non-conciliatory and fearless attitude as Confucius did in order to tide over the present national crisis, another writer said that Confucius stood for "peace."

Chinese students and Chungking sympathizers in the city did their best yesterday in launching the $500,000 campaign for their Government. The aim of Chungking is to obtain $10,000,000 for buying winter uniforms for soldiers and also clothes for refugees. Chinese public bodies here are trying to raise $500,000 and according to the Chinese press the campaign will be closed on October 31. It was also announced in the press yesterday that a Chinese motion picture company was filming the life of Confucius as a cultural contribution.

General Labour Union Opened

New Body Formed Here Under Auspices of City Government Officials

Adding to the long list of Chinese public bodies which have sprung up under the protection of Chinese authorities in occupied districts and the Japanese since the hostilities, two new organizations have just been inaugurated. One of them is the "Shanghai Special District General Labour Union" which is trying to "centralize" labour movements in Shanghai and to increase the wages of workers.

The inaugural meeting of the new labour union was held on Monday in the former Chinese Chamber of Commerce building in North Soochow Road, according to the "Sin Shun Pao". In the presence of officials from the Shanghai Special Municipality, leaders of the union met and resolved upon a number of questions including a circular telegram.

Foreshadowing that the new union will control Shanghai workers, the telegram expresses regret that in the past labour movement leaders here have not done their best for the workers. More than 1,000 persons including representatives of many small labour unions, are said to have been present at the meeting.

Want Foreign Settlements

The resolutions passed at the meeting include a telegram to Nanking asking that the foreign settlements in China be taken over; a petition to Nanking for a purging movement against bandits and for centralizing labour control in Shanghai; reduction of prices of rice through official efforts; conclusion of hostilities by Japan; the increase of wages of workers through official efforts to be made by the Shanghai Special Municipality; and establishment of factories to relieve the unemployed.

The Korean Youths' Corps was also recently organized here, states the same paper. There are more than 7,000 Koreans in Shanghai and they are now said to have been closely united. The new corps will co-operate with the Shanghai Youths' Corps, a Chinese organization. A preparatory committee meeting was recently held and at this meeting methods of organizing the corps were discussed. The exact mission of the new corps is not mentioned but it is said that it will work for the "New Order" in East Asia.

Same Gang Commandeers Two Hire Cars

No Crimes by the Gang Reported in the Day

Two hire cars were commandeered by one armed gang yesterday morning, the first car being recovered later in the morning by the police, while the driver of the second taxi was dismissed without being paid.

At 9.30 a.m., a chauffeur of the Carter Garage, at 732 Burkill Road, reported to the Bubbling Well police station that his car had been hired from the garage by five men, one of them dressed in a Johnson Garage shirt. The five men had come up in Johnson taxi 18468, which they stated had broken down. The chauffeur was instructed to drive to the corner of Brenan and Edinburgh Roads, where the passengers left without paying their fare. The Johnson taxi abandoned by the men in Burkill Road was later found by the police, who circulated a message in an effort to find the driver.

At 11.15 a.m., a Johnson Garage driver came to Bubbling Well police station and reported that his car, bearing licence No. 18468, had been called out to Jessfield Road. When he got there, he was met by seven men, three of them armed, and stripped of his uniform shirt. Five men then got into the taxi and drove away, while two remained to guard the detained man. At 10.20 a.m., the quintet came back and returned the chauffeur's shirt to him. He was then allowed to go.

No crimes had been reported to occur between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 noon in that area, and the mystery of the commandeered cars is under investigation.

THE MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA — JESSFIELD PARK
Saturday, August 31st, at 9.15 p.m.
In case of inclement weather the Concert shall be definitely cancelled, the Orchestra's yearly vacations starting on September 1st.
LAST CONCERT OF THE SEASON
Special Programme with the collaboration of
THE CRESCENDO CHORUS
Instructed and Conducted by Prof. CHAO MEI-PA
Part I—THE ORCHESTRA
1.—*Rossini's* Overture "The Silken Ladder" 2.—*Paganini's* "Moto Perpetuo" for all the 1st Violins 3.—*Kreisler's* "Liebesleid and Liebesfreud" Solo-Violin by Prof. A. FOA 4.—*De Falla* Spanish Ballet-Suite ('Love, the Sorcerer."
Part II—THE CRESCENDO CHORUS
1.—Four Choruses for mixed voices (a cappella) (a) *Arcadelt's* "Ave Maria" (b) Kotylow's "The elderblossoms" (c) *Dvorak's* "Lullaby" (d) *Damrosh's* "Cherry-ripe".
Conducted by Prof. CHAO MEI-PA
2.—Introduction and Viennese Waltz by *J. Strauss* "Wine, Women and Songs" for Chorus and Orchestra.
Conductor: Maestro MARIO PACI
Prices: $3, 2, 1 and 50 cts. Booking (for cash only) on Friday and Saturday, August 30 and 31, during office hours at the Revenue Office, Room 55, Ground floor Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

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Shows at 8.15 and 10 p.m.
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an Alexander Korda production

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
The behind-the-bars drama of beyond-the-pale women!
"WOMEN WITHOUT NAMES"
Even the shadow of the gallows couldn't dim their love!
A Paramount Picture with
Ellen Drew · Robert Paige · Judith Barrett
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ALSO: LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS
"FEMALES IS FICKLE" Popeye Cartoon
DOWNTOWN BOOKING AT SAM LAZARO BROTHERS!

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OPENS TO-DAY! At 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Another "SLIGHT CASE OF MURDER"...but even FUNNIER!
MEET BROTHER ORCHID!
EDW. G. ROBINSON
"Brother Orchid"
...So Refined He Won't Even Talk to Himself...Without An Introduction!
What class! He's even got a valet for his gat! No wonder he's going to slay the underworld, kill the uppercrust, and mow you down... with laughs!
ANN SOTHERN
Humphrey Bogart
Donald CRISP · Ralph BELLAMY · Allen JENKINS · Directed by LLOYD BACON
A WARNER BROS.-FIRST NATIONAL PICTURE
WHAT A GAL!
WHAT A PAL!
WHAT?
Screen Play by Earl Baldwin · Based on the Collier's Magazine Story by Richard Connell
ADDED: "Artie Shaw and His Orchestra"
RESERVATIONS: Can Only Be Held Till Five Minutes Before The Performance Starts

OPENS TO-MORROW!
"GET OUT OF HERE AND STAY OUT...there's no room for love in a doctor's life!"...
* * *
Yet Another Out-Standing Picture By The Author of "The Green Light" and "Magnificent Obsession"!
* * *
Paramount presents
"DISPUTED PASSAGE"
with
DOROTHY LAMOUR · AKIM TAMIROFF
JOHN HOWARD · WILLIAM COLLIER, Sr.
A FRANK BORZAGE Production · Directed by FRANK BORZAGE
Based on the Novel by Lloyd C. Douglas
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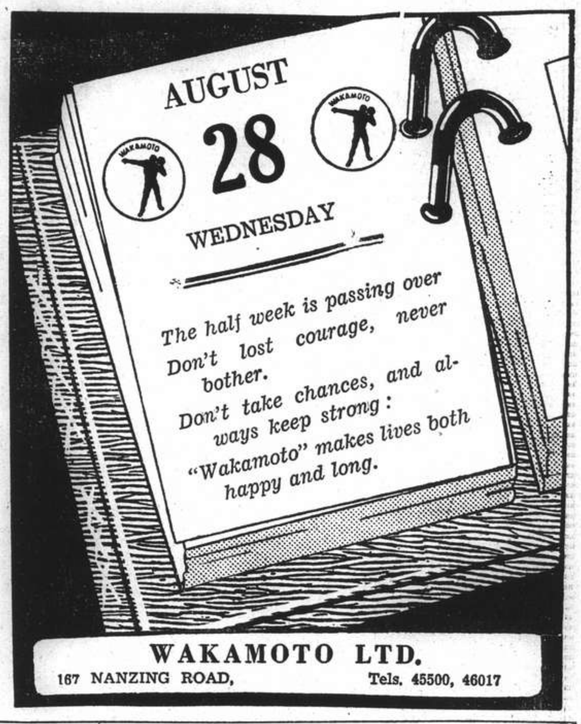
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TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
HE Stole THEIR JEWELS!
THEY Gave THEIR HEARTS
SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
RAFFLES
starring
DAVID and OLIVIA
NIVEN · de HAVILLAND
directed by SAM WOOD
RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS
ALSO: THREE EXCELLENT SHORTS in TECHNICOLOR
$1.20, $1.70, $2.30 $1.20, $1.80, $2.50, $3.20

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He's AWFUL TRUTH-FUL.. (when he isn't telling his honey love lies..!)
She's all THE WOMEN rolled into one! ...(No wonder he's crazy about her...!)
Columbia Presents
CARY GRANT
ROSALIND RUSSELL
in HOWARD HAWKS'
His Girl Friday
with RALPH BELLAMY
GENE LOCKHART · Helen Mack

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OPENS TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
JOLTING... DYNAMITE... DRAMA!
TYRONE POWER · DOROTHY LAMOUR
...not since "Jesse James," has he had such a role!
JOHNNY APOLLO
with
EDWARD ARNOLD · LLOYD NOLAN
CHARLEY GRAPEWIN · LIONEL ATWILL
Directed by Henry Hathaway
Darryl F. Zanuck in Charge of Production
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
ADDED ATTRACTION: "EDGAR RUNS AGAIN"—Cartoon
90 cts., $1.20, $1.60 $1, $1.30, $1.60, $2.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Light-Hearted Cricket at S.C.C.

Leslie Lawrance Knocks Up 82 for Winners Against Graham's XI; Attractive Stroking

LIGHT-HEARTED cricket was the keynote on the S.C.C. ground yesterday afternoon when two Club sides captained by P. J. Hart and A. Graham met in a friendly match with the former's eleven winning by 41 runs after being on top throughout the tussle. Hart's XI knocked up the excellent total of 189 in good time and then proceeded to dismiss their opponents for 148. Quite a number of league players were out in force and though some of the second stringers did very well honours of the day went to young Leslie Lawrance who scored a very fine 82 for the winners. He opened the innings for his side and was at the crease for 105 minutes before he was deceived by Graham and bowled. He recorded his runs out of 151 and reached the tapes on ten occasions. He seemed on top of the attack throughout and appeared well set for his century when fooled by Graham. He played some very attractive strokes and was well worth his runs.

Hart, giving the weaker batsmen a chance of having a knock, kept the majority of the better known bats till the end of the innings but the earlier players all did well and the final total of 189 represented a very creditable effort. Fiennes did the most damage, his four wickets costing eight runs apiece.

With plenty of time in which to get the runs for victory Graham's XI began very poorly, half the side being out for 36. Simpson and Thorne then more than doubled the score for the sixth partnership, but the latter left at 74. Hart-Baker only scored five to be sent back at 80 while Thorne was eighth out at 100 for a good though far from characteristic 27. Graham and Read hit out well towards the finish but the end came at 148 when Baker lost his wicket to R. Lawrance to allow Hart's side to win by 41 runs.

R. Lawrance did best of the bowlers, taking four wickets for 37 runs. Seven bowlers were tried during the course of the innings and five of them were successful in their efforts to capture wickets.

P. J. Hart's XI

L. T. Lawrance, Jr., b. Graham	82
J. Fletcher, c. sub., b. Fiennes	10
C. H. Hodgman, c. and b. Fiennes	11
R. St. Louis, c. Woolhouse, b. Thorne	12
K. S. McKenzie, b. Thorne	4
R. L. Lawrance, c. Sayle, b. Woolhouse	7
H. Rogerson, b. Graham	14
J. Pote-Hunt, b. Fiennes	22
A. C. Sinclair, c. Fiennes, b. Graham	3
P. J. Hart, not out	8
W. Marsay, c. Hart-Baker, b. Fiennes	0
Extras	4
Total	189

Fall of Wickets:—1-15 Fletcher, 2-33 Hodgman, 3-83 St. Louis, 4-93 McKenzie, 5-108 R. Lawrance, 6-144 Rogerson, 7-151 L. Lawrance, 8-163 Sinclair, 9-189 Pote-Hunt, 10-189 Marsay.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Fiennes	6.6	2	32	4
Read	6	0	25	0
Simpson	3	0	29	0
Thorne	5	0	23	2
Woolhouse	4	0	31	1
Graham	4	0	38	1

A. Graham's XI

R. G. Sayle, b. Sinclair	2
M. Y. T. Fiennes, run out	29
G. T. Gambling, b. Lawrance R.	3
H. V. Thorne, b. Hodgman	27
C. Woolhouse, b. Lawrance R.	6
N. P. Downie, run out	6
P. V. Simpson, b. St. Louis	16
N. Hart-Baker, c. Sinclair, b. Fletcher	5
A. Graham, c. Hodgman, b. Lawrance R.	18
G. J. Read, not out	24
H. C. Baker, c. L. Lawrance, b. R. Lawrance	6
Extras	22
Total	148

Fall of Wickets:—1-10 Fiennes, 2-22 Sayle, 3-28 Gambling, 4-28 Woolhouse, 5-36 Downie, 6-74 Simpson, 7-80 Hart-Baker, 8-100 Thorne, 9-136 Graham, 10-148 Baker.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rogerson	6	1	18	0
Lawrance R.	7.6	0	37	4
Sinclair	3	1	9	1
St. Louis	3	0	23	1
Fletcher	2	0	5	1
Hodgman	4	0	24	1
Marsay	3	0	10	0

Fletcher bowled one no-ball.

Rowing Club Heats This Evening

Championships to Be Held At Swimming Gala Next Saturday Night

Heats for four Shanghai swimming championships will take place at the Rowing Club pool at 5.30 p.m. today, preparatory to the finals which will be held at the Oarsmen's annual swimming gala on Saturday night. The entry lists for all four events show a good response in these events and all four will require heats to be swum off, the five entrants in the men's 100 yards backstroke being reminded that even they will have to eliminate one swimmer to provide for a final of four swimmers in order to eliminate the possibility of a collision as was the case last week.

The following are the entrants:

440 yards men's free style:—C. L. Huang, T. Lamb, A. R. Pure, G. J. Figueredo, H. Schloten, J. A. Figueredo, E. L. Mcallister, L. S. Lumsdaine, C. T. Chung, Z. K. Loh, H. A. Logan, Don Riggs, Dean Riggs, O. D. Strand.

100 yards men's backstroke:—G. Ewart, O. D. Strand, E. Smith, L. S. Lumsdaine, T. C. Wang.

Junior boys 220 yards free style:—G. Gregg, I. Grabenchikoff, A. Griffiths, C. Butt, J. Hyatt, G. Steren, T. Huxley.

Ladies 50 yards backstroke:—Misses: M. Clifton, J. B. Peach, R. Riege, V. M. Dodd, D. Lee, Betines, M. Roche, I. M. Barros, I. Kunin, Ling Mei Ling, Mrs. Zunterstein.

The largest list of entries is in the quarter mile where 14 men have signified their intention of swimming. Of necessity heats will be swum in this event, and looking through the list of entrants, the finalists, of whom there will probably be four, may be the following: L. S. Lumsdaine, H. A. Logan, C. L. Huang and Z. K. Loh. There are several in the list whose ability has not been demonstrated in public performances, and it is purely on past performances that this prediction has been made.

Another Such Feat?

C. L. Huang won the 220 yards free style and is considered to have a good chance to repeat his performance, although the distance is longer, and may not be as suited to his swimming. Z. K. Loh has always been in the running for the middle distance events and will definitely be expected to be well up. Archie Logan is making a comeback in this event and a lot depends on what extent of training he has gone through, while Jackie Lumsdaine will swim the distance on his back and it is quite on the cards that he will repeat his astounding performance of the half mile.

Of the others O. D. Strand has decided to attempt the race, swimming the backstroke as does Lumsdaine and he will doubtless be watched with interest although it is not expected he will maintain the same fast pace as set by Lumsdaine.

The 100 yards backstroke has attracted an entry of five swimmers, and in view of the collision which occurred in the last backstroke championship event heats will be swum off to bring about a final wherein only four swimmers will participate. G. Ewart has not been seen swimming in championship events yet this season, his being the only entrant whose performance is not known. Of the other four, Lumsdaine is expected to remain well ahead followed by the other three, very much level with each other.

Seven Entries

Seven have signified their intention of entering for the junior 220 yards free style, with Godfrey Gregg regarded as the favourite in view of his success in the 100 yards junior event. Gregg is swimming very strongly and should be able to hold out in front, although he will be given strong competition by C. Butt and A. Griffiths. Of the others, there is little to choose, Steren and Hyatt being somewhat of unknown quantities.

The ladies 50 yards backstroke heats will also be swum off, wherein eleven ladies will compete. The race is expected to be a fairly open one, with Miss Ling Mei Ling, Miss Jill Peach and Miss Vera Dodd expected to be well in the running, the majority of the remainder not having swum in public performances this season. Miss M. Clifton swam well in the championship last year and may provide a threat in this season's swimming.

"Has Beens" to Meet "Hope to Be's"

Heats for Club Events at Rowing Club Tonight

Heats for the club events for the Rowing Club annual swimming gala to be held on Saturday night, will take place this evening at 9.15 p.m.

The events which require heats are: Men's one length free style handicap; ladies one length free style handicap; men's one length breast stroke handicap; men's one length backstroke handicap; Club 100 yards free.

Additional to these heats will be a relay race followed by a water polo match between the "Has Beens" and the "Hope To Be's," representing the veterans of the club against the younger members. The two teams are: "Has Beens": J.G.W. Lewis, R. N. Richards, G. A. Johnson, R. A. Berthet, A. C. Sinclair, J. B. Brown, C. N. Brown. "Hope To Be's": J. Fletcher, A. Sdobnikoff, E. Weidman, L. S. Lumsdaine, T. Huxley, J. Quayle, A. J. Dodd.

Cool Scene at Swimming Bath Club

All swimming pools in Shanghai are well populated these hot days. Youngsters and oldsters are splashing about happily in the above picture taken at the Swimming Bath Club at the Race Course on Sunday when the Children's Gala was held.

Marines Not to Fight In Boxing Card

Special Duty Prevents Any Training; Changes Made

Important changes in the benefit boxing card set for next Saturday night were announced yesterday by Hal P. Mills and S. P. Wolfin, of the Shanghai Sports Association.

The sudden illness of "Slugger" Sparks, plus orders for special duty to other Marine fighters will deprive the programme of the services of any Marines. Instead, in the main event, Sam Lewko, of Europe, will mix with rugged Boris Zatz. This will be over the eight-round route, it is stated.

Volovik, who was to have fought Marine Christie, will oppose a promising newcomer in "Young" Rosenberg, a Russian fighter newly arrived from Harbin, where he is reported to have won his last eleven fights.

So far as the Little Thunderstorm-"Kid" Gabler set-to is concerned, regarded as one of the principal fights on the card, there has been no change. Thunderstorm, confident of his ability to take the measure of the "Kid," yesterday invited the latter to fight on a winner-take-all basis.

60 Rounds

The promoters have promised fans 60 rounds of boxing and will make every effort to live up to the promises, but the sudden withdrawal of Marine fighters has proved a blow. It was stated yesterday, however, that indications are that the fans will be treated to a good card, notwithstanding.

The Lewko-Zatz fight should be interesting to watch. Lewko is a tearing-in type of fighter while Zatz is the type who believes in never giving ground. Zatz, like Lewko, can take plenty of punishment. Both are hard hitters and the fight may end in an early knockout, although Zatz has never been knocked out or even floored in the local ring.

The Gourevich-Onofreichuk fight is expected to settle once and for all time the dispute as to the superior man. The two are stated not to be on the best of terms and the fight may well be termed a "grudge" affair.

"Admiral Charlie Chase" Collaco, ex-funny man of the ring, yesterday asserted that he will not resort to clowning but will be out to put his opponent away from the opening bell.

The fights will be held in the open-air site at the corner of Bubbling Well and Chengtu Roads and will be for the benefit of the Central British War Fund. Programmes will be sold for 50 cents each.

Tickets are available at Messrs. Squires, Bingham, The Fourth Marines Club, Monk's Brass Rail and at the Handy Bar, Central Road, after office hours. Admission, $8, $6, $4 and $2.

Tie Results in Marine Baseball

First Second Battalions To Play Off Today

At the conclusion of the baseball contest between the three Marine teams, the First and Second Battalions are tied for premier honour with five victories each, with the Headquarters team trailing behind with only two wins.

The tie will be broken this afternoon when the First Battalion meet the Second Battalion at 3.30 p.m. on the Race Course for the McGreggor Trophy, symbolic of supremacy among the Marine baseball teams.

Reds' Pitcher Bats Team to Victory Over Phillies

Walters Hits Home Run and Single to Bring Three Points; Red Sox Beat Browns by One Run

New York, Aug. 27.

THE Cincinnati Reds, leaders in the National League pennant race, divided a twin bill with the Philadelphia Phillies today, taking the opener by a score of 3 to 1 but dropping the nightcap 6 to 1.

Credit for the Red victory in the opener went to Walters whose home run and single accounted for all three Cincinnati Runs. In the nightcap Warren, Bragan and Mahan singled in the fourth with men on bases and drove in three runs to clinch the game for the Phillies.

The St. Louis Browns lost a hard fought game to the Boston Red Sox in Boston, the final score being 7 to 6 in favour of the Red Sox.

Several games in both leagues were rained out. Other teams were meeting tonight.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	6	8	0
Boston	7	11	2

Batteries: Harris, Trotter and Swift; Johnson and Foxx.

Chicago-New York: rain.

Detroit-Philadelphia: rain.

Cleveland	4	7	0*
Washington	3	8	0

Batteries: Harder, Feller and Hemsley; Leonard and Ferrell.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia	1	2*	5
Cincinnati	3	8	0

(Opened)

Batteries: Small, Frye and Warren; Walters, Schoffner and Lombardi.

Philadelphia	6	10	1
Cincinnati	1	3	0

(Nightcap)

Batteries: S. Johnson and Warren; L. Moore and Neaker.

Boston-St. Louis: night.

Brooklyn-Pittsburgh: rain.

Boston	3	5	0*
St. Louis	1	5	3

Batteries: Strincevich and Berres; Cooper, Lanier and Owen.

New York	10	16	2*
Chicago	5	11	2

Batteries: Gumbert, Hubbell and Danning; Olsen, Root and Todd.

*—Night games.

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	72	50	.590
Detroit	69	52	.570
New York	64	54	.542
Boston	64	56	.533
Chicago	52	67	.437
Washington	52	66	.441
St. Louis	51	73	.411
Philadelphia	46	71	.393

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	75	44	.630
Brooklyn	67	51	.568
St. Louis	61	55	.526
New York	61	55	.526
Pittsburgh	60	59	.504
Chicago	60	60	.500
Boston	46	71	.393
Philadelphia	47	71	.398

—United Press.

Former World Wrestling Jiu-Jitsu Champion Dies

Clermont-Ferrand, Aug. 27.

A. Cherpillo, former world champion in free-style wrestling and jiu-jitsu, died yesterday at the age of 63 years. Cherpillo was jiu-jitsu champion as late as 1926, when he defeated the Japanese, Ichitaro Osane.—Havas.

United States Defeat Japan In Roper Cup Tennis

Carson and Squires Beat Shibanai and Nachi in Four Sets; Winners Must Face China in Final

THE United States won their Roper Cup doubles match against Japan yesterday to enter the final of the tennis tournament where they will meet China. A large crowd at the Association Court yesterday at the French Club were treated to some brilliant tennis in a match which was keenly contested from start to finish, L. D. Carson and C. C. Squires defeating Shibanai and Nachi by 7-9, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4.

When all four players were fresh in the first set the tennis was particularly good with Nachi the outstanding players on the court with his steady groundstrokes and clever placements. Shibanai played a supporting role on the Japanese team but this he did very capable and the pair made a difficult combination for Carson and Squires to overcome. In fact, they could not overcome the Japanese team-play in the first set and lost 719 after exciting the crowd with some prolonged rallies which included powerful smashing, lightning volleys and teasing lobs. The Japanese showed perfect understanding of each other's play.

U.S. Strikes Back

After losing the first set, the Americans struck back forcefully in the second which they ran out with the loss of only two games. Carson's forceful net play was supported ably by Squires who seemed to be really on his game. Overhead they were deadly and it took a very accurate passing shot to get past them. The speed of the game had the crowd on edge repeatedly with deep lobs being smashed hard and yet retrieved.

In the third set the Americans again had the advantage most of the way with the steadiness of the Japanese countered by more erratic play which sank to lower levels and rose to greater heights.

Held to Four Sets

It seemed that the match might be drawn out to five sets when the Japanese started strongly in the fourth set to take a lead at 4-3. Nachi was playing particularly well seeming able to get his racquet on almost any ball and put it back in awkward places, but the United States managed to draw level at 4-4 and then go on to win with a series of fine placements at 6-4.

Both sides deserve credit for putting up such a splendid match and this time there was no disappointment in store for the spectators.

China defeated Britain in the other semi-final recently and will meet the United States in the final. Just when that final will be held has not yet been decided definitely but the decision will probably be made very soon for Gordon Lum, the mainstay of the Chinese pair, is not expected to remain in Shanghai long.

Lloyd Nolan joins the rapidly growing list of California products who had to go to New York to make good in Hollywood. Nolan made his big hit on the New York stage in "One Sunday Afternoon." He has a featured role in "I Married a Nazi."

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Woman's Page

A LONDON LETTER

By Olive Dun

(Delayed in transmission)

London, June 10.

Among the many deeds of heroism told of women during the evacuation from Dunkirk, that of Mme Casimir Perier, widow of the grandson of a French President and now Army nurse, ranks very high.

She was left in charge of 450 wounded in an abandoned hotel near Dunkirk. Supplies and even water ran out. But at last ambulances came to take them to the port. One hundred and fifty were killed en route by bombs, but Mme Casimir Perier found herself with 300 hundred sheltering under the pier. There were no officers so, putting the senior private in charge, she went off desperately to look for some, with bombs continually dropping on the road. Finding no officers, she returned to her 300 wounded men and at last had the satisfaction of seeing them safely onto a transport.

She would not go with them but went off to another house where 150 seriously wounded were lying. It was impossible to get them to the port, but, seeing a British destroyer out at sea, this brave woman swam out in brassiere and shorts and after nearly an hour in the water she reached it and was hauled on board.

"They took me in front of an officer, I told him I needed help, and he said, 'Madame, you shall have it.'

"I was so filthy, and covered with oil, and ashamed of myself, that I went back in the water again, and started swimming for the shore."

But one of the destroyer's boats took her on board and wrapped her in a blanket and the story ends well, for all the 150 wounded men were saved and this time Mme Casimir Perier went with them.

* * *

Busman's Holiday

With this in lighter vein I like the story of Aircraftwoman "Willie" Wilson, mother of 12, who is driving an air depot motor lorry "somewhere in England." Her husband is a market gardener and for years she has helped in driving his lorry to market.

When she told him she meant to join up, he thought she was joking. But when she was accepted and showed him her papers he merely exclaimed "God help England" and sent some of the children to help her pack.

The eldest daughter, aged 19, now runs the family. Mrs. Wilson's fellow lorry drivers have christened her "Willie." And when she pays a short visit home the family line up and shout, "Here comes the Air Force. Mother's come home."

But Willie says it's like a holiday for her, after managing a large family for 20 years. And now she's not on duty till 6 a.m. When she drove her husband's lorry she had to start at 5.

* * *

Against the Hun

Arriving home from town this evening I found the porters taking down the big signboard bearing the station's name. What will become of strangers arriving by train? I cannot—for no one but a native of these parts can—make out the name as yelled by the porters. But we are not giving parachutists any gratuitous help.

Indeed in these days if you are challenged by a sentry it is as well to answer up and stand still at once. Early yesterday morning a girl in a car whose driver did not stop instantly when challenged by a sentry was shot dead; and in another car which also failed to stop two officers were wounded. Both cases occurred in Nottinghamshire. There was another instance last week of a man in a car being shot by a sentry.

Apropos of the removal of signposts, a quantity of silver cups and spoons were found buried under a milestone in Essex last week. They were identified as having been stolen from a house near by in 1931. Why the thief never dug them up is hard to see, unless he was caught for some other theft before he could do so and is now metaphorically buried himself.

* * *

Summer Bargains Still

It was quite a shock to see on opening the paper that some shops have already started their summer sales. One had hardly realized how time was slipping along. Actually one wonders rather why summer sales are being held this year, for an order issued last week has cut down the amount of goods to be supplied to retailers in the next six months to two thirds of what they took in the same period last year. The object is to make more plant and labour available for manufactures for export and munitions making. The list of goods thus restricted includes clothing, cutlery, kitchenware, furniture, toys, goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares, perfumes and cosmetics. So one might have thought that shopkeepers instead of selling things off cheap would have advertised "Government Restrictions" and put their prices up. But it is said that many shops are over-stocked and if they are to get in anything new must clear out the old.

Certainly there is no apparent lack as yet of seductive articles. I happened to walk through Burlington Arcade today, where most of the shops are devoted to articles of "bigotry and virtue" and they were as rich and glittering as ever. It is an odd place. One seldom sees anyone going in to buy. Yet the same names have been on the shop fronts for years and years. So presumably they do all right.

* * *

Lore of the Head

Apropos of shops one does not usually think of phrenology as a prosperous trade. Yet there has lately disappeared from Ludgate Circus what the denizens of Fleet Street knew as "the Bump shop" where for over 60 years a phrenologist named O'Dell and since his death in 1917 his widow had carried on a thriving business. Now she finds she is getting rather too old for the work and is able to close the shop and retire comfortably to the country.

The window used to be attractively adorned with skulls, charts of the human head and newspaper cuttings, no doubt setting out the wonderful readings of character that an expert can found on the bumps of the head. Mrs. O'Dell first came to Mr. O'Dell as a client. He advised her to join his circle, which she did, and eventually married him after each of them had married and buried another partner.

Most of us I suppose feel pretty sceptical about phrenology, though it is the simple fact that when Mr. Herbert Morrison was a boy of 15 a phrenologist read his bumps, prophesied he would one day be a Prime Minister and bade him study hard. Which Morrison did and, from being an errand boy at 5s. a week, has raised himself to be the uncrowned king of the London County Council for several years and now Minister of Supply.

In the course of years the O'Dells read the bumps of numbers of titled people. Mr. Lloyd George once submitted himself to their hands and another George too, no less than the Duke of Kent. (And after all why should not the shape of the head be as much guide to character as the hand undoubtedly is? Look at the German head for instance. What could be more suitable?)

* * *

A Fine Craftsman

Yet another demise may be mentioned, rather a sad one, namely that of the Morris firm. It was started by William Morris 80 years ago in revolt with other pre-Raphaelites such as Rossetti, Burne Jones and Madox Brown against the stodginess of Victorian house decoration, to make furniture, glass, metal ware, wall papers and above all tapestry. The latter art was Morris's greatest achievement as he had to construct his own loom and teach himself everything, and the tapestry he eventually produced, in the traditional Gothic style, was equal to that of the greatest workers of antiquity.

I never very much cared for his furniture; one felt that to live with it appropriately one must dress and look like the Blessed Damozel, with a knight in armour always available to hand round the tea-cups. But his wall papers were lovely and by reviving the use of vegetable dyes he produced stuffs of beautiful shades. Also he exercised a great and very welcome influence on the domestic decoration of England which since Georgian days had really been awful.

William Morris died in 1896 and the firm has presumably found less and less demand for its wares. The pre-Raphaelites now are scorned by the artistic cognoscenti (that seems the right word here). Yet who has the last word—the pre-Raphaelite with his rich colouring, careful construction and exquisite drawing, going for his inspiration to somewhere about the 12th century? Or the modernist dashing off a crude imitation of the Primitives of the 4th or 5th?

* * *

For the Unjust

In the last war it was often remarked how the Germans always seemed to have the best possible weather for their offensive and the Allies the worst. At the distance of time at which this should see print there can be no harm in saying that the weather in this past fortnight has been superb, indeed for the last three days almost unbearably hot, so that every evening one must brave the gnats to water our precious vegetables. But just as the plants which came through our rough winter seem all the stronger for it, so the song birds seem especially vocal and lusty—larks, blackbirds, nightingales, thrushes, and many more that I cannot identify.

It is said too that they are singing as sweetly on the battlefields as anywhere, indeed that the roar of cannon only makes them sing the louder. In which one may read an allegory, not without comfort.

Queen Elizabeth with Empire Troops

Queen Elizabeth recently paid a visit to the Victoria League Club for Empire troops in London. The picture shows the Queen posed for an informal group with servicemen from all parts of the Empire.

The Care of Clothes

Where a Little Time Saves Money

A war-time economy which we can all practise is to buy fewer clothes and to make them last longer by spending a little time on keeping them in good condition. A couple of hours should be set aside every week for looking over the clothes of the household and renovating those that need attention.

There are other good grease solvents, than petrol. Ammonia is excellent when the garment is to be washed. Borax, powdered starch, or magnesia made into a stiff paste and left on to dry will also remove grease and other stains. Glycerine, if available for this purpose, is an excellent stain-remover, and a very little goes a long way. That old stand-by hot bran will clean up last year's felt hat if rubbed well in and then brushed out. Very hot salt can be used for light hats. Straw hats can be cleaned with methylated spirits, which is also excellent for removing grass stains. Light leather gloves which are not washable should be polished with a little shoe or furniture cream before they are worn, as this prevents them from getting marked easily. To clean them, rub a piece of flannel on a tablet of white soap and rub the gloves thoroughly, then wipe off with another cloth wrung out in hot water.

Care of Silk

Silk underwear can be made to last longer by careful washing. Do not use very hot water nor rub much. Make a good lather, put in a little borax, leave to soak for a short time, squeeze well under the water, and rinse thoroughly. This method is also good for washing gloves. New shoes should be polished before they are worn. When they are wet, dry slowly, preferably with shoetrees or stuffed with newspaper. If they are to be put away for any length of time, rub in a little vaseline first.

Clothes which are to be put away should be perfectly clean. Wash them when possible, but if the material cannot be immersed in water brush thoroughly, preferably with the small attachment of the vacuum cleaner, particularly pockets, seams, hems, and turn-ups. Woollens should be wrapped in cellulose containers or hung up in the wardrobe and aired occasionally on a fine day. Furs especially should be hung out now and again during the summer.

Special care should be taken in ironing clothes, as delicate materials do not last so well if badly ironed. Use only a warm iron on artificial silk and have the material very slightly damp. Fine silks should be ironed under a thin piece of muslin.

Herb Tea : Summer Drinks

Now that garden herbs are in full leaf they can be gathered and used for refreshing drinks in place of tea. Health will benefit, for it is common knowledge that herbs have tonic qualities. Tea need not be given up altogether, but it might be used a little less and herbs a little more.

Sage, mint, thyme, balm, and lemon verbena are the favourite kinds for infusing and they can be used separately or together. A handful of leaves to a quart of water is a good general rule, but thyme must be used sparingly. Pick the leaves from stalks, wash them, and put them into a jug. Pour on boiling water, cover, and leave on the side of a warm stove for half an hour. Strain the liquid from the leaves, sweeten to taste with honey, add lemon juice if liked, and serve hot or cold. Reheat if necessary without reboiling.

William's Studio.

An Interesting Engagement

The engagement was announced on August 17 of Mr. Wu Tien-te, of the Kincheng Bank and son of the late Shanghai banker, Mr. Wu Yen-ching and Mrs. Wu, and Miss Lucile Fong, daughter of the late Dr. Fong F. Sec and Mrs. Fong. Both Mr. Wu and Miss Fong are graduates of Yenching University.

Tale of Progress in Burma

A Land Where Women Assert Their Rights

Whereas India is protected from her neighbours in the north by mountain ranges, running from east to west, Burma, now so much in the news, has been neglected by geography in this respect. Her mountains are isolated chains going from north to south, thus offering her as an easy prey to peoples tired of toiling in the deserts of Central Asia, and aiming at an easier life in the coastal countries.

This geographical situation has been responsible for four Chinese invasions, not to mention minor plunderings. It was responsible, too, for a foreign aristocracy and a foreign sovereign by the end of the nineteenth century.

Since England took the country under her protection in 1885, Burma has developed her trade and become one of the wealthiest countries of Asia. Rangoon is considered the greatest of the rice ports. Rice is shipped from the interior by way of the broad Irawadi River, from the centre of Mandalay.

Teak forests, copper mines, and "liquid gold" (all-important oil) are also being exploited commercially by the Burmese.

The social and economic life of these people is different from life as we see it in China and India, and so is the constitution. Burma has been given much more liberal laws than India. Being 90 per cent Buddhist, the religious disunity that makes government in India such a problem, does not obtrude in Burma.

The Stronger Sex

An Indian woman devotes herself to her husband and considers herself mere "dust in the path" when she becomes a widow. The Burmese woman, on the other hand, has much of the outlook of the European and American women. According to her intelligence and adaptability, she is the bread-winner of the household. She has more courage than her husband; she likes doing things, whereas he prefers to be easy-going and cherishes his comfort. Thus, business has become a woman's field in Burma. That social revolution has developed smoothly during the centuries. Naturally, with the duties of the other sex, the women of Burma have also assumed some of the rights usually exclusively enjoyed by men in the East.

In the streets of the city, girls and young women sing the praises of their goods in high voices. Practically the whole retail trade of the country is in the hands of the "fair." At the same time, they have retained the peculiar charm of the woman of the East.

It is a curious sight to see these women, picturesquely dressed in a short white jacket, the "lounghi" (a kind of long frock), velvet shoes, a coloured scarf round the shoulders, and adorned with bracelets, earrings, and brooches of gold set with glittering stones, turning tobacco leaves into small cigars with their beautiful slender fingers. It is equally curious to watch them smoking these cigars slowly and gracefully.

Careful of "Looks"

The Burmese woman disposes quite freely of her possessions, an immense privilege in the Far East.

In any other oriental country a girl has, of course, to obey her parents unconditionally in the choice of a husband. Only in Burma is the decision of accepting or rejecting a suitor left to the girl herself. Companionship and flirtations, things unknown to Indian women, are matters of course with Burmese maidens.

When her partner becomes incurably ill, does not give up his bad habits, or leaves his home for some length of time, a wife can divorce him without scandal, keeping her bank account.

But notwithstanding all the privileges she enjoys, the Burmese woman is usually devoted to her husband and her children. She is always the first to get up in the morning to cook rice for the monks and nuns who come for their food. By helping them, she procures God's blessing on her family. Moreover, she will always clean the altar of the house herself, light the candles, and never forget the prescribed prayer at the prescribed hour.

Despite all this, she has adopted the American woman's principle, "My looks are my fortune." Her long hair is turned into a smooth knot and held with combs inside a wreath of flowers, mostly jasmine. A paste made from tanakka, the stem of a plant, is rubbed into her skin, thus making it smooth and very light.

To see Burmese women at work, equipped as they are, not only with the weapon of intelligence, but also with charm and womanly instinct, is a revelation. An English traveller some time ago deplored the fact they were not given a share in the politics of the country. And rightly so, for their natural diplomatic skill might well help to solve the problems arising from Burma's position as a trade route for China, a neighbour to French Indo-China, and a possible stepping-stone for Japanese ambitions.

Household Hints

To keep mustard fresh for days, mix a little salt in with the powder when adding water.

* * *

To make lettuce crisp, place it in a basin of water in which is standing a stainless steel knife and it will soon revive.

* * *

To remove dark stains, such as those caused by grape juice, rub the material with half a cut tomato, wash in the ordinary way, and no mark will be left.

* * *

To clean stained cutlery, place it in an aluminium saucepan containing a rich lather of boiling, soapy water. Leave on the stove from half to three-quarters of an hour, and wash with a mop. It will be found that even egg-stains have disappeared, and it is not necessary to use plate-powder.

BABY'S CONSTIPATION SERIOUS IF NEGLECTED

Baby's daily movements are something of which absolutely accurate track must be kept. When he misses something must be done at once. Constipation is serious for baby.

Mrs. John T. Reid of Hespeler, Ont., Canada, has this to say: "Having had seven children and having used Baby's Own Tablets for all seven, I can say they are the best and gentlest regulator for children—safe and effective for the tiniest infant. I give them up to 10 years of age. During teething Baby's Own Tablets were a boon to me as they cleared up at once any digestive disturbance or fretfulness."

By their mild laxative action, Baby's Own Tablets prevent constipation which is one of the chief menaces to the health of young children. The tablets are equally effective for simple fever, upset stomach, colic, diarrhoea, colds and croup, worms, teething troubles and other minor ailments of babyhood. All chemists can supply you with Baby's Own Tablets.—Advt.

Nurses Save Miles Of Walking

Hospital Signals by Lights

The idea is this. The sister in charge of a block or a wing sits at her table with a telephone and a switchboard connected with every bed. If a patient requires attention, he pushes a bell. This shows on the indicator as a yellow light. The sister then picks up the telephone and speaks to the patient through a loud-speaker alongside the bed. Perhaps he wants to know when he can go home. In that case, the sister tells him over the phone and saves two trips—one there and one back.

Perhaps he wants a drink of water. Then she looks on her swithchboard, and sees that there is a nurse in the next ward. She then speaks to her through the loud-speaker, asking her to take a glass of water to the patient. This saves the nurse four trips—to see what the patient wants, to get it, to take it to him, and to return.

As each nurse goes into a ward, she presses a switch which lights a red indicator outside the ward and a red light on the sister's switch indicator. When she leaves the ward she switches it off.

If the sister requires a nurse immediately at her desk, she turns a switch on her telephone which buzzes until switched off, and which at the same time lights up an indicator in the passage with the word "nurse." This same indicator in the passage also shows at a glance from which ward a patient is ringing.

A Popular Idea

Nurses, patients, and doctors are all in favour of the system. Doctors find it labour-saving, too, as when they are making their rounds they can tell from the red light outside the ward just where a nurse is in attendance. Nurses like the idea, too, not only to save their feet, but for quick action. If they need a sister or a doctor urgently they can ring the patient's bell and speak through the loud-speaker, without having to go outside the ward.

When the red light system outside the rooms was first introduced the show that the patient required idea was hailed as "the last word."

The new scheme makes the previous idea seem elementary.

To clean a woollen carpet, do as follows, while being careful not to make it over-wet: Shred a little pure soap in water, and stir in a little ammonia to form a jelly. That is your cleaner. Have it in a basin and beside it a bucket of hot water. Damp a small section of the carpet and scrub it with a soft brush that has been dipped in the cleaner. Rinse with a cloth wrung out in hot water; change the hot water when necessary.

Colour Photography In Advertising

Process Now Available To Shanghai's Business Firms

The convincing power of photographs used in sales publicity was in the past handicapped by nothing except lack of colour. With the introduction of direct colour photography 100 per cent. realizm has been achieved. Catalogues, prospectuses, posters reflect the triumph of the new method. Such pictures tell their story in any language.

It will interest a good many people to be told that direct colour photography is now available in Shanghai. Not only that, but there is now in use in this city a three-colour projector operated by the man who for twenty years worked in collaboration on its production. Those interested may watch the ordinary black-white plate evolve itself before their eyes into a direct colour picture.

Direct colour photography lends itself to promote the sale of almost any commodity. Colours blaze, texture is displayed in its very grain. Textile factories producing coloured fancy materials, worsted mills, manufacturers of tinned foods and fruit juices, dealers in fancy jewellery and needlework — all will find in direct colour photography an efficient medium of sales promotion with a public responsive to qualify advertising.

A Success Story!

福幸康樂享欲
素若服請後飯
神增飯健胃開
苦痛切一除消

素 若

WAKAMOTO

Parties Are Not An Obligation - - -

They aren't any more. And playing hostess is not an unpleasant duty. The advice of a true friend prompted me to try Wakamoto. Now, I take it regularly. To-day, my husband is fond of bringing his business acquaintances to the house to spend the evening; there was a time when I was a very tired hostess indeed. The day's work about the house used to leave me exhausted and run-down. I was subjected to spells of dizziness. But with the help of that great health-builder I now whistle while I work!

WAKAMOTO YEAST TABLETS

Success Depends On Health And Energy!

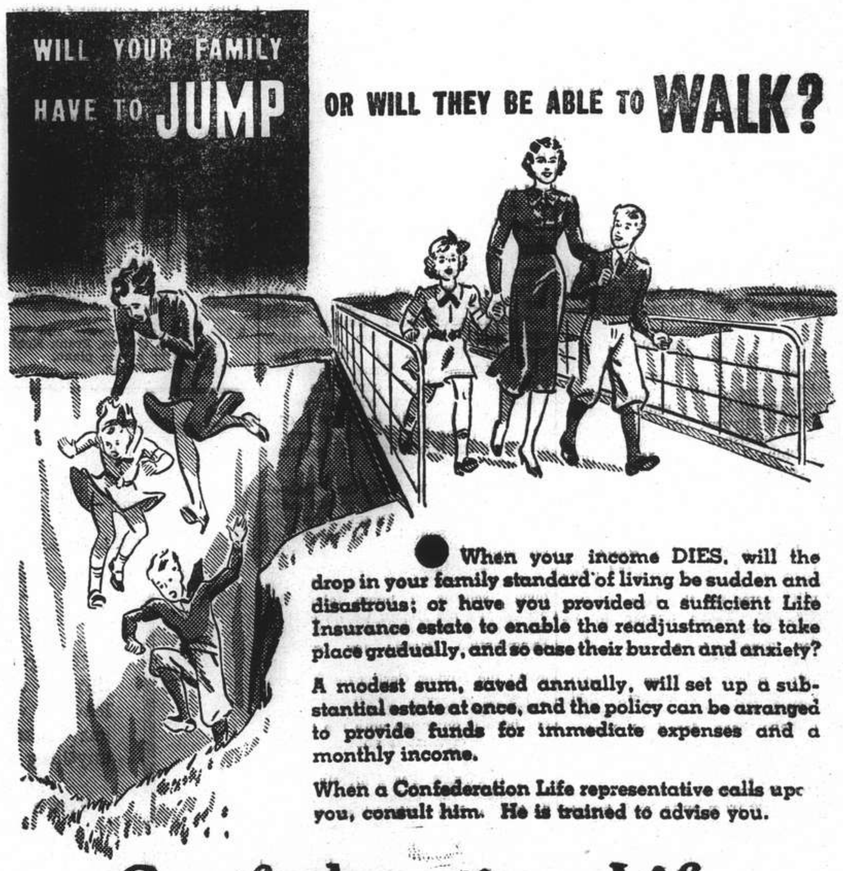
A THRIFTY WAY to GUARD YOUR FAMILY'S TEETH

Here's good news for mothers! The best dentifrice you can buy costs less to use. And here is the reason. You use only half as much Kolynos. It lasts twice as long. A half-inch on a dry brush is enough.

Kolynos cleans and polishes the teeth in a way that is unbelievable. It kills dangerous germs that cause decay and leaves the teeth bright and sparkling. So if you want to save money and have your family use the best—buy Kolynos. It cleans better, quicker and is safe to use.

For further ECONOMY BUY the LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS *the economical* DENTAL CREAM



When your income DIES, will the drop in your family standard of living be sudden and disastrous; or have you provided a sufficient Life Insurance estate to enable the readjustment to take place gradually, and so ease their burden and anxiety?

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Spider's Webs: And Other Insects

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is to be regretted that MR. SANGER's accuracy is hardly of the order that can be called scientific. He says in his letter which appeared in yesterday's issue of your paper that I agree with him that the common spider sometimes uses the wind-wafting method of getting the main supporting strand of its web in place. If he will read my letter which appeared in your paper of August 23 more carefully he will see that I went only so far as to admit that the common spider might adopt this method, but was careful to add that I personally had not observed it and also that the authorities I have been able to consult suggest it as a possible, or even the only possible, method in certain cases, but not as a proven fact. Frankly, I am not at all sure that the common garden spider actually uses this method. For one thing, it is a fact that the web spun for the main strands of a spider's snare are not sticky, or adhesive. It is only the web used in the spiral cross-strands that has this quality. How, then, is a main strand flung out into the air and wafted by the breeze going to adhere to any object with which it might come in contact, as would be necessary before it could be used for the purpose suggested?

I might suggest that MR. SANGER seems to know all about going round in circles and spinning on one's own axis, however, and his last tail-spin leaves me somewhat dizzy.

Before leaving the subject of spiders it might interest your readers to hear about a fight which I witnessed the other night between a centipede and two spiders, in which the spiders were the victors. How the centipede got into the spiders' snare in the first place I cannot say, but when I discovered it, it was tangled up in the middle of the snare and was engaged in a battle royal with the two spiders. These had already succeeded in binding most of the centipede's legs tightly to its body, and were manœuvring to get a grip on their writhing victim with their poisonous fangs, the while they adroitly evaded the equally poisonous jaws of the centipede. Finally they succeeded in getting hold of opposite ends of the centipede, where they hung on grimly as the latter's struggles and contortions first increased in violence and then slowly diminished to an occasional convulsive twitch. Next morning I found the centipede's body, sucked dry, lying on the ground beneath the spiders' web. The centipede, be it noted, was many times the size of the spiders.

Incidentally, I believe the presence of two spiders in a single web is a most unusual phenomenon. Possibly there were two webs so close to each other as to look like one.

Turning to the letter of your correspondent K. J. H., who asks for information on the identity of the various singing insects now being offered for sale on Shanghai streets, not having been on the streets much this hot weather I do not know whether more than one kind of such insect is being offered for sale. I have, however, noticed pedlars offering small baskets containing a certain species of large grasshopper, the usual species so offered. This is what entomologists classify as a true grasshopper, as distinguished from the locusts, many forms of which are popularly called grasshoppers. It is a relation of the American katydids, but is distinguishable from the latter by its greater size, more heavy build and short wings. As with all true grasshoppers, it has very long jumping legs (the hindmost pair) and extremely long slender antennae. Its singing is produced by rubbing its two wings one across the other, and it will be noticed that the one on top has a disc-like tympanum evidently for the purpose of amplifying the sound.

It is greatly to be regretted that the entomological specimens in the museum of the Royal Asiatic Society are not in better shape, but the ravages of time and the various vicissitudes through which they have passed have sadly depleted the collections. However, your correspondent will find splendid collections of properly identified insects in the Musée Heude at 223 Avenue Dubail in the French Concession.

Besides the large grasshopper mentioned above, the Chinese also keep several kinds of crickets both for the sake of their songs and for their well-known fighting propensities, but whether or not they are offering any of these for sale on the streets these days I cannot say. They keep them in little receptacles usually made from gourds, often beautifully decorated on the outside and with carved ivory, jade or ebony lids, and tend them as carefully as they do the pet birds they keep.

The late Dr. Berhold Laufer published an extremely interesting paper on this subject entitled "Insect-Musicians and Cricket Champions of China," issued by the Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, in 1927, while I published an article in the "The China Journal" of March, 1933, entitled "Cricket Gourds and Culture in China," which gives a fair amount of information on the subject and includes a drawing by a Chinese artist of the large grasshopper or katydid now being sold on the streets of Shanghai. I have experienced some difficulty in ascertaining the correct scientific name for this large singing grasshopper. There appear to be several closely similar genera and species. Thus Laufer figures one form under the scientific name *Gampsocleis gratiosa infuscata Uvarov*, while several species of *Atlanticus*, which fall within this category of grasshoppers, have been described Eastern China, Manchuria and Eastern Siberia. Here in Shanghai we also have a number of long-winged katydids, to be seen in gardens at night. These range in size from quite large insects down to comparatively small ones, and are usually of a bright light green colour with their long wings very much resembling leaves. They make a loud rustling whistling noise, which at close quarters is almost deafening. I have seen some of the smaller forms of these long-winged katydids being kept in gourds or cages by the Chinese, evidently for their songs.

Our local small boys go round during the summer with long bamboo rods with some sticky substance at the tips with which they catch cicadas singing in the trees. These they tie to pieces of string and play with till they die. The wretched insects make a noise when teased, but will not sing in captivity as they do when free. They are also sometimes put in cages, but, as far as I know, are not offered for sale, and should not be confused with the grasshoppers or katydids already described. It may be noted that in the United States the cicada is often called the seventeen-year locust, although it belongs to an altogether different order of insects from that of the locusts and grasshoppers.

ARTHUR DE C. SOWERBY.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

The German Language: "Schrecklichkeit" Unknown

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With very great interest I believe everybody will have read the extraordinarily wise explanations and most wonderful criticism of the German language, as offered to the readers of the "N.C.D.N." Sunday edition by Oliver Jensen. One mistake, however, has occurred to him which I would like to point out, inasmuch as the very same error could often be found in articles or reports in connection mostly with the notorious German cruelty.

Although the meaning is up to the point, there is no such word in the German language as "Schrecklichkeit." Referring to the synonym in question the following words are known or used: *Der Schreck* or *Schrecken* meaning "the shock," *schrecken* or *erschrecken* meaning "to scare somebody," *schreckhaft* meaning "to be scared" or, from a medical point nervous, on a sudden noise for instance, *schrecklich* meaning "something terrible." the substantive of it *Schrecknis* is not much in use, *Schreckenstat*, however, meaning "a terrible or horrible deed" is the only correct word which is in use and which stands for all what in the reports is falsely meant with this in the German language unknown *Schrecklichkeit*.

I sincerely do hope that the writers in this esteemed paper will forgive me, but if in the future they will write about the German *Schreckenstaten* causing much *Schrecken*, they will be correct in every respect.

A FORMER GERMAN PARTICIPANT OF WORLD WAR NO. I.

Shanghai, Aug. 25

The Spitfire: And its Little Song

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—

I am a little Spitfire, my life has just begun,
Gleaming in the sunlight all ready for the fun,
My turn of speed one never knows until I'm put to test,
Which up to now I hold reserve while others go to rest.
My sting is only natural for birds upon the wing,
As one might meet an eagle on the outer ring.
Birds of prey and great renown are eagles and their kin,
But Spitfires have already shown what stuffin' is in them.
To fly in close formation is not our mode of flight,
We like to have our freedom to attack what is in sight,
Often in the early dawn strange birds invade our nest.
To drop their carrion anywhere until they come to rest.
Just now I felt my pilot pulling at my strings,
So now I say Adieu, I'm off to spread my wings.

DIRTY FACE.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Local Education: Reply to Puzzled Pater

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is a pity that PUZZLED PATER did not write direct to the headmasters of the schools he referred to in his letter of August 23, since all of these schools prepare boys for the (Cambridge) School Certificate, which, under certain conditions, provides exemptions from the entrance examinations to the Universities at home as well as from the preliminary examinations for numerous professions (unless these exemptions have been cancelled very recently, and of this I have no information). True, to have obtained a school certificate can scarcely be called a "completion" of education—rather, it is merely evidence that one has reached a certain standard of knowledge in specified subjects.

I cannot speak of the "School Leaving Certificate," and am not quite sure what PUZZLED PATER means by the "Higher School Certificate," but the latter is certainly not "essential for entrance into universities or into professional training." Normally, the bigger schools at home take the School and the Higher Certificates of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board; for practical purposes, the School Certificate suffices; the Higher Certificate is more advanced and more specialized. The Cambridge School Certificate taken out here is on a par with the School Certificate of what is known as "The Joint Board."

So, if PUZZLED PATER merely wants to enable his children to obtain "entrance into universities or into professional training," he can easily be provided for locally; I doubt if any local School prepares boys for University Scholarships (a very different matter from Entrance Examinations); this would require special instruction of an advanced kind, and, so far, I imagine the demand has been quite insufficient to justify the expense involved.

Perhaps I should add that girls can be accommodated locally in precisely the same way as boys.

P. C. MATTHEWS.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Where Hitler Miscalculated

"By refusing to worry the British can probably stand nervous strain better than any other people."—"New York Times Magazine."

Tutors Available

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In reply to the letter of PUZZLED PATER, which appeared in your valued paper on August 24, I have pleasure to state that the "I. C." has on its records a number of very able and efficient tutors to meet the needs of your correspondent's children.

PAUL KOMOR.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

S. Africa's War Costs Increased

Capetown, Aug. 27.

Supplementary estimates presented to Parliament provide a further £32,000,000 for war expenditure.

This will bring war expenditure for the current year to £46,000,000.—Reuter.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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12-1.30 English Programme
12.30 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. if available
12.45 News in English
1.30-2 German Programme
1.30 News in German
2-4.30 Afternoon Programme
2-3.30 Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday—English Programme Wednesday—Czech Programme Friday—Polish Programme
3.30-4.30 English Programme
4.00 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. London if available
4.30-6 Chinese Programme. In Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6-7 Foreign Language Broadcast—see schedule below.
7-7.45 French Programme
7.30 News in French
7.45-10.30 English Programme
7.45 News in English
9.30 Commentary in English on the Day's News
9.45 Recording of talk broadcast by the B.B.C. if available
10.30-11.15 Russian Programme
10.45 News in Russian
11.15-11.45 German Programme
11.30 News in German
11.45-12 English Programme
12.00 Close Down.

Foreign Language Broadcasts 6-7 p.m.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
6.30 Portuguese	Netherlands	Czech
THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
6.00 Polish	Italian	Spanish
6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

SUNDAY
6-7 Hungarian

This Week's English Programmes

TO-DAY
2-3.30 Czech Programme.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat."
6-6.30 Italian Programme.
6.30-7 Czech Programme.
8-9 B.B.C. Recording of a Light Variety programme with Tommy Handley.
9-9.15 "News of England"—5. Weekly talk on domestic war-time life in England by Paul Tay.
9.15-9.30 "A Tale of Melody"—Programme by Lucy Koo (violin) accompanied by William Loewit.
10-10.30 Dance Music—"Denney's Jam Session."

TO-MORROW
2-3.30 Dance Music.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat"—Programme including songs by Norda Berwick.
6-6.30 Polish Programme.
6.30-7 Portuguese Programme.
8-9 An Hour at the Opera—Selections from Madame Butterfly by Puccini sung in Italian.
9-9.30 "Scratch, Squeeze and Thump," with John Gibson, Frank Hobbs and Joe Carter at the piano.
10-10.30 Dance Music.

Chungking Observes Confucius Birthday

Chungking, Aug. 27.

In celebration of the birthday of Confucius, the great Chinese sage, all Government, party and military offices and banks were closed today. Educational circles throughout the nation also observed the day as "Teachers' Day." Chungking public bodies held a meeting this morning in honour of the occasion.

There was some agitation in the Chinese press today for an increase in the salaries of teachers, as it is generally agreed that teachers have been hardest hit as a result of the present Sino-Japanese war, their salaries remaining the same as pre-war levels while commodity prices and the cost of living have been soaring.—Reuter.

Chungking Claims Much War Booty

Chungking, Aug. 27.

Statistics on war booty said to have been captured by the Chinese forces during the three years of the war with Japan, were issued today in an article published in "Military Affairs," Military Training Board organ. This booty was said to include 1939 armoured cars, 1238 artillery pieces, 4994 machineguns, 100,240 rifles, 9,497,259 rounds of ammunition and 125,852 helmets.—Havas.

Journalists Day to Be Held in Chungking

Chungking, Aug. 27.

Four hundred specimen periodicals will be placed on exhibition by Laiyang newspapermen on September 1, and proceeds obtained from this exhibition will be devoted to the purchase of winter garments for the poor. The day will be celebrated at Journalists' Day.—Havas.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

395m. **XMHD** 760kc.

The news of the day is broadcast from the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association by the "North-China Daily News" at the following times:—

Summertime: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
China Coast time: 11.45 and 8 p.m.

At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

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Today at 12
Various music.
"Ivan le Terrible": storm (R. Korsakoff).
The Fire Bird (Stravinsky).
The swan (Saint Saëns).
The flight of the bumble bee (R. Korsakoff).
The birds in the night (Coates).
"Nina-Rosa" selection (Romberg).

Today at 1
Children's hour: story.

Tonight at 9
Concert of classical music. Beethoven—Mozart.
Quatuor No. 10 op. 74 (Beethoven).
Sonata in A major No. 2 (Beethoven).
Divertissement No. 14 (Mozart).
Sonata in F major (Mozart).
Quatuor in D minor (Mozart).

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LUNT'S **MOVIE** CLEANER

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is the modern universal cleaner.
Shifts grease like lightning.
Cleans all metal surfaces, leather work, enamel ware, gas cookers, carpet stains—anything that is coated with grease and dirt.
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MAGICAL MOVIE cleans as it shines
$2.75
per tin at all stores

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WATSON'S

Britain Conceded Air Mastery

Position Compared with Germany's Boasting

Istanbul, Aug. 27.

"Already, despite numerical inferiority, the Royal Air Force has acquired mastery in the air; when they acquire numerical superiority the position will further improve," declares the newspaper "Yenisabah."

"The Premier tells us what will happen then, and by what we have observed so far this statement, that British air raids will attain unimaginable proportions, is in no way an exaggeration.

"The Premier tells us also that the weapon which will overthrow Germany is not only the air arm but the more terrible one of blockade. For months, Germany has boasted that she has blockaded Britain, yet merchant ships regularly unload foodstuffs, munitions and raw materials at British ports. Can one say the same of Germany and occupied territory?"—Reuter.

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When are you getting smart Buick style, easy Buick handling, the glory of Buick ownership? Better say "Now"—for the 1940 Buick is the fastest selling Buick in Buick history.

Your dealer is ready to demonstrate whenever you are ready to be shown the *best* Buick of all time.

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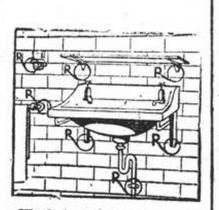
For Every Fixing Job
Large or Small

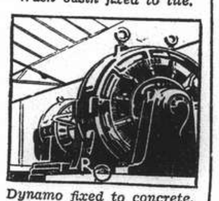
IF you have to fix a soap-dish—use Rawlplugs. If you have to fix a heavy lathe or dynamo—you should still use Rawlplugs. The Rawlplug method enables anyone to make firm, permanent and economical fixings. The Rawlplug way is much quicker and easier than any other, and does not damage walls or decorations.

There is a Rawlplug suitable for use with any size of screw, from the smallest (No. 3) for fixing light wiring, to the largest size (No. 30) for use with ¾" coach screws.

When you have to make a fixture in brick, concrete, tiles, stone, plaster, etc., use Rawlplugs.



Wash basin fixed to tile.



Dynamo fixed to concrete.

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The heat and waterproof adhesive. Repairs made with Durofix will withstand boiling water or the heat of an oven. It is colourless and ready for instant use. Ideal for mending broken crockery and for all sports repairs, as once it has set, it will not become tacky from the moisture of the hand. Invaluable for all wireless jobs, as it is a non-conductor.

Rawlplug **PLASTIC WOOD**
Plastic Wood is a pliable material which can be moulded and fashioned to any desired shape. When it has been exposed to the air, it becomes solid and hard, in fact it becomes exactly like real wood, and can be cut, planed, polished, painted and varnished. Nails and screws can be successfully driven into it. It does not blister, crack or decay.

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88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Under instructions from the Concerned
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In Main Salesroom, 88 Museum Road

To-day, Wednesday, August 28, 1940, at 10 a.m.

About

2607 BALES AMERICAN COTTON

(Damaged ex ss. "Antinous" G.A.)

The cotton is now on view on the lot at the corner of Avenue and Carter Roads
A Cash deposit of 30% must be paid on the fall of the hammer.

Under instructions from the concerned
To be sold by Public Auction in our

Main Salesroom

To-day, Wednesday, August 28, 1940, at 2.30 p.m.

Ceiling, table and exhaust fans, heating stoves, cooking range, bath tub, wash basin, commodes, fire extinguishers and buckets, gramophones, records, showcases, bookcases, square tables, chairs, long settees, kitchen tables, cupboards, folding chairs, wicker furniture, window blinds, tennis poles and nets, lamps, rubber mats, wooden doors, counters, glass windows, ice chest, filters, billiard room settees, etc.

2 "Moutrie" and "Estey" Fine tone upright pianos
5 Drums Bleaching powder, damaged

At No. 157 Peking Road, (1st Floor)

On Thursday, August 29, 1940 at 10 a.m.

Office Furniture, Typewriters, Calculating Machine, Office Safe and Sundries

Roll top desk, high desks, typewriter desk, flat top desks, desk chairs, pictures, stationery cupboards, sample shelves, tables, platform scales, trays, buckets, wooden counters, coloured papers, dining tables, tapestry covered spring arm chairs, empty tea tins, tea cups, teapots, tea testing scales, clock timers, time glass, letter scales, E.P. hot plate, kettle, stoves, Bentley and A.B.C. Codes etc., etc., also

2 Westinghouse ceiling fans, 2 Oscillating table fans,
2 Remington typewriters, 1 Royal typewriter,
1 "Monroe" Calculating machine, 1 Herrin-Hall-Marvin Safe,
1 "All steel" filing cabinet, 1 Steel index cabinet

NOW ON VIEW

Under Instructions from The Concerned
Will Sell By Public Auction Within The Premises

No. 95 Avenue Victor Emmanuel

On Friday, August 30, 1940, at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Superior Household and Office Furniture, Carpets, Piano, Typewriters, Canteen Set, Radio Sets, Silver Ware and Sundries

Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, lacquer cabinets, high screens, fire screens, blackwood mah-jongg tables, side tables, tea tables, curio cabinets, low tables, smoking stands, teapoys, flower stands, curio stands, wall hangings, side chairs, stools, wall mirror, dressing table, marble and brass table clocks, wall clocks, oil paintings, water colours, pictures, scrolls, glass door bookcases, book shelves, writing desks, desk chair, divan pot, tapestry upholstered double spring couches, arm chairs, eider down cushions, pillows, table cloths curtains, floor and table lamps, mirror back sideboards, dining tables, dining chairs, tea wagon, folding card table, silver ware cabinets, electric vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, iron with motor, sewing machine motors, transformer, mirror door wardrobe, mirror back dressing table, chest of drawers, night table, round tables, bedroom chairs, wooden double bedstead with spring and deep-sleep spring mattress, iron safe, steel filing cabinet, plaster statue, ice chest, lawn mower, model junk, cooking pots, crockery, cutlery, silver and E.P. ware, bronze and brass ware, cut glass and glass ware, cloisonne and lacquer ware, ivory and pewter ware, piano stool, porcelain vases, figures, ornaments and sundries, etc.,

also

1 "Christofle" silver canteen set 194 pieces in case
1 "Shilippi" iron framed fine tone piano, 1 "Philco" 5-tube radio set 110/220v.,
1 "Patterson" 8-tube radio set 110v.
1 "Underwood" portable typewriter, 1 "Remington" typewriter

NOW ON VIEW

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Will sell by Public Auction Under Instructions from

G. E. Bird, Esq.

At No. 24 Route Doumer

On Friday, August 30, 1940, commencing at 10 a.m.

Superior Household Furniture, Frigidaire, All Wave Radio Set, etc.

Axminster and Tientsin carpets, escritoire, round table, wall mirrors, pictures, **blackwood teapoys**, books, book shelf, **couch and arm chairs, curtains**, hardwood **dining room furniture**, glass-ware cupboard, screen, **crockery** ware, picnic box, **modern style bedroom furniture**, card table, cupboard, **wooden beds with springs and mattresses**, quilts, oil stoves, desk, gramophone, ornaments etc., also

1 "Moraine" model Frigidaire in good working condition
1 Blackwood Altar table,
1 "Telephonken" 6-tube all wave radio set with gramophone combined and transformer in good order

NOW ON VIEW

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

On Friday, August 30, 1940, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2 p.m. (Summer Time)

A Quantity of Bleaching Powder, **Birds Nests, Dried Shrimp Spawn, Leather Trunks and Suitcases**, Leather Shoes, **Knitting Needles, Watch Hands,** Cotton Piece Goods Cuttings, Desiccated Cocoanut, **Grey Cotton Stockings**, Vermicelli, Tea Leaf, **Photo Album, Cotton Singlets**, Photo Plates, Wooden Photo Frames, Bicycle Tyres and Parts, Aniline Dyes, Safety Matches, **Foreign** and Native Medicine, Porcelain Colour, Old Motor Tyres, **Old Cinema Films**, Bone Seal, Ginseng, Gourmet Powder, **Men's Wrist watches,** Canvas Shoes, **Window Glass, Dental Golf Alloy,** Sleeve Links, **Hand Sewing Needles, Oil Cloth, Torch Light Bulbs,** Tin and Lead Alloy, **Art. Silk and Cotton Hair Nets, Women's Rubber Overshoes,** Photo Paper, Buttons, Charbonnel, Lithographic Ink, Rubber Inner Tubes, Woollen Yarn, Wooden Chess Blocks, etc.

ON VIEW THURSDAY AND MORNING OF SALE

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

French Troops Wish to Enlist with British

Mass desertions Feared In Indo-China

Singapore, Aug. 27.

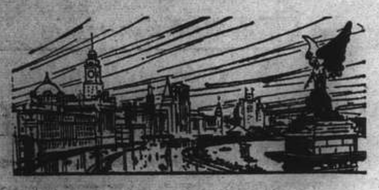
A French soldier was arrested in Siam recently while trying to reach Singapore to enlist with the British and continue fighting against Germany, it was disclosed today.

Unimpeachable quarters revealed that the appeasement policy of the Saigon Government has so irritated French soldiers that mass desertions were feared by the government. Extraordinary precautions have been instituted along the border to guard against desertion to the British by soldiers of the Indo-China armed forces, it was said.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF AUGUST 28, 1870

As the steamer Albatross this morning was leaving Heard's wharf to go to her berth in front of the English Bund, a large junk was driven by the strong ebb tide (about 4 knots) athwart the cut-water of the steamer which, just then going on full steam ahead cut the junk in two, one half gliding past each side of her, and one of the sections being beat to pieces by her propeller. We have not heard whether any lives were lost.



NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

BERMUDA BASE FOR U.S.

The rapidity with which Great Britain and the United States are proceeding from discussions to action in connection with the perfection of the defences of democracy, and more particularly the improvement of the defences of the United States themselves, is to be noticed in the announcement by Major-General Denis Bernard, retiring Governor of the Bermudas, that the use of the Bermuda harbour was being granted as a naval and air base. The announcement suggests that what were merely regarded as preliminary conversations last week were somewhat more advanced than was originally supposed, or that consideration of the matter has been accelerated during the last few days. Situated well out in the Atlantic and equidistant from Halifax in the north and the Bahamas in the south, Bermuda Harbour is a fine strategic position from which to defend the whole of the Atlantic coast of North America, and the establishment of a powerful naval and air base there would greatly assist in the protection of the important industrial areas in the eastern states against an enemy attack.

That enemy is obviously Germany, for there is no other European nation likely at any time to seek war with the United States, while the ambitions of Hitler in this respect are only too well known. Washington is still negotiating with Great Britain and certain of the South American republics for further bases along the Atlantic, and when these are brought to a successful conclusion, which is confidently expected, it is believed that the United States will be in an almost impregnable position so far as the control of the Atlantic seaboard is concerned. It will, of course, be some time before Bermuda can be fitted to play the important role selected for it. Channels will have to be dredged or blasted through the reefs, in order that facilities for reaching the harbour shall be increased to meet the demands which war would inevitably create, while the fortification of the many islands included in the group should have the effect of creating as powerful an outpost as the British have erected at Singapore. The possibility of Britain granting leases for bases as far north as Newfoundland and as far south as the West Indies means that the United States are anxious to establish as complete a defence of the eastern coast as possible. The preparation of these bases will apparently be coincident with the huge extension of the U.S. Navy, plans for which provide for sufficient forces to maintain two fleets able to handle those of any other Power, one in the Atlantic and the other in the Pacific. Both of them will be self-contained units with the result that the Panama Canal while still of considerable importance under the new arrangement will be better defended on the one hand, and on the other not quite so overwhelmingly essential as it is at the present time. This present development and those others which are expected need occasion no surprise. In the light of the Hitlerian menace they are inevitable, and there need be no wonder that Great Britain is so willing to assist in this matter.

The possibility of Great Britain and the United States going to war with each other is remote in the extreme. Whitehall can view with the utmost complacency the creation of fleets by the United States larger than those which Great Britain at present possesses or is likely to possess, for theirs will be an entirely defensive role under control of a Government which seeks no territorial extensions, but is determined to preserve the possessions it holds. The latest enemy gibe concerning the granting of the bases at Bermuda is that this represents the first sign of the crumbling of the British Empire. That is but just another example of the wishful thinking in which Berlin so persistently indulges. It is, of course, nothing of the sort. Rather is it an accession of strength for the protection of the Americas against European invasion involves the protection of valuable British possessions at the same time. That is demonstrated by the decision of the American and Canadian Governments to confer on problems of common defence, while the protection afforded by the Monroe doctrine cannot but be reinforced by the Bermuda decision and those others which it is confidently expected will be announced shortly.

THE DAY OF PRAYER

The request of H. M. the King that Sunday, September 8, should be set aside as a National Day of Prayer has given rise to a suggestion as to how best the day could be observed by Britons in Shanghai. Doubtless the various British churches here will faithfully carry out His Majesty's wishes by holding appropriate services and offering the customary prayers, but Mrs. J. M. Weaver, in her letter which was published on Monday, suggests that the whole British community might care to assemble at the Race Course for the purpose of holding a community service of intercession. The permission of the Stewards of the Race Club would have to be obtained, and it is not believed that there would be any difficulty about that. The time is short for making the necessary preparations, but arrangements can still be made in time. It is not intended that this proposed service would in any way conflict with those which are certain to be held in the Cathedral and various churches in Shanghai. That is the last thing which is desired. What is wanted is that in addition to those services an opportunity should be given to all Britons, irrespective of the Church to which they belong, to assemble that night to make intercession for the protection of their country and their empire, and to ask for the blessing of God upon their effort against the enemy.

It has been possible for the various churches on such occasions to meet on common ground, as witness the dedication of the War Memorial, to quote but one example, and it should be possible on such a day as this to devise a service acceptable to all Britons of Christian belief. There is so much in common between the various usages from which a service could be fashioned enabling the British community to demonstrate to the world at large their abiding faith in the justice of their cause, and in that Divinity without Whose aid so much in this world is but vain and idle. The enormous crowd which packed the Race Course on the occasion of the sounding of The Retreat contained large numbers of people who were probably British only in sympathy. But the British community itself is so large that, were the suggestion put forward by Mrs. Weaver supported in the manner it deserves to be, there would be an imposing demonstration of faith.

It is not asking much to suggest that loyal Britons should, on this one day selected by their King, assemble for the purpose of joining in that chorus of prayer, which, for twenty four hours as the sun sweeps Sunday round the entire world, will rise from wherever Britons are met together in this common act of worship. For it must be remembered that this war is a spiritual war, a war between the forces of good and evil, and it is but right that men should pray that the forces of good shall be made to prevail. Behind the huge physical and material means of the struggle which is now going on, there are imponderable factors of which sight must never be lost. Endurance, fortitude, determination are all in their way very well, but as Nurse Cavell said of patriotism, they alone are not enough. There must be faith, faith in the holiness of the cause, faith in the purpose of Divine Providence that good shall yet inherit the earth, and that evil shall be banished from it. Prayer is just such an act of faith, in which the British can ask for victory, while doing everything from material and spiritual points of view to deserve it. Consequently the suggestion that in addition to the ordinary services during which the special intention of the day will be observed, there should be this service in which all Britons might join, has a great deal to commend it. It is realized that the time to make arrangements is short indeed, but there is every reason to believe that, if the matter is taken in hand at once, it would be possible to hold such a service. That the shortness of the time available is not the only obstacle, it is readily understood, but there is not one hindrance which cannot be surmounted providing the will to do so is there. The idea is a good one and deserves the careful consideration of all thinking British Christians.

Changes Foreshadowed

It is natural that there should be considerable interest in the Far East as to the purport of the manifesto to be issued today by Prince Konoye, the Prime Minister of Japan. The relations of that country with the rest of the world cannot be looked upon as satisfactory by those whose task it is to guide the government's policies. The United States are openly critical of Japanese plans for expansion. Great Britain, preoccupied elsewhere, refrains from replying to a series of minor irritations. France lies helpless, while watching Japanese penetration into her valuable colony of Indo-China. Holland is apprehensive over the future of the Netherlands East Indies, another valuable prize which extremists of the Far Eastern island empire would like to seize. Germany is displeased with the threat to possessions which she had hoped might fall into her lap eventually. Russia at the moment is quiescent, but suspicious. Forecasts of Prince Konoye's manifesto are chiefly concerned with domestic reform, presumably with the object of increasing the nation's efficiency in the prosecution of the China "Incident." This aim is understandable, and in itself is not sufficient to account for the wave of anxiety which seems to be sweeping the nations with stakes in the Orient. Certain citizens of the East Indies would like to see their islands taken under the protection of Britain or the United States, despite the fact that both countries have declared their intention of respecting the *status quo*. There is talk in Tokyo that the United States and Australia may come to a defensive agreement similar to that now being negotiated between Canada and the United States. If such an agreement materializes, it can only be designed as a safeguard against aggression from one quarter. Such obvious distrust of Tokyo's intentions may, of course, simply be an outcome of war hysteria following Hitler's successes on the European continent; but it is earnestly to be hoped that Prince Konoye's statement today will have a calming effect.

How It Is Done

Nothing could be more revealing concerning the tricks of Goebbels' well trained propagandists than a small incident which happened yesterday. The enemy news agency disseminated a telegram yesterday morning, in which the capture of a British airman in Germany was reported. The message then went on to state that a British air craft made a forced landing, and the crew were unconscious and wounded when the Germans rushed up. A flight-lieutenant, coming out of his stupor, took a cigarette lighter from his pocket, and endeavoured to set fire to a small booklet. It was taken away from him, and it proved to be a diary, which was alleged to have contained some interesting notes concerning the *moral* of the R.A.F. An alleged entry dated June 7 is said to have read:—

> Learned today that R.A.F. officer has been sentenced by court-martial to six months in prison for remarking that all R.A.F. officers from group commander upwards ought to be shot. I believe he is right.

There is more than that in the message, but this particular passage is interesting because a Reuter message received yesterday reported the case of Major Wintle, M.C., of the First Royal Dragoons who appeared before a court-martial on Monday, on a charge of assault. The report appears elsewhere, but attention is drawn to the following significant passage in it:—

> The accused, it is further declared, also said certain Ministers of the Crown,—he named one or two,—ought to be shot, *and all officers of the Royal Air Force above the rank of group captain and most senior army officers should be shot.*

Of course it may be possible that two separate individuals may be possessed of the same idea and that the German propaganda machine is in this instance the victim of a coincidence, but the publication of its story so quickly after the issuance of the reports of the opening of Major Wintle's trial suggests not only the inspiration of what is so obviously a fabrication, but also demonstrates the rapidity with which the artists in fiction, attached to Goebbels' ministry of misinformation, get down to their work. Incidentally it may be mentioned that in the course of the British raid on Berlin, according to an enemy report, incendiary bombs destroyed a hut in one of the suburbs, a variation of the story of two cows and a pony in an open field. Is it any wonder that German communiques are described as worthless?

Hungary Obstinate

The anxiety of the Axis Powers to prevent an outbreak of war in the Balkans is being demonstrated by the strenuous efforts they are making in an attempt to revive Rumanian-Hungarian negotiations over the question of a revision of the frontiers between those two countries. At the moment it does not seem that they have made much headway, for if, as it was reported some days ago Hungarian terms are such as they can never be accepted, to quote a Rumanian delegate, "today, tomorrow, or in the future," Hungary is apparently just as stubborn, insisting upon readiness to resume talks "if Rumania undertakes to conduct them on a basis of acceptance" of Hungary's claims. That phrase seems almost dictatorial in its terms, for all it means is that Rumania should come to the conference table not concerned with endeavouring to reach a mutually acceptable agreement, but only with the manner in which Hungary's demands are to be satisfied. King Carol, who has been following a most difficult path since the commencement of hostilities, has up to the present shown no signs of capitulating to Hungary in this matter. There is no real reason why he should, for he apparently inclines to the view that Hungary will not be permitted by the Axis Powers to go to war, for if that occurred they would be playing into Great Britain's hands. The difficulty which they have at the moment is to save Hungary's "face." It made demands which Rumania rejected, and is at the moment in no mood calculated to agree to a compromise. Possibly Rumania would agree to such a solution of the crisis for war is best avoided in such times as these, but there is no real reason why she should yield in a manner which would amount to almost abject surrender. If there were any chance of obtaining some recompense for the sacrifices which are demanded of him, King Carol might be distinctly more amenable to reason, but none of the parties directly or indirectly involved has anything to offer him. Hence the weakness of their position in a matter concerning which they need all the influence they could possibly possess.

HITLER'S PLAN FOR EUROPE

Men Must Prepare a Juster Scheme

It is significant that Germany is now warning the American nations, in the columns of one of Ribbentrop's organs, that the treatment they will receive from Europe, when Europe is organized by Germany, will depend on their behaviour. Already Hitler thinks he can speak for Europe. His confidence comes partly from his career of success, partly from the assurance that a man acquires when he has definite plans in his mind. This has been the great advantage that the dictator States enjoyed in their struggle with the democracies.

Of course Hitler had a much simpler conception of unity than his rivals, and to this extent his task was easier. He determined to give Europe unity by the imposition of the will and the power of one State; the democracies were aiming at giving her unity by collaboration. He laid all his plans for establishing German rule; they were half-hearted and easily diverted to other purposes. Today Hitler is naturally proud and confident. He is spreading his power by a combination of cruelty and subtlety, East and West.

The strength of his system may well be greater on the surface than in substance, for it is one thing to overcome peoples by force and cunning, another to compel them to live under the conditions imposed upon them. Few of those who admired or dreaded the preponderance of the great reactionary forces throughout Europe in the twenties of last century could have foreseen the successful revolts that began with the Greek war of independence.

Our task in this struggle is not merely that of defeating Hitler, of wearing down and exhausting his power, if swifter methods prove impossible. It is that of giving Europe a different scheme of unity. An American writer has pointed out that the thirteen colonies who managed to create a Federal Union in the eighteenth century had a common interest and a common task in the development of a great uncultivated continent. Europe today has a common interest and a common task in raising the whole level of life and culture: in attacking poverty, sickness and malnutrition.

Our Revolutionary Task

This involves a revolution which will destroy privilege in forms in which the French Revolution left it untouched. In the nineteenth century the Europe of industry and finance was living on her privileges. The commercial and industrial revolutions had put at her disposal the resources of most of the world outside Europe. It was believed that the mere development of her industrial power guaranteed progress and the raising of the general standard of life. The harsh selfishness of her treatment of the populations of Asia and Africa was mitigated by the efforts of missionaries and humane sentiment; the crude selfishness of the behaviour of European States to each other was mitigated by Free Trade.

Canning, faced with the reactionary triumph in Europe, made his famous defiant speech about calling in the New World to redress the balance of the Old. Something like this has happened today. The first frontal attack on this nineteenth-century system of privilege came from the New World, from the delegates of Australia and New Zealand to the League of Nations Assembly. In 1935 Mr. Bruce, the former Prime Minister of Australia, persuaded the Assembly to inquire into nutrition in relation to health, agriculture, and economic policy. Two years later, armed with the results, he convinced the Assembly that our economic calamities were due to our failure to adapt our economic policies and our distributive systems to the conditions created by scientific and technical progress. These ideas will come into play as soon as the war is over. The policy initiated by the Australian delegates implies the rejection of the nineteenth-century basis. It starts from the needs of man. It aims directly at breaking down the gross inequalities on which the old economic system rests. It will, if it enlists enough enthusiasm and intelligence, transform the relations of Europe to the rest of the world, of the powerful populations to the weak, of the rich classes to the poor. The prospects of this revolution are immensely improved by our change of Government and the rule of men with courage and democracy in their blood. For the moment the hour for rebuilding the life of Europe by constructive schemes that preserve liberty may seem distant, and it may be that our first contribution will be by drastic reform in Britain and within the British Empire. On the success of this revolution depends the hope of Europe as a civilized society.

IN PARENTHESIS

Cynical

A GUIDE escorting a group of women through a canning factory indicated a girl worker, and said "She puts the pork in the beans."

"Where is the girl who takes it out?" asked the cynic of the party.

* * *

Bans

"HEARD about poor old Percy?"

"No, what's happened to him?"

"He got engaged at the party last week."

"Are the banns up yet?"

"I'll say they are . . . no smoking, gambling, drinking."

* * *

Horse Sense

"MAYBE she isn't much to look at now, but she must have been very attractive in her youth."

"What makes you think that?"

"Well, she told me that a horse ran away with her once."

* * *

Ravishing

As two brokers passed the Ziegfeld Theatre, out stepped one of those ravishing, alluring Follies beauties.

"I feel like taking her out again," whispered one.

"Have you had her out?" asked the other.

"No—but once before I felt like it."

* * *

Dual Personality

THE wife, married to a hypnotist, brought her husband to court, charging him with cruelty.

"Your Worship," she complained, "my husband is the meanest man in the world. He hypnotized me into thinking I was a canary, and then gave me bird-seed for breakfast, dinner and supper!"

The magistrate gasped. "Is this true?" he demanded.

The husband looked defiant. "I beg your pardon," he grunted, " but I don't think that was mean."

The magistrate started. "You don't think that was mean?" he echoed.

The husband shook his head. "No," he asserted. "I could have hypnotized her into thinking she was a sparrow—and then she'd have had to hunt for her own food!"

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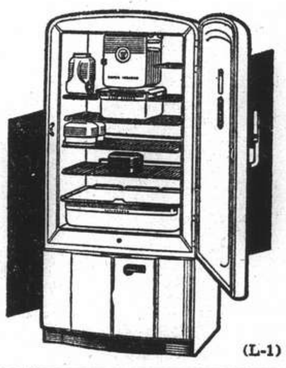

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FROM DAY TO DAY

H. E. the British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, sailed for Chungking.

ROEDEAN public school for girls is evacuating its home on the cliffs at Brighton and will reassemble on Sept. 5, at the Keswick Hotel, Cumberland.

CHESTERFIELD, England, is to buy a Spitfire by public subscription and the Air Ministry will be asked to agree to a Chesterfield airman being the pilot.

THE ss. President Coolidge, luxury liner of the American President Lines will sail for Hongkong and Manila today. The last tender will leave Customs Jetty at 5.30 p.m.

The second à la carte supper arranged by the Shanghai Cricket Club will take place in the club pavilion on Saturday, at 9 p.m. A raffle will be held in aid of British War Funds.

LOH Zue Zung, licensee of the Tai Kong Co., 766/8 Nanking Road, was fined $40 at the Shanghai Special District Court on August 23 for keeping for sale short-weighed tinned smoked fish.

ONE of the heaviest rainfalls of the season on Monday night drenched Tokyo as a typhoon swept the eastern seaboard of Japan. The wind, while strong, did not reach gale proportions and no damage was reported.

AMERICANS in London celebrated Independence Day, not by the customary dinner and ball, but by handing over a fleet of the ambulances and first-aid units presented to this country by Americans resident here.

GENERAL Chou En-lai, prominent leader of the Chinese Communist Party and liaison officer of the Communists and the Kuomintang, arrived in Chungking from Yenan (Shensi) by 'plane on Monday, the "Shun Pao" reports.

AFTER a long and serious illness Mr. J. N. Greenfield left the Country Hospital yesterday, and returned to his home. It is, however, learned that he will not be able to receive any of his friends for at least a further 10 days.

IN conjunction with newspapermen in other parts of the country, the Chinese Newspapermen's Association at Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi, will launch a campaign, from September 1, to the end of the year, to raise funds for the purchase of a 'plane for the Chinese National Government, says the "Sin Wan Pao". The machine is to be named "Reporter".

THREE Chinese robbers had to be content with their freedom when an alarm was raised by an inmate of 388/9 Chengtu Road at 9.40 a.m. yesterday. The bandits, three of them armed, entered the premises, but their attempt to intimidate the occupants failed when one of them called for help. The trio rushed out without taking anything.

A CENTRAL district armed robbery took place at noon yesterday when seven robbers, with four pistols, entered a Chinese office in room 201, 233 Nanking Road, and stole money, property and other valuables to an amount of approximate $3,800. The men, who spoke Shanghai and northern dialects, remained on the premises for about thirty minutes, compelling the ten inmates of the office to part with their valuables.

LORD Trent, Civil Defence Commissioner of the North Midland Region, gave farmers in his area two days in which to put obstructions, such as old carts, implements and posts, in their fields to provide against any potential landing grounds for enemy planes. Where the necessary work had not been done, it would be carried out by the authorities. The order also applied to fields in which crops were growing.

THE 5th plenary session of the committee on medical education of the Ministry of Education was convened in Chungking on Monday, a report to the "Sin Wan Pao" reveals. A three-day discussion will be held to plan measures for the promotion and improvement of medical education in China. Among the conferees are the presidents of various medical institutions, medical specialists and directors of medical organizations, the paper adds.

LIFE for officers in the Army is to possess a new interest. An order has just been issued requiring them to become proficient in the driving of a motor-cycle. This step has been taken, it is understood, to permit of their meeting any emergency which might arise in the defence of the country. The order applies to all officers up to the rank of Brigadier. If the Brigadier does not wish to drive a motor-cycle he is given the alternative of riding pillion.

SOME £2,250,000 worth of gold belonging to the Norwegian Government has arrived in the United States after being shipped from Norway under the eyes of Nazi guards, states the "Baltimore News-Post." The feat was accomplished by small children hauling sledges, on each of which was a small box of gold taken from a secret hiding place in the country. They made a 35-mile trip to a secret fjord, where the Bomma, a 1,116-ton freighter, lay hidden. The whole process took six weeks.

THE Sino-Burmese Cultural Association at Rangoon is sponsoring an essay competition with a view to encouraging the Burmese people to study China problems, and thereby promote closer Sino-Burmese relations, says the "Sin Wan Pao". A prize of £15, two volumes of General Chiang Kai-shek's biography written by Mr. Hollington K. Tong, Administrative Vice-Minister of Publicity, and a collection of the writings of Madame Chiang Kai-shek will be awarded to the winner of the contest, the paper says.

THE Tai Kong Goods Company, 766 Nanking Road, were fined $40 in the District Court on August 16, for producing green peas containing copper in quantity exceeding the maximum allowed by the Municipal Regulations. Pending a satisfactory report by the Public Health Department as to the copper sulphate content, the public is warned against the following unsatisfactory brands of canned green peas, stocks of which are seized when discovered by the Public Health Department:—Cock Brand, Fisherman Brand, Lion & Pagoda Brand, Elephant Brand.

Japan on Eve of Momentous Political Change

Nation Awaits Today's Manifesto by Prince Konoye on New Political Structure

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

JAPAN today was on the eve of the publication of a momentous manifesto by the Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, outlining the new national political structure of Japan which, observers openly predicted, would result in far-reaching changes in the lives of the Japanese people.

Political quarters here were unanimous in their opinion that the effect of the adoption of the proposed system would be comparable to the revolutionary changes carried out during the Meiji Restoration when the Shogunate was abolished and the present constitutional system of government established.

Because of the importance of the manifesto, the original plan of issuing it in the name of Prince Konoye was abandoned, the influential "Asahi Shimbun" reported on good authority. Instead, the paper added, an appeal is scheduled to be issued to the Japanese people tomorrow by the Premier in his official capacity.

The final revisions of the carefully drafted manifesto were made by Prince Konoye last night preparatory to presenting it for final approval to the Cabinet this morning.

Secretariat Holds Meeting

Meanwhile, the permanent secretariat of the Preparatory Commission for the establishment of the new political structure held its first meeting yesterday afternoon when it examined the draft manifesto. Changes in the wording and expression were suggested.

Assistants to the members of the permanent secretariat also convened yesterday to discuss the procedure to be followed at tomorrow's first general meeting of the Committee.

Yesterday afternoon's session of the permanent secretariat discussed for five hours various points in the manifesto. Those present were Mr. Kenji Tomita, Chief Cabinet Secretary; Mr. Naoki Murase, Director of the Cabinet Legislative Bureau; Major-General Akira Muto, Director of the Military Affairs Bureau of the War Ministry; Rear-Admiral Katsuo Abe, Director of the Naval Affairs Bureau of the Navy Ministry; Mr. Tadayoshi Obata, Vice-President of the Cabinet Planning Board, and Mr. Ryunosuke Goto, one of the "brain trust" close to Premier Konoye.

After obtaining the Cabinet's approval, it was expected that Premier Konoye would proceed to Hayama to report to the Throne on the progress made toward the establishment of a new political structure.

Eight Points

With formal notification of the contents of the manifesto to the Emperor completing the preparatory steps, Prince Konoye was expected to issue formal invitation to 26 prominent Japanese civilian, summoning them for an inaugural meeting of the preparatory Committee entrusted with putting into effect measures for the realization of a new national political structure.

Although no formal disclosure has been made regarding the contents of the momentous manifesto, well-informed quarters believed that eight points will be stressed by the Premier:

1. Readjustment of political organizations for the purpose of mobilizing the total strength of the country and to guard the prosperity of the Imperial Throne in accordance with the fundamental principle of the Empire.
2. The necessity of introducing a new political structure in view of the present critical situation in international relations.
3. Reorganization of national life and the realization of the supreme objective of the nation.
4. That the projected new political structure should be an organization to foster a national movement to support the Imperial Rule in accordance with the Constitution.
5. That the projected new political structure is not a so-called political party, but an organization comprising a national movement to be participated in jointly by the Government, the military, and the people.
6. Relations between the Government and the new political structure.
7. Creation of an organ to render assistance to the Diet.
8. Adjustment of relations between the Administrative and Legislative departments of the Government.

Chairman to be Named by Konoye

During the meeting of the assistance of the members of the permanent secretariat, it was decided that Prince Konoye as chairman of the preparatory committee, would name the chairman of the general meeting. It was expected that sessions of the Committee would be held daily or on alternate days for a frank exchange of views.

Besides the invited civilians, 14 Cabinet members will be members of the Committee. No vote will be taken at Committee meetings, the final decision resting with the Chairman.—Domei.

U.S.A., Australia Pact Seen

"Kokumin Shimbun" States May be Patterned on U.S., Canadian Agreement

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The "Kokumin Shimbun," which frequently reflects the views of the Japanese Army, predicted today that the United States will establish a joint defence committee with Australia as an obstacle to Japanese southward expansion.

The journal said that many well informed Japanese have expressed the fear that the United States may make a defence arrangement with Australia patterned after the recently concluded American-Canadian defence agreement.

Washington, the paper said, is secretly negotiating with Britain and the Netherlands for the establishment of a regular air route connecting San Francisco with the East Indies and Australia via Hawaii.

Delicate Relations Seen

Japanese-American Relations in the future will be "most delicate," the paper predicted. The reason for this, the paper added, is the "recent positive turn the United States has taken in its Far Eastern policy."

Japan will be forced to take "defence measures," if the United States continues its "openly aggressive measures," the paper said. The paper did not indicate the nature of the "defensive measures" which Japan might take against alleged American pressure in the Far East.

Meanwhile, the "Hochi Shimbun" launched an attack on Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, former commander-in-chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, for a speech delivered by him on August 24. In his speech Admiral Yarnell bitterly assailed Germany and Japan for their aggressive policies and hinted that the United States might lease the Singapore naval base for operations by the American Fleet in the Far East.

Encirclement Seen

The "Hochi Shimbun" said Admiral Yarnell's speech was merely "set in the phrase of American anti-Japanese orators" but added that the hint that America may lease the use of the Singapore naval base "cannot be passed by in silence."

"Realization of such a scheme by the United States," the paper said, "would enable that country to encircle Japan."

"If the United States should secure a base at Singapore, and thus obtain a foothold on the Asiatic continent, its voice in south-western Pacific affairs will suddenly be strengthened and Japan's development of plans regarding the Netherlands East Indies and Indo-China will be reduced to the substance of a dream."—United Press.

Activities of Japanese In Hawaii Investigated

Educational Propaganda Spread by Two Men

Honolulu, Aug. 27.

Local authorities today were examining the activities of two Japanese who arrived here recently from Japan with diplomatic passports and have since been delivering speeches before various local Japanese groups.

The two men, Mr. Toytaro Tanaka and Mr. Takyuki Asano, apparently are connected with the Japanese Ministry of Education. Their speeches here, it was learned, have dealt mainly with the education of local Japanese children, most of them American citizens.

The two Japanese, it was understood, advocate a system of education which in effect would tighten the bonds between American-born Japanese in Hawaii, who number over 140,000, and the Japanese Government. According to some reports, they have recommended the adoption of new textbooks, written in Japan and approved by the Japanese Government.

Local authorities were understood to be seeking to discover whether the arrival of these two men represents a new Japanese policy toward the Japanese community in Hawaii.

American officials also are watching the case. An effort is being made to determine whether the "educational offensive" is centred on Hawaii or has been extended to the United States or other American territories.—United Press.

Church Committee Sends US$30,000 to China

New York, Aug. 27.

The Church Committee for China Relief announced yesterday that an additional U.S.$30,000 has been sent to China for the relief of civilian victims of the Sino-Japanese conflict.

This represents China's share of the initial amount raised in a nation-wide drive for various war relief causes started during the summer by the Methodist Committee for Overseas Relief.—United Press

Dr. W. W. Yen Arrives In Hongkong

Hongkong, Aug. 27.

Dr. W. W. Yen, noted Chungking diplomat, who has been in Manila for nearly a month, arrived here on Sunday from the Philippine capital. He is en route back to Chungking from the United States.—Domei.

Typhoon Hits Coast Of Japan

Little Damage Suffered In Eastern Areas

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

Eastern Japan suffered a little damage from a "baby typhoon" which swept the Pacific sea-board yesterday. A heavy rainfall of 50 centimetres was recorded in the Tokyo area.

Fourteen people were bruised when an embankment behind a Japanese-style inn in Ashinoyu, a hot-springs resort in the Hakone area, collapsed burying 14 guests. One man and his wife were electrocuted at Yokosuka when an electric power cable was cut.

Disaster threatened the harbour of Yokohama when the 17,000 ton whaling mother-ship, Nisshin Maru 1, broke her moorings, a mishap was adverted by the prompt action of the Harbour authorities.

A high tide, whipped by the wind, over-ran the seawall at Omori, a suburb of Tokyo, flooding the houses on the water-front.—Reuter.

Japan Sugar Federation Delegate for N.E.I.

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The Japan Sugar Industry Federation will send a representative to the Netherlands East Indies in connection with the forthcoming visit to the Colony of Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Commerce and Industry Minister, as a special Japanese envoy, it was decided yesterday by the directors of the Federation.—Domei.

"War in Pacific Inevitable"

U.S. Chances Against Japan Weighed Up by Admiral Stirling

New York, Aug. 27.

Unless the United States and Japan can compose their ever mounting differences, war in the Pacific, long prophesied by strategists and economists, is inevitable, it now seems evident, writes Rear-Admiral Yates Stirling, jun., United Press Naval critic.

The diplomatic tension between the United States and Japan, existing for years, is the reason why the preponderance of our naval strength has been maintained in the Pacific. Since Germany overran the Low Countries and defeated France, that tension has reached the breaking point. The Reason: the rich Netherlands East Indies and French Indo-China, both coveted by Japan.

Should a Japanese-American war come, it would be a naval war fought mostly in the Orient. Bases are vital to naval and air warfare and in a conflict with Japan this country would have the initial disadvantage, but not necessarily a fatal one.

Opposing Fleets, Bases

This is a picture of the opposing fleets and bases: The United States fleet of under-age fighting ships now in commission comprises 15 battleships, 27 cruisers, five aircraft carriers, 40 destroyers and 31 submarines. We have numerous over-age warships in lighter categories.

Our main fleet at present is in Hawaiian waters, where a first class naval base at Pearl Harbour is available to support it. In addition, a new base is being built at Dutch Harbour, on the Alaskan island of Unalaska. Both of these bases will be able to support the fleet.

Air bases have been built or are being built at Midway, Wake and Johnston Islands in the Hawaiian area and at Kodiak Island and Sitka, Alaska. Canton Island of the Phoenix group, just south of the Equator, and Pago Pago, Samoa, are also fitted as air bases.

Duties of Asiatic Fleet

Closely tied to the fleet at Hawaii is the small fleet now stationed in the Far East—actually only a detachment—consisting of one cruiser, one squadron of over-age destroyers, one flotilla of over-age submarines and one over-age aircraft carrier.

In the event of war, this weak detachment would be called upon to perform a heroic task—to fight a delaying action against an enemy attempting to occupy the Philippines until our main fleet could arrive.

At present, so far as is known due to Japanese naval secrecy, our navy has a numerical superiority of 15 to Japan's 9 battleships. We have only equality, if not less, in cruisers, aircraft carriers, modern destroyers and submarines.

Japan's naval advantage lies principally in having her fleet concentrated where she has decided all her wars will be fought—in the Orient—where she, therefore, has applied herself to construct many well secreted bases for warships and aircraft to support naval and air offensives in those seas.

Pacific Manoeuvres

The Pacific has been reckoned the hardest nut to crack for our navy in the event of war and therefore it has seemed essential that our fleet personnel acquire all the knowledge and practice possible through fleet operations in that ocean. Our fleet in recent years has been almost continuously employed in strategical and tactical war games in the Pacific, centring around Hawaii and our base at Unalaska, the latter still unfinished.

These operations have usually been defensive in nature against an attacking fleet and the area of operations has never extended beyond the international date line, the 180th Meridian, longitude. This entire area will be the battleground in the event of war and should be familiar to our fleet. The reason our naval war games have been conducted on this side of the 180th meridian in the past has been not to unduly inflame the suspicious Japanese.

The navy air arm has become so important in any naval war in the Pacific that our strength in the air will be essential to success. In addition to the planes aboard our five aircraft carriers, long range naval seaplanes and appropriate air bases for them will give important aid to the fleet in operations west of Hawaii. They have a flying range of about 1,300 miles and air bases at Midway, Wake and Guam would give full mobility to these weapons.

U.S. Victory Seen

If these bases can be held by our navy secure from capture, they will form the stepping stones for these naval patrol planes to enable them to reach the Philippines, from where our fleet would operate in a war against Japan.

The ultimate result of a naval and air war between Japan and the United States, viewed against the background of the two nations involved, would seem to be a United States victory.

Japan, a strong military and naval nation, is impoverished economically, while the United States, though not imbued with the material spirit, is rich and resourceful. Japan also would in all likelihood, be opposed by her traditional enemies, China and Russia.

The failure of Japan to obtain, by the action of her war fleet, the essential raw materials needed by her industries to maintain the efficiency of her fighting forces would in time encompass her defeat.—United Press.

Chungking Aided by American Red Cross

US$10,000 For Relief Of Air Raid Victims

Chungking, Aug. 27.

The American Red Cross has presented US$10,000 to Mr. Wu Kuo-chen, Mayor of Chungking, for the relief of civilians rendered destitute by the Japanese bombings on August 19 and 20.

Mr. Willys R. Peck, Counsellor of the United States Embassy, yesterday forwarded the money with a letter expressing American sympathy.

A foreign committee will assist Mayor Wu in the distribution of the relief funds.—Reuter.

Netherlands Indies Fear Germany and Japan

Germans May Hold Relatives, Friends of N.E.I. Officials as Hostages; U.S. Embargo Danger

Batavia, Aug. 27.

TWO fears beset the war-orphaned Netherlands East Indies today as preparations were continued in every field of defence to guard against possible attacks on this rich colonial possession of Holland.

The first fear was that Nazi Germany would hold friends, relatives and Netherlands officials in the homeland as hostages for delivery of the East Indies to the Reich or to any administration Adolf Hitler may decide should rule the Indies.

The second fear was that the United States would impose a complete embargo on exports to Japan, thus virtually forcing Japan to turn southward for vitally-needed materials to supply her war machine.

The Netherlanders are more afraid of German pressure because this could not be resisted with armaments and defence measures. There has been no indication of what the East Indies answer would be to German pressure through friends and relatives at home, but it would give officials here an extremely difficult problem to solve.

Fifth Columnists Rounded-Up

Prior to the invasion of Holland there was a Nazi-directed plot to have the Germans and Netherlands Nazis seize the islands simultaneous with the German invasion. Through various combinations of circumstances and the astuteness of clerks in the telegraph offices, the plot was circumvented. Today there are about 5,000 fifth columnists—2,000 of them German—in internment camps. Arrests are still being made, but many innocent persons, mostly Netherlanders, have been released. The fifth column threat is considered negligible.

Men and women here never make direct enquiries concerning relatives or friends in Holland, because authorities feel that such communications would reveal connections which the Nazis could exploit in the future to bring about either nominal or undercover control of the islands.

Strange as it seems, this threat is considered of more immediate danger than the threat of a Japanese invasion. Officials here have made definite, and, it is believed successful efforts, to appease Japan through economic cooperation.

U.S. Embargo on Japan

Dr. Van Hoogestraten, manager of Commerce of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, told the United Press of the very definite Netherlands fears regarding a United States embargo on Japan.

He stated that any application of sanctions or threats of an embargo by the United States, if not backed up by force, might easily persuade the Japanese that their best course would be to seize the Indies and assure themselves a constant flow of supplies.

Dr. Van Hoogestraten pointed out that the East Indies are the natural bulwark of Australia and New Zealand and that independence of the colony is imperative to the security of these countries. A movement is now under way to strengthen economic and political ties of the East Indies with Australia and New Zealand.

There has been considerable talk of incorporation of the East Indies into the British Commonwealth as a means of self-protection but so far this has not advanced beyond the talking stage.

Defence Measures

There have been many rumours regarding an intensification of gun-running into the islands, but government officials minimized its importance. Well-informed sources, however, disclosed that as many as 60 guns have been confiscated in one day. Presumably these would be used to carry out a foreign-fomented revolution.

Officials are concentrating all their attention on defence measures. Air raid shelters are being constructed constantly. Taxes have been increased to cover defence expenditures, and are scheduled to be increased even more.

A school to train native pilots will be opened sometime this month. The Royal Navy institute has already been opened, and a military academy will be opened soon.

Netherlands officials have registered many private complaints that warplanes and other war materials ordered in the United States were not being delivered as rapidly as the officials here wish.—United Press.

N.E.I. Not Going Into Empire

Rumours of Incorporation Into British Commonwealth Emphatically Denied

Singapore, Aug. 27.

The Colonial Secretary, Mr. H. Weisberg, today emphatically denounced rumours that the Netherlands East Indies might be incorporated into the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Mr. Weisberg asserted that Britain has no territorial ambitions here whatever, but simultaneously declared that she would not hesitate to defend the interests of her allies.

The secretary expressed his belief that the rumours regarding incorporation of East Indies were probably inspired by wishful thinking" on the part of Netherlands residents, who would feel more secure under the protecting arms of either England or the United States.

Discussing the administration of British Malaya, Mr. Weisberg said that England's programme regardless of the war was to continue educating and promoting self-reliance of the natives in order that they could participate more in the political and industrial life of Malaya.

He said that more funds were being spent on education this year than ever before, while legitimate trade unions, with a recognized leadership, were being encouraged to promote the standard of living of the masses. The cooperative movement was also being fostered, he said.

Mr. Weisberg said that one of the defects of the Singapore labour movement was the irresponsibility of its leaders, and pointed out that the strike at the Goodyear plant here was fostered by such elements. Labour, he declared would be permitted to organize if unions were headed by responsible men.—United Press.

Japan Rotary Club to Oust Foreign Ties

Christian Organizations to Discuss Remodelling

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The drive to eliminate foreign influences from Japan continued here today when it was announced that leaders of the Japan-Manchoukuo Rotary Club, after conferences with the Foreign and Home Ministries and the gendarmerie, decided to propose the club's withdrawal from the Rotary International and its reorganization on sheer Japanese national lines.

The final decision is slated to be made at the joint committee meeting of the Japanese and Manchoukuoan branches of the club on September 4.

Meanwhile, 60 representatives of Japanese Christian Associations late last night discussed the reorganization of their respective groups. Proposals to oust resident foreign clergymen and to prohibit financing from the United States and Britain, as well as the formation of a pure Japanese Christian Association will be decided on September 2.—United Press.

Japan Women's Suffrage League Disbands

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The Japanese Women's Suffrage League today voted to disband after 16 years of existence.

The League, however, will reorganize to support the widely heralded new political structure being prepared under the leadership of the Premier, Prince Konoye. The League will attempt to obtain recognition under the new structure.—United Press.

British Major on Assault Charge

Points Pistol at Senior Officer; Threat to Blow Off Own Finger

London, Aug. 27.

When Major Wintle, M.C., of the First Royal Dragoons, who has been under detention in the Tower of London, appeared before a court martial yesterday, it is alleged the accused saw Air-Commodore Boyle, Director of Intelligence at the Air Ministry, and "then seemed actuated by the belief, which might or might not have been well-founded, that he was the only person qualified to deal with the situation which was then arising in France."

Major Wintle, it is alleged, wanted a plane to fly to Bordeaux, and when told he could not have one, he said: "To show you how much in earnest I am, I am going to shoot off one of my fingers." Air-Commodore Boyle, it is stated, was not impressed by this, and Major Wintle, in an excited mood, pointed his pistol at the former.

The accused, it is further declared, also said certain Ministers of the Crown—he named one or two—ought to be shot, and all officers of the Royal Air Force above the rank of group-captain and most senior army officers should be shot.

Major Wintle was eventually induced to leave quietly.

To the charge of assault on Air-Commodore Boyle, the accused pleaded not guilty, as he did also to the charge of pretending that he was suffering from defective vision of his right eye when he knew that he was not so suffering. It was alleged he had stated that he had consciously limited his vision during a medical examination because he wanted to get out of the British Army and join the French Army.

The Prosecution made clear that the courage of the accused was not in question.—Reuter.

The Biters Bitten in Novel Japan Contest

Factory Girl Puts Paid To 570 Fleas

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

One of the most unique contests ever staged in Japan was held at the Hamana Textile Manufacturing Company, of Shizuoka Prefecture, when girl employees of the textile plant held a competition to see who could kill the most fleas and lice.

With a prize of one sen for five fleas killed, Miss Fumiko Yamada walked off with honours for the first night of the campaign by bagging 570 fleas and lice for a total monetary prize of Y.1.14.

When the contest is ended, the names of the champion fleacatchers will be inscribed on a scroll of honour which will be hung in the dining room of the factory.

Fleas hadn't a chance as eagle-eyed maids got to work. Results of the first night's campaign indicated that the vermin problem in the factories and dormitories of the plant would be solved speedily.—Domei.

Chen Li-fu Ill

Chungking, Aug. 27.

Education Minister Chen Li-fu has been struck down by dysentery and was placed today on the extended sick leave list.—Havas.

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Farewell Banquet for Mr. Julean Arnold

Chinese, American Bodies To Honour U.S. Official

A farewell banquet in honour of Mr. Julean Arnold, retiring American Commercial Attache, and Mrs. Arnold, given by six leading Chinese and American organizations here, will be held at 8 p.m. next Monday at the American Club, it was announced yesterday.

The sponsoring organizations are the American University Club, China Nutritional Aid Council, Chinese Art Council, Shanghai American Returned Students Association, Shanghai Y's Men's Club and Snio-Foreign Group. In the announcement issued yesterday, the Committee in charge of the banquet said in part:

"Mr. Arnold is retiring from service after spending 38 years in the important and useful work at the promotion and development of commerce and trade between China and America. It is only fitting that on the eve of his departure we should gather to do him honour both as a worthy representative of his great nation and also as a gentleman and friend, whom during these long years we have come to love, respect and trust."

Reservations made be made through Mr. Y. E. Hsiao of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., on Boulevard de Montigny before Saturday noon. The dinner will cost $6 per person.

Counterfeit Notes in Circulation Here

Advantage Taken of Small Money Shortage

A warning to the public is published by the "Shun Pao" to the effect that counterfeit five-cent notes purporting to be issued by the Central Bank of China are being circulated in Shanghai. A sample of the counterfeit note supplied by a reader is also published. The printing is so poor that the counterfeit notes can easily be distinguished from the genuine ones, it is stated.

Previous reports indicate that the Chinese bank note shortage in Shanghai is a thing of the past. Recently a certain foreign bank transported many $1 and 10-cent notes from Hongkong to this city. The aluminium coins of five and one cent denominations, coined by the Shanghai Bankers Association, are being circulated in large numbers here, while a new consignment of the same coins is reported to be arriving here soon.

FUNERALS

Cynthia Esperiaca Barros

Funeral services for the late Baby Cynthia Esperiaca Barros were held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery with Father L. F. McGreal, of the Church of Christ The King, carrying out the religious rites. The deceased was the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mario Barros and she died at the Paulun Hospital last Sunday evening after a brief illness at the age of two years. The little white plush casket was carried to the grave by Misses Patricia Vaughan, Eileen Vaughan, Lillian Danenberg, Evelyn Danenberg, Dolores Corbin and Winifred Short. Floral pieces from "Mummy and Daddy", "Brother Ronnie" and "Granny and Aunty Amelia" were lowered on the casket into the grave.

Among others sending flowers were: Aunty Marie, Uncle Nocbert, Bella and Simon; Vasco, Cicely and Johnny; Alda and Annie; Alzira and Eugene; Kassy and Stella; Evelyn and Oscar; Francis and Tricia; Emilio and Chico; Uncle Rabbit; The Boys of '457'; Manuel Barros and Arnaldo; Great-Granny and A. F. Collaco; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Corbin and family; Marie Carlos and children; A. Krasnova; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Larcina; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Sequeira and son; Miss L. Vieira; Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Xavier; Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Zuzarte, Chico, Luiz, Evelyn and May; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Silvano Gonsalo dos Remedios

In the presence of relatives and a large number of friends the remains of the late Mr. Silvano Gonsalo dos Remedios were laid to rest yesterday morning at the Pahsienjao Cemetery. Preceding interment a Requiem Mass was celebrated by Father L.F. McGreal at the Church of Christ The King on Rue Bourgeat. The deceased, a resident of Shanghai for forty-seven years, was well known and highly respected in the Portuguese community here. He died suddenly of heart failure last Sunday at the age of sixty-nine years. Mr. Remedios is survived by his wife, Nina, a daughter, Mrs. L. O. d'Aquino, three sons, Silvano, Carlos and Izidro, and a sister, Mrs. Leonora da Costa, all of whom were present at the funeral services. The casket, upon which rested a large cross of flowers from "Nina and Children," was carried to the grave by Messrs. C. A. Costa, V. H. Xavier, J. Andrintus, C. A. Barradas, C. E. O'Leary and P. Acha. Among others sending flowers were:—

Malie and Loma; Cash Department, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation; Outward Bills Department, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation; Hai-Alai Players; Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Alvarez; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Butt and family; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Barradas and Norma; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Barradas; Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Halberg; Mr. and Mrs. Teodore Jauregui; J. Larcina; J. Llado; Mr. and Mrs. Hans H. Ottsen; T. Rangel; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. M. dos Remedios; J. Sanchez; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Jean Cagney, sister of famed fast-chattering Jimmy Cagney, now playing in Paramount's "Queen of the Mob," with Ralph Bellamy and Blanche Yurka, has a slow, precise manner of speech—just the opposite of her brother's delivery.

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Aug. 27, from Chinwangtao: Miss M. Walton, Miss A. Gregg, Rev. M. Paton, Mr. & Mrs. Heim, Mrs. G. O. Fuller, Miss Harrop, Mr. R. Winter.

DEPARTURES

Aug. 27, for Chinwangtao: Mr. H. Berents.

SHIPPING NEWS

Sailing Delayed

Pres. Coolidge will sail to-day for Hongkong and Manila, the last tender leaving the Customs Jetty at 5.30 p.m.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Liverpool		From Bombay	
Haruna M	12/7 29/8	Argun M	— 3/9
		Ginyo M	— 8/9

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Manila	
Besholt	— 17/9	P Pierce	25/8 31/8
St. Voyager	— 21/9	Brageland	28/8 5/9
Sagoland	— 22/9	From Yokohama	
P Polk	9/8 24/9	H'kusan M	22/8 30/8
		Haruna M	24/8 2/9
From Los Angeles		Atago M	— 5/9
P Polk	27/8 24/9	From Kobe	
Nitta M	19/8 1/10	H'kusan M	26/8 30/8
		Taiyo M	28/8 30/8
From Honolulu		From Nagasaki	
Nitta M	28/8 1/10	N'saki M	27/8 29/8
From Seattle		From Keelung	
Coldbrook	— 13/9	H'ken M	31/8 2/9

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		From Hongkong	
T'tao M	28/8 30/8	K'kura M	30/8 1/9

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.-C.-J.-L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

TOSAN MARU FOR LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30 CRISTOBAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PORTLAND, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.—O.S.K. LINE. TEL. 15323, 15324. 29-8

KUNIKAWA MARU. Sept. 9, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGLES. For freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 18630 and 16118. 9-9

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		For Manila	
Kasima M	22/9	P Coolidge	28/8
		Coldbrook	15/9
For Bombay and Calcutta		P Polk	25/9
Atago M	6/9	For Hongkong	
Onoe M	24/9	P Coolidge	28/8
For New York		P Polk	25/9
Tosan M	30/8	For Kobe	
Steel Voyager	22/9	Haruna M	30/8
Nankai M	23/9	Kamakura M	2/9
P Polk	25/9	Taiyo M	3/9
For Los Angeles		For Nagasaki	
Nozima M	5/9	Nagasaki M	30/8
Brageland	10/9	Shanghai M	1/9
For San Francisco		For Dairen	
P Pierce	1/9	Dairen M	30/8
Kamakura M	2/9	Tsingtao M	1/9
P Coolidge	10/9	Hoten M	4/9
		Dairen M	7/9
		Tsingtao M	10/9

Vessels Discharging

SOUDAN. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s ss. Soudan from London & Ports. This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Hunts Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hunts Wharf on Monday, September 2, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Agents. 29-8

TILAWA. The British-India S.N. Co.'s ss. Tilawa from Calcutta & Ports. This steamer is discharging Cargo at the West Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the West Pootung Wharf on Tuesday, September 3, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Agents. 29-8

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.
Tangshan M.	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Hengshan M.	Amoy	T.K.K.
Tachi M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Capella	P. Courbet	Wallem
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Tyosa M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Meiyo	Hupukow	S.V.O.C.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Pres. Coolidge	Japan	A.P.L.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Yichang	Chi.	Showa S.
Yamazuki M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Kamakura M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sanko M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Reinholt	Nor.	De La Rama
Myogi M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Mikage M. 20	Jap.	Y.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-California Line via Honolulu
*KAMAKURA MARU .. Sept. 2
†ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 2
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
*HUNT'S WHARF 9 a.m.
†Sailing from Kobe

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver

From Kobe	
HIKAWA MARU	Sept. 7
HIE MARU	Sept. 23
HEIAN MARU	Oct. 16

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama

NOZIMA MARU	Sept. 5
SAKURA MARU	Sept. 13

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila From Nagasaki

ATUTA MARU	Sept. 23

European Mail Line For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo Durban, Cape Town, and Lisbon

KASIMA MARU	Sept. 22

Japan-Bombay Line Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi

ATAGO MARU	Sept. 6
ONOE MARU	Sept. 24

Orient-South America Line West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe

NAKO MARU	Sept. 10
HEIYO MARU	Sept. 22

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line

HARUNA MARU	Aug. 30
KAMAKURA MARU ..	Sept. 2

Shanghai-Hongkong Line

KAMAKURA MARU ..	Aug. 27

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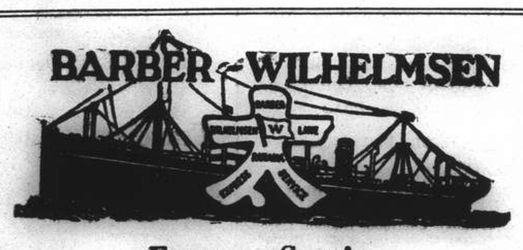

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TŌA K. K.
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	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 26 ..... (Yangtzepoo Wharf)	Aug. 27 at 9 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 29	Aug. 30 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 31	Sept. 1 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Sept. 3	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Sevice

TAIYO MARU	Aug. 30 ..... (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 3 at 6.30 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 2nd.)

TAIYO MARU	Sept. 12	Sept. 15

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 45297, 42350, 42359
TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 The Bund Telephone 19600

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27 The Bund Telephone 15290

D. K. K.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 28	Aug. 30 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 30	Sept. 1 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 2	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 5	Sept. 7 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 8	Sept. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 12 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)

ss. HAKKA MARU	(Direct to Tientsin)	Aug. 30
ss. KOGA MARU	.....	Sept. 1

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PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

IMPORTANT NOTICE
The ss. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" has been delayed.
The steamer is sailing for HONGKONG and MANILA on WEDNESDAY, August 28th, the last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 5.30 p.m.

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. PIERCE	Sept. 1
PRES. COOLIDGE	Sept. 10
PRES. TAFT	Sept. 20
PRES. CLEVELAND	Oct. 5

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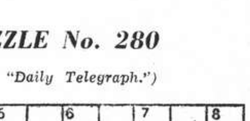

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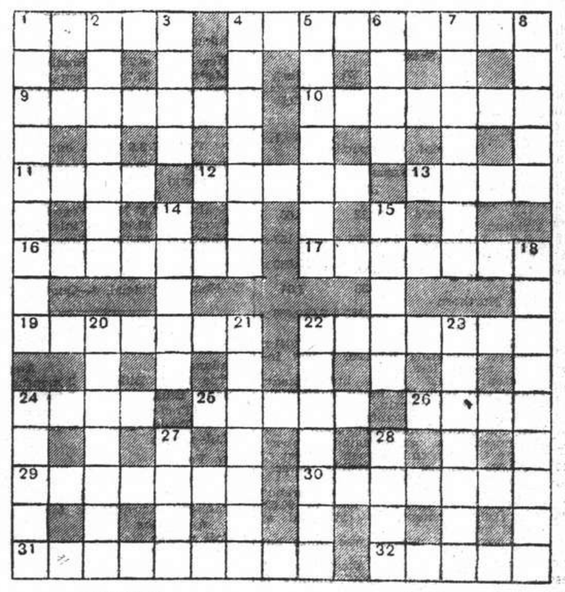
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 No, this man of religion was not employed in the kitchen (5)
4 Straightforward sound of direction given (9)
9 With possibility of danger (7)
10 The descent suggests a long pedigree (7)
11 Of course familiar to actors at the billiard table (4)
12 This is part of some work in enamel on copper (5)
13 Censured or this is a plant (4)
16 Famous actress of old (7)
17 Vessel seen in Near East perhaps (7)
19 It is quite unusual for a man to have this garment on at the bridge table (7)
22 The sort of failure more obvious on a Monday (7)
24 Early O.T. character (4)
25 But does she sound charming in war time? (5)
26 Dutch old master (4)
29 Accomplish (7)
30 Distinguished (7)
31 The little child counting who said "8, 9, 11, 12," of course this (9)
32 Some musical work (not highbrow) (5)

DOWN

1 Sounds like angling action but more likely the work of the prophets (9)
2 This introduces a substitute (7)
3 The way in which sleepers are regularly seen (4)
4 The lack of water that would seriously upset the Scottish monster (7)
5 In a satisfactory position like a storm-tossed vessel far from the lee shore (7)
6 A golden sovereign might make this either actually or soundly (4)
7 Illustrative (7)
8 Apparently from end to end of this river is very small (5)
14 Humble but not basely (5)
15 This is found round the silkworm cocoon (5)
18 The dislike which seems to indicate a preference for the main road (9)
20 "In the R.E." (anag.) (7)
21 You can see this on a penny (7)
22 In which is here in a victory (7)
23 Describes the person financially down (7)
24 This inch is more than an inch long (5)
27 What a doctor generally puts among those things that we love to eat (4)
28 A notorious seaman (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Doldrums; 5, Batman; 9, Midlands; 10, Picnic; 11, Right arm; 13, Basset; 14, New; 16, Feline; 19, Dummies; 20, Leonid; 21, Rim; 23, Boston; 27, Dilatory; 28, Embody; 29, Singular; 30, Sherry; 31, Interred. DOWN: 1, Demure; 2, Ladoga; 3, Realty; 4, Modern; 6, Animates; 7, Monastic; 8, Niceties; 12, Mermaid; 15, Mud; 16, Few; 17, Glibness; 18, Possible; 19, Disorder; 22, Minion; 23, Mangle; 24, Fowler; 25, Hybrid.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 26.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with fractional moves either way, in a very dull and featureless session. Operators were wary and timid, awaiting clarification of the latest news from Europe. Operations were mostly confined to routine business.

Sentiment, however, was good, and there was no selling pressure in evidence.

Favourable business news included a further increase in steel mill activity and good earning reports, which had a bolstering effect.

The turnover today amounted to only 160,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	126.04	125.34	125.71	+0.23
20 Rails	26.89	26.77	26.85	—0.01
15 Utilit.	22.03	21.94	22.00	unch.
40 Bonds	—	—	28.22	—0.10
11 Commod.	—	—	47.79	—

	Aug. 24	26		Aug. 24	26
Adams Exp	5½	5	Libbey O F	38½	38½
Alg Lud	20½	20¾	Lock Air	25½	25½
Allis Chal	*31½	32½	Loew's	24	*24
Alum Ltd	75	*75	Loft Inc	21½	21⅝
Amer Can	95¼	*94½	Mack Trks	*21	*21
Am Cyan	*33	*33	Martin	29½	30
Am For Pr	*1⅛	*1⅛	McK & R	21½	*20½
„ $7 pfd	*14½	*14½	Mont Ward	39¾	39½
Am Loco	12⅜	*12⅜	Mountain	3¾	3¼
Am Metal	*14¼	*14¼	Nat Avian	*9¼	*9⅜
Am Radtr	6¼	6¼	Nat City B	*23¾	23½
Am R Mil	10½	10½	Nat Dairy	*13¾	13½
Am Smlg	36	36½	Nat Dist	*20¼	20⅝
Am Sug	*12⅜	*12⅜	Nat Lead	16½	16½
Am T & T	161½	160½	Nat P & L	7⅞	7⅞
Am Tob B	73½	74	Nat Sup	*5⅝	5⅝
Am Wtwrks	8¼	8⅜	N Y Cent	11½	11
Anaconda	20½	20½	Niag Hud	*4	4¼
Atchison	14⅜	14⅜	N A Avian	16¼	16½
Avian Cpn	4¼	4¼	N Am Co	*18¼	18⅜
Bald Loco	14¼	14⅜	N Pacific	6¼	6½
Balt & O	*3⅜	3⅜	O I Glass	*48	49½
Barber	*9⅝	10	Pac G & E	28¾	28⅞
Barns Oil	8¼	*7⅞	Packard	3¼	3½
Bendix	29½	30	Pan A Air	*13¾	13⅜
Beth Steel	76¾	76⅜	Paramount	*5¼	5¼
Bliss	*13	13½	Penn R R	20	19¾
Boeing	13⅜	13½	P & R Coal	*0⅜	0⅛
Borg War	16¼	16¼	Phil Pet	32⅜	31⅛
Briggs	19¼	19¼	P S of N J	34⅜	34⅛
Bud Mfg	*3⅜	3¼	Pullman	*18⅜	18⅝
Can Pac Rly	3⅜	3⅜	Pure Oil	7½	7⅜
Case J I	47½	47	Radio	4⅜	4⅜
Celanese	27⅜	28¼	Reading	*12¾	*12⅜
Chase N B	*28¼	*28¼	Rem Arms	*4⅜	*4⅜
Ches & O	38¼	38⅜	Rep Avian	4¼	4¼
Chrysler	71⅞	72½	Rep Steel	16⅜	16⅜
Col G & E	5⅜	5½	Rey C & B	*8⅜	*8⅜
Col Credit	30½	30½	Rey Tob B	34⅜	34⅞
Com & Sth	1½	1½	Safe Stores	43¾	44
Cons Edis	*27½	27½	Schenley	*9⅜	*9½
Cons Oil	6	6	Soc Vac	8⅜	8⅜
Cont Can	*37⅜	37⅜	Shell U Oil	*8¼	8⅛
Cont Oil	18¼	18⅜	Sears Roeb	77½	78⅛
Copld St	*17¼	18½	Sthrn Pac	*7⅜	7⅜
Curtis Wr	7¼	7	Sthrn Rly	*17½	*17½
„ A	*25	25½	Spicer	*26	*26⅛
Deere	*15¼	*15½	Std Brands	6⅞	6⅞
Dist Cpn	*17	*17	Std G & El	*1⅛	*1⅛
Douglas	69¾	*69	Std Oil C	18	18¼
Du Pont	*163½	164½	Std Oil	34	34
E P Lead	*7⅞	7⅞	Stonne & W	7½	*7⅞
Eaton	*29	29½	Studebaker	7½	7½
Elec A Lite	33	33	Swift Int	17½	17
Elec B & S	5¼	5¼	Technicor	*10	*10
„ $5 pfd	*62¾	*62	Tex Cpn	35¼	35¼
„ $6 pfd	*71	71	Tex Gulf	*31¼	31¼
Elec P & L	35¾	35¼	Timken	*23	24
Flintkote	14	13½	Transamer	4⅞	4⅛
Gen A Tr	46¼	*45	Tw Cent P	*5¼	5⅜
Gen Elec	33¾	33	Un B & P	*11⅞	11⅞
Gen Motor	46¼	46½	Un Carbide	71⅞	72
Gen Rly	11⅜	*11½	Un Pac	85¾	85¼
Gen T & R	*10⅜	*10⅜	Un Air	36⅜	36¼
Glidden	*12¼	*12½	Un A Line	16¼	16¼
Goodrich	11⅞	11½	Un Corp	1⅜	1⅜
„ $5 pfd	50	50	„ $3 pfd	*35	*35½
Goodyear	14⅜	14⅜	Un Gas	*1⅜	1⅜
Gt N I Ore	*13⅜	13½	Un G Imp	12	12
Gt N Rly	22	22⅜	U S Ind Al	*18	18
Gt W Sugar	19¼	*19	U S Rub	18¼	18¼
Grey Cpn	11	10⅜	„ pfd	82	*79
Her Pow	*80¼	*80	U S Steel	51¾	51¾
Homestake	40	40	Vanadium	30¼	30¼
In Nick	27¼	28¼	Vultee	*7⅞	*7⅞
Int T & T	*2¼	2¼	Walworth	*3¾	*3⅜
Int Paper	14¾	14¾	War Br Pic	2⅜	2⅛
Kennecott	26⅜	27¼	West Elec	99	99¼
Lak F & M	*3¼	*3⅛	Woodward	*25	*25

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	48	47
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	29	29¼
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	14⅜	*14
„ „ „ 6½% 1957	11¼	11¼
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	85½	85⅝
Erie 5s 1967	*11¾	12
Int. Tel. & Tel.	29½	29½
New England Gas & Elec.	*64½	64
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	39⅛	40
Stand. Gas & Elec.	*69¼	69½

*Bid. †Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Conditions on the Stock Exchange today were firm, with the volume ruling around the lightest level recorded since the World War. Business news continued to show advance steel operations rose 1.6 per cent. to 91.3 per cent. of capacity, which is a new high since December 4; National Coal Association estimated the third quarter's bituminous coal output at a new high since 1939; rail equipments continued to benefit from Defence contracts; and, a further gain in carloadings is indicated.

Stocks:—The technical action of the market was encouraging, but cautiousness is likely to prevail pending the outcome of the renewed German bombings of Britain.

STATISTICS

	Week Comm. 26/8	Week Comm. 19/8
Steel Mill Activity (Amer. Iron & Steel Inst.'s estimate) (per cent. of capacity)	91.3	89.7

EARNINGS

Stock	Period	1940	1939
Amer. Smelting	½ yr. 30/6	$2.12	$1.68
Atchison, Top. & S.F.	7 mths 31/7	9,433,221 n	8,103,157 n
Baltimore & Ohio	„	14,585,294 n	9,976,059 n
Chesapeake & Ohio	„	2.38	1.04
Great Northern Rly.	„	561,334 i	2,989,486 x
Pennsylvania R.R.	„	6,571,361 n	5,517,041 n

n—Net operating income. i—Net income. x—Net loss.

Cotton:—Ruled quiet but steady. Prices will probably move moderately lower on the increasing movement.

Wheat:—Large amounts going into the loan and approaching completion of the movement are encouraging support, despite the September open interest of 25,000,000 bushels. The visible increase is placed at 3,786,000 bushels.

Corn:—Presented a firm appearance on reports of the new loan of $0.62. The visible increase is estimated at 325,000 bushels.

Rubber:—The market was quiet but firm.

Hides:—Moved up on short covering and dealer buying. "Spot" inquiry is improving.

Sugar No. 4:—Stagnant.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 26.

Idle conditions prevailed in the British commodity markets today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 12½ —⅛; sellers 12½ —⅛; Sept. delivery, buyers 12 —⅛; sellers 12½ —⅛.

Liverpool Cotton: Amerian Futures: Oct. 7.47 —7; Jan. 7.14 —5; Mar. 6.99 —6; May 6.88 —5; Egyptian Futures: (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 Contract: Nov. 11.09 —10; Jan. 10.70 —9; Mar. 10.45 unch.; May 10.20 unch

London Metal: Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £260½ —3½; 3 mths. middle price £261⅛ —½.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per oz 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: Market quiet. Featureless. After the official fixing the market was quietly steady.

Spot	23 5/16d. unch.
Forward	22 15/16d. unch.

—Reuter.

U. S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 26.

In the cotton market, small trade and prefessional buying was early offset by liquidation and profit taking. Later, prices moderately rallied on a better "spot" demand and Wall Street buying. Finally, the market closed quiet on mills absorbing hedging, with quotations ranging from unchanged to 2 points up.

Prices in the rubber market today opened lower on mixed routine trading, switching and liquidation. Later, prices moderately rallied on good factory absorption. At the close, quotations ranged from 8 points down to 3 points up.

Wheat futures in Chicago today advanced on a higher corn market, shorts covering and mill and northwestern buying. At the final bell, gains of 1 to 1⅛ cents were recorded.

New York Cotton	New York Rubber
Oct. (N.C.) 9.20-20 +01	—
Dec. (N.C.) 9.18-19 +02	—
Jan. (N.C.) 9.09 N. +02	Sept. 19.39-39 —03
Mar. (N.C.) 9.07-07 +01	Dec. 19.22-22 +02
May (N.C.) 8.90-90 +01	Jan. 19.05-05 +08
July (N.C.) 8.69-69 unch.	Mar. 19.00 B +02

N. Y. Sugar No. 3	N. Y. Sugar No. 4
Sept. 1.66-67 —03 B/A	Sept. 0.69-70 —02 B/A
Mar. 1.80-81 —01 B/A	Dec. 0.72-72½ —02 B/A

Chicago Wheat	Chicago Corn
Sept. 70¼-70⅜ +1	Sept. 61⅜-61½ +⅝
Dec. 72⅛-72¾ +1⅛	Dec. 56½-56 +¾

Winnipeg Wheat	N. Y. Silk No. 1
Oct. 73⅜ A unch.	Sept. 2.45½-45½ unch.

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 26.

After early heaviness, conditions on the London Stock Exchange today turned brighter. Cape buying of kaffirs was responsible for the better tendency towards the close.

In the bond market, foreign issues ruled firm, while Japanese loans were occasionally a point higher. Industrials ruled irregular.—Reuter.

	Aug. 23	24
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan, (Red.)	£100⅞	100¼
3% Defence Loan	100⅝	100¾
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	30	30
4½% Anglo French Loan	35	35
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	12	12
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	18	18
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	8	8
5% Honan Rly., 1905	9	9
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	12	12
5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.)	11	11
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	12	12
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	8	8
5% „ „ G.	8	8
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	8	8
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	8	8
5% Canton Kowloon Rly.	7	7
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	38	38
JAPANESE BONDS		
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	31	32
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	6¼	6⅜
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	62	62
„ „ „ (Col. Reg.)	68	68
Mercantile Bank of India	11¼	11¼
National Bank of India	24¾	24¼
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	20	20
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	9/1½	9/3
B'tish American Tobacco	77/6	76/10½
Dunlop Rubber	28/6	28/4½
Imp. Chem. Industries	26/-	25/4½
United Steel	17/1½	17/-
Woolworths	57/4½	56/3
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	16/-	16/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	8/9	8/9
Pekin Syndicate	2/-	2/-
Sub-Nigel	155/-	155/-
Western Holdings	9/-	9/-
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	27¾	27¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	13/9	13/9
London, Midland & Scot.	12	11¾
S'hai Elec. Construction	15/-	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	13½	13½
Shell Transport & Trad.	32/6	32/6

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Aug. 26.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 3/32
Madrid	37.70	Hongkong	1/3
Berne	17.65	Singapore	2/4 3/32
Bel. C'go	176½*	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 13/16d.	„ buying	1/2

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	39.95	Shanghai	5.54
S'zerland	22.79	Hungary	19.50†
Italy	5.05 N.	Rumania	0.50
Spain	9.25 N.	Yogo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	23.86	Finland	2.05
Montreal	86.875	Greece	0.68
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.81
Japan	23.48		

N—Nom. *—Official. †—Quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Aug. 26.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2 3/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3 1/16%
Call money	0 1/16%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B 0½%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Aug. 27.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.145	.15 S
Baguio Gold	.14	.14
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—
Big Wedge	.17	.17
Consolidated Mines	.0222 S	.0222 S
Demonstration	.0725	.0725 S
East Mindanao	.065	.065
I. X. L.	.23	.23 S
Itogen	.16	.16
Mine Operations	.055 S	.055 S
Paracale Gumaus	.14	.14
Surigao Consolidated	.15	.15
Mindanao Motherlode	.06	.06

Turnover for the Morning: 2,500 Shares Index: (Morning Session) 49.80. S—Sales. *—Over Counter.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Aug. 27.

Silver prices advanced today, the quotations being:—

	Aug. 26	Aug. 27
London spot	23 7/16d.	23 7/16d.
„ forward	22 13/16d.	23d.
„ gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Nazi Food Difficulties

European Output of Cereals 25% Below Normal; Seized Stocks Will Soon Be Exhausted

THE food problem which confronts the German rulers becomes increasingly menacing. In authoritative circles in London it is stressed that each military development adds to the long-term difficulties of food supply, says the "Financial News." European agriculture has been badly hit by the mobilization of large numbers of farm workers, the reduction in fertiliser supplies and transport hold-ups. These difficulties were intensified by the severe weather and late spring.

Recent developments—the complete capitulation of France and the re-entry of power politics on the stage in South-Eastern Europe—are belived to lead to an intensification of the food difficulties which are confronting the German regime. In knowledgeable circles in London it is not believed that any single cause will lead to a breakdown of the European food supply, but it is pointed out that there is a steady accumulation of forces which are all working in the same direction.

The chain of events is something like this:—

1.—Before the war Germany's concentration upon war preparation inevitably reduced the German food potential. Man-power was withdrawn from agriculture; agricultural land was commandeered for military building; imports of food and feeding stuffs were excluded. This was the real meaning of "Guns versus Butter."

2.—The invasion of Poland enabled Germany to gain additional man-power. But it devastated an agricultural area of substantial importance.

Farm Workers Mobilized

3.—In the eight months of "sitzkrieg," increasing numbers of farm workers were mobilized, fertiliser supplies were reduced, and transport difficulties hindered agriculture. These difficulties were intensified by the severe weather and the late spring, and threaten a serious reduction in crops.

4.—The invasion of Norway and Denmark cut off further supplies. These countries' agriculture depended entirely upon imported cereals, both for food and for feeding-stuffs. In Denmark, the pig industry is being virtually liquidated, and it is believed that by the end of the summer one-third of the cattle herds will have been destroyed. In Norway, one-quarter of the livestock has already been slaughtered. The Germans have secured significant stocks, which relieve their food position in the short run, but in the long run potential is destroyed. These countries, without imports, cannot be more than self-supporting on a low standard of life.

5.—The invasion of Holland and Belgium has also provided certain stocks, but has likewise destroyed agricultural potential. Livestock has been killed and pasturage destroyed, especially by flooding. Belgium was in any case dependent almost entirely upon imported food.

French Position

6.—France, in her present condition, can in no sense be regarded as self-sufficient. In peace-time, France was a net importer of food. The mobilisation of two million peasants had in any case threatened seriously to reduce food output—a reduction of 25 per cent. was anticipated. The devastated areas in the north must now be written off. Furthermore, the immense civil disorganization which has taken place will certainly have a very substantial effect upon food output. On the other hand, some stocks presumably exist, which are now available to the Germans.

7.—The importance of South-Eastern Europe as a source of supply (for which Italy also is competing) is thus vital. There is not much doubt that this source is deteriorating. The severe winter hit South-Eastern Europe's agriculture hard. Furthermore, ever since the outbreak of war, these countries have been forced to keep large armies mobilised (and thus unavailable for agricultural work). Rumania, for example, has had 1,500,000 men under arms since the beginning, or about one-third of the male population of military age. These considerations, together with the possible imminence of hostilities in South-Eastern Europe, suggest that Germany can hope for relatively little from that quarter.

These are the facts of the development of Germany's (and now virtually the Continent's) food supply. Whither do they lead? Facts which point to weaknesses in the German structure are now viewed with some scepticism. The City has had its fill of complacent "economic" arguments. But these facts are well-authenticated, and do appear reasonable. It is possible to press them to conclusions.

Cereals Consumption

First, Europe as a whole is certainly facing a difficult winter. The normal continental consumption of cereals, for bread and for animal feeding, is about 130,000,000 tons, of which about one-tenth is imported from outside Europe. Production will almost certainly be as much as 25 per cent. below normal. This means a reduction of supplies available for consumption of the order of one-third, and possibly more.

Stocks are certainly available to cover some of this short-fall. But if stocks of cereals have to be used both for bread and for animal feeding to maintain the supply of meat and fats, they will rapidly be exhausted. The stocks, if equally used throughout Europe, would hardly suffice to make good the deficit. Furthermore, the German military command, facing years of war, will be loth to allow both Germany's war reserve of grain and the looted reserves to be consumed.

Secondly, the German people will certainly be in a position to gain a differential advantage. They will not have an increase in their rations (which may trouble them, victory over France having been won). But the German authorities will certainly loot enough to maintain the present ration standard.

Thirdly, the full pressure will therefore fall upon the peoples of the occupied territories. The consequences of this may conceivably be significant. It is still very early to try to put quantitative interpretation upon the possibilities. But a general reduction of food supply by one-third in the occupied areas seems more or less inevitable, and the position may be worse than that.

The logical consequences of Germany's policy, indeed, are beginning to appear. It seems unlikely that Germany will escape from the logic of the programme of "Guns before Butter" abroad, and the looting of occupied territories abroad.

Further Control Yen Bloc Trade

Imports, Exports of China Manchoukuo and Kwantung To Be Licensed

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

Moving to equalize Japan's yen bloc trade, Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Minister of Commerce and Industry, has issued a departmental ordinance placing all imports and exports from and to China, Manchoukuo and Kwantung Leased Territory under licence.

He explained that following the rise of prices in the yen bloc areas of the Asiatic continent, Japan's exports to these countries showed a vast excess over imports, thus unbalancing trade.

The ordinance, which is effective from September 2, further strengthens the control over yen bloc trade proclaimed on September 25, 1939, dealing with the problem quantitatively. The new ordinance controls trade in terms of the value of traded goods. Imports of 342 articles, for which licences are required, are affected by the new measure.—Reuter.

Lancashire Takes Up The Challenge

London.

England's greatest export industry the cotton trade, has now been called to the war front; for exports are Britain's fourth arm, which must be victorious besides the Army, Navy and Air Force, if the war is to be won.

In normal times the cotton industry has brought £50 million worth of foreign currency a year into the country, or more than 10 per cent. of the total British export proceeds. In war-time this amount is to be raised to between £65 and £70 million. That is the export programme which has been given to the cotton industry; and in order to make its hard task easier, and to remove rivalries, it has been uniformly ordered that deliveries for the domestic civilian demand are to be reduced by 25 per cent. That is, of course, only one stage in the programme. Export expansion has always been, above all, a question of price. In times of war, innumerable other questions are added, such as adequate supplies of raw materials, shipping space, labour, marketing in more difficult conditions, and so on. But even the price question is much more complex than it is in peace-time, because essential price factors like raw material quotations, the cost of freight and insurance, exchange rates, wages and taxation have become elastic.

Different From 1914-18

During the last war the only reply to these difficulties was surrender. The English cotton industry was left to decline, while old markets were lost and no new ones were gained. Today every foot of the world market is to be fought for; that is the first great difference against 1914-18. The second is that extensive preparations have already been made by energetic organization, and that the authorities are not afraid of unpopular measures. The limitation of civilian consumption at home is only the latest stage in the building up of a powerful cotton export trade.

Food Drive in New Zealand

Details of the food production drive launched by the New Zealand Government for the 1940-41 season, after consultation with the British authorities, were announced recently by Mr. Langstone, acting Minister of Agriculture, states the "Daily Telegraph."

Its aims include the maintenance of the butter output at last season's level; increase of 15,000 to 20,000 tons in cheese and 10,000 tons in bacon; a rise in beef production; the maintenance of mutton and lamb at not less than last season's level; the greatest possible quantity of eggs for export; and increasing quantities of pasture and clover seeds.

New York Market Firm

New York, Aug. 27.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed firm yesterday with turnover during the session the lightest since 1918.

Experts said traders would likely continue to maintain caution pending the outcome of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's renewed aerial blitzkrieg against Britain. Traders also evinced interest in the effects of British retaliatory raids on the Reich.

Barring definitely unfavourable developments, the undertone was expected to continue firm.

National Biscuit preferred gained nearly three points during yesterday's session and some others rose a point or more. Most variations, however, were fractional. Losers included Aviation Corporation, Greyhound Bus Lines, International Harvester, Lockheed Aircraft, R.C.A., and Union Carbide. Bethlehem Steel rose one point and U.S. Steel was up a fraction of a point, Coppers, and autos were steady.—United Press.

Leader of U.S. Red Cross

Invited by President to Take Up Post on Outbreak Of War

It was in the autumn of 1917, when the U.S. was deep in World War the First, that an harassed executive in Washington made the comment: "Y'know, some of these dollar-a-year men are really worth a dollar but most of them just get in the way."

His reference, of course, was to the familiar type of individual, with independent means and no particular experience, who summons himself to patriotic endeavour, equipped with a little extra stuffing in his shirt, a trick putter and a new theory about Dorothy Thompson. Their theory seems to be that the "emergency" can be worried to death.

An exception to this hyperbole, and in sharp contrast, is the individual who offers his services, energies and abilities in a spirit which no amount of money could buy. Some of these men are actually at work now.

One comes to mind who was on the ground early. Wayne C. Taylor, chief of American Red Cross activities in Europe, has been all over the battle-scarred, devastated, refugee regions of Europe for more than seven months—at no pay. His bosses in Washington say he has done a truly magnificent job ,the "best ever," under extraordinarily difficult conditions.

Taylor's recent history is entertaining in itself and affords a clue to the kind of fellow he is. More than a year ago he resigned as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and kept his mouth firmly shut, even with his closest friends, as to the reasons.

He merely told the President he would be happy to serve in "some other capacity." The "other capacity" not being quickly forthcoming, he took a vacation. He was hunting in the wilds of Canada when Germany invaded Poland. He learned of it by radio some days after the event.

He packed up his hunting equipment and rushed to Washington, to "re-enlist." On the Monday he arrived, he asked an old friend to lunch so that he "might catch up on what had been happening."

No sooner had this 'phone conversation ended than the friend received another call from the Red Cross: "Have you any idea where we can get in touch with Wayne Taylor—immediately." The friend said: "I can't tell you you now, but I can after lunch."

At the luncheon table that day, Red Cross Chairman Norman Davis came up to Taylor and said: "You're going to Europe—seat reserved for you on the Clipper, Saturday—it's all cleared with the President—he wants you to go." Taylor said: "That's dandy—is it all right to ask a couple of questions and tell the family?"

The upshot of it all was that, at the age of 46, he left his wife and three children for the purpose of human relief. He had never had any actual Red Cross experience of the sort. Ernest Swift, Vice-Chairman, went along to break him in.

They went to Germany where they got permission to visit Poland. After that unpleasant and trying experience they returned to Geneva. Taylor was planning a brief rest with friends in London during the Christmas holidays.

At that point, Swift handed him a cable from Washington with remark: "Would you rather spend Christmas in London or Helsinki?" After reading the cable Taylor said: "It looks as though I'd much prefer Helsinki—I love winter resorts." Thus, he lived in Finland, at 50° below, during the Russian war. At last report, Taylor was still in Paris after he had sent the rest of the staff to the South of France.

While he gets no salary, he is reimbursed for his travel and living expenses. These are U.S.$250 per month—the lowest ever for any similar assignment. He has been on the job, literally, 16 to 18 hours a day.

Factory Gangs in Repair Race

An example of how the men in one British Ministry of Supply factory "went to it" was disclosed recently, states the "Daily Telegraph."

It had become essential to strip and replace a lengthy culvert, carrying gas from a producer to furnaces used for heat-treating big-gun barrels. The furnaces, it was estimated would need to be out of use for three weeks.

The job involved a heavy-gang to remove the old culvert in sections and follow up with positioning the new steel casing ready to be lined by brick-layers.

The men were asked to show what they could do as a war effort. They worked 12 hours a day, seven days a week, each group determined to prove that it could go faster than the other. At the end, in the words of the heavy-gang foreman, "the "brickies' swore they would catch us up, and tried hard to do it, but they never did."

They finished the job in two weeks.

A gain of 34.1 per cent. in Canada's production of crude petroleum and natural gasoline marks the first quarter of the current year over that of 1939.

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CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.

THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.

STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.

JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.

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Bravery of Soldiers On "Arandora Star"

Sang as Ship Went Down After Hit by Torpedo

British soldiers of the guard aboard the Arandora Star, torpedoed off Ireland on Tuesday, stood on deck "as if waiting for a bus" as the ship sank.

The striking contrast of their behaviour to that of the hysterical panic among the German and Italian prisoners they were taking overseas was described by survivors who arrived in London recently.

The army officers in charge of the guard gave their lifebelts to others, walked on to the bridge, and went down the ship with the liner's own captain and other officers. And with the officers the members of the guard remained at their posts to the end. A gunner gave his lifebelt to another man, and was never seen again.

The chief officer of the liner gave a private his coat and lifebelt. and he also was lost. In splendid relief to conduct of most of the Germans, was the heroic behaviour of one German internee who dived 20 times from a boat into the sea and brought someone aboard every time.

Another internee, an Italian, baled out his boat continuously for five hours with a tin hat, refusing to be relieved. One group of soldiers on two rafts during the hours of waiting for rescue sang at the top of their voices, "It's a Lovely Day Tomorrow," while another group of Welshmen on a raft nearby sang "Land Of My Fathers."

Private W. H. Edwards, of Merthyr Tydvil, paid a tribute to one Sergeant Davey, "The last boat was launched and there was the sergeant, standing on the tilted deck.

"He was just like the rest of the guard on duty—as cool as if he were waiting for a bus. I shouted to him and he came down the rope and was picked up. I think he was the last man to leave the ship. She went down stern first."

Private Rose, of Highgate, Birmingham, told how the chief officer of the liner gave him his lifebelt. "He saved my life," he said. Some of the men said they saw Germans and Italians pushing soldiers who were in the water away from lifeboats, shouting, "There's no more room here."

Ambulance Girls Reach England Safely

Found Refugee in France Their Greatest Menace

Missing for ten days and almost given up for lost 42 British ambulance girls finally reached England safely, according to the "Daily Herald."

They were members of the Anglo-French Ambulance Corps which went out to France last March to work with the French Army. For six weeks they had been setting up emergency hospitals, evacuating them as conditions dictated, and setting up new hospitals. Their 22 ambulances were always full of wounded.

All the ambulances, worth together £11,000, had to be left behind. Miss Lesley Murray, leader of the unit, said recently that starting from Compiègne, north of Paris, the ambulances fell back gradually right down to Bordeaux, all the time handling relays of wounded.

"We worked under machine-gun fire very often," she said, "and were in frequent danger from bombing. But there was one even greater menace, which should be appreciated in England: that of the refugees.

"They refused to obey instructions in time, with the result that they eluttered the roads and made progress sometimes almost impossible. One journey of 30 miles took 24 hours."

Mrs. Dorys Bentley, deputy leader of the unit, said that with their cook missing, meals for the staff and the wounded had to be prepared on one small paraffin stove.

WHEN Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands visited a British port to inspect ships of the Dutch Fleet, with officers of the fleet, he saw the mayor and members of the council, and expressed thanks for the hospitality shown by the people of the port to his countrymen. The mayor paid a tribute to the Dutch sailors, who, he said, had played a gallant part in helping to bring the B.E.F. back from France, and added that Dutch naval men had given £160 to a local fund for distressed families of ex-Service men. Prince Bernhard said: "I know we shall win this war. Queen Wilhelmina holds this view as firmly now as ever she did, despite all that has happened and Princess Juliana is equally as certain about it. The Dutch people as a whole are waiting for the day when Holland will rise again, and that day will certainly come."

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Philippines President in Fierce Political Battle

Senor Quezon's Demand for Emergency Powers Creates Rumpus Unequalled in Years

Manila, Aug. 27.

PRESIDENT Manuel L. Quezon today was fighting one of his greatest battles of recent years over his demands for emergency powers to solve economic problems created by the international situation and his proposal to establish a "new" democracy in the Commonwealth. Odds were 100 to 1 that he would win both battles.

The fact that he is fighting a battle is merely a matter of comparison. For five years Sr. Quezon has ruled the destinies of the Filipino people, through his control of the legislature, with only the restraining hand of the United States government, through the American High Commissioner's office, to interfere.

Sr. Quezon's proposals have stirred up a political rumpus unequalled in several years. The battle has been marked by charges in the Assembly that the Philippine Commonwealth was going totalitarian and that the emergency powers being sought by President Quezon might be part of an electoral strategy to have himself re-elected. The latter charge, however, according to veteran political observers, was beside the point in that Sr. Quezon is virtually a certainty to be the next Commonwealth president.

Powers Asked For

Sr. Quezon asked the Assembly for the following powers:—

1. To require citizens to render personal civil service.
2. To prevent strikes and unwholesome social agitation "whenever the public interest so requires."
3. To commandeer all ships and other means of transportation in order to facilitate free and continued movement of goods and merchandise.
4. To control the food resources of the country.
5. To shorten and simplify the elementary educational course and to raise the school entrance age of children from seven to nine years.

Assemblyman Juan S. Alano of Zamboanga led the onslaught against Sr. Quezon's proposals, declaring that if the president is to be authorized to govern by issuing rules and regulations it would be as well to dissolve the assembly for the period in which such authority would be exercised.

In Germany or France

"If we were in Germany or France, the enactment of such a measure would be justified," was the criticism voiced by Assemblyman Eusebio Orense of Batangas. He charged that provisions of the proposed programme run counter to the constitutional precept regarding just compensation and due process of law. He said the proposal to give the President power to control farm lands and industrial establishment would be confiscatory.

The bill granting the requested powers "does not provide any standard nor limitations by which the President should be guided in the determination, form or manner of exercise of the powers delegated to him and consequently is undue delegation of legislative powers. . . and is for much too long a time, for any supposed or imagined national emergency," Sr. Orense claimed.

President Quezon was also bitterly attacked by Sr. Pedro Abad Santos, Socialist leader, who claimed that the government was instituting "an open drive against labour and the poor."

Totalitarian Powers

"It is a fact that in these same government elements are found the most ardent advocates of aligning this country with the totalitarian powers and of kicking the Americans out of the Philippines," Sr. Santos declared.

"The question now confronting the Americans in the Philippines is whether they will lend support to the elements aiming to set up totalitarianism in this country or cooperate with the progressive groups."

Sr. Quezon's programme of banning political parties and curtailing individual freedom under the new "democracy" has been bitterly criticized by such groups as the Civil Liberties Union and the "Partido Democrata Nacional," an alliance of minority parties to combat what was termed "totalitarian tendencies" of the president's Nacionalista party.

President Quezon first announced his thesis at the University of the Philippines—and within a few days found himself embroiled, through his political followers, in a bitter fight with professors and many students at the university who openly took issue with Don Manuel's ideas.

Political Parties Essential

Dr. Bernabe Africa, professor of political science, publicly declared that he believed political parties were essential in a democracy. And the students, through such mediums as the campus paper, expressed their suspicions as to the "worth and purity" of the "new" democracy.

Promptly one of President Quezon's followers, Assemblyman Guillermo Villanueva of Oriental Negros suggested that perhaps it would be wise to curtail some of the university's academic freedom. The assemblyman was reported to have said that he would ask the institution's board of regents, of which he is a member, to lay down a policy regarding the freedom of the faculty in expressing opinions on live political issues.

Some quarters opined that the assemblyman was merely waving a club to force some of the academic dissenters into submission or silence. The opposition then bitterly attacked the actual threat to academic liberty for expressing sincerely political opinions.

State and Individual

A former editor of the campus newspaper joined the fracas asserting, "Dr. Africa was well within his rights as a citizen and professor of the University of the Philippines in expressing his candid opinion on President Quezon's speech. It would be surprising indeed if he did not express his opinion. It would have been, in fact, a dereliction of his duty.

"The question now is whether President Quezon believes in the theory of democracy but is afraid of its practice," he said. "The question is whether the individual is more important than the state, and whether or not Mr. Quezon is the state.

"If the state is more important than the individual, if Mr. Quezon is the state, than Dr. Africa or any other professor daring to express opinions on the problems of our body politic should be muzzled, should be put in concentration camps, should be subjected to the most cruel persecutions—as has been done in Germany and Russia."

Students Indignant

Many students, less articulate but none the less indignant, also added their voices to the protests. One campus leader declared that the political science professor's statement "was not an unlicensed expression of opinion. It was healthy exercise of his rights. He lived up to his convictions and to the principles he advocates in his class."

Meanwhile, Dr. Bienvenido M. Gonzalez, president of the university, and other officials of the university, kept silent on the controversy, leaving it to rage by itself, and perhaps to die down.

The American High Commissioner, Mr. Francis B. Savre again refused to comment directly on the issues but asserted that "academic freedom is one of the great strongholds of democracy." A short time previous, Mr. Savre had stated that "true democracy" needs more than one party to protect minorities and to stimulate more constructive legislation on the part of the majority party. Neither statement was made as a direct comment on the Philippines political issues, but political observers detected more than ordinary criticism of the Quezon political programme.—United Press.

Eire's Illusion of Safety "Smashed"

New York, Aug. 27.

"German bombs that fell on Ireland yesterday smashed the illusion that there is any safety in neutrality," says the "New York Times."

"They proved that Ireland is at Germany's mercy today, just as surely as if she were at war," asserts the newspaper, which adds that Eire's only protection lies in her own efforts, "or in the help that she will allow her stronger friends to bring her."—Reuter.

Aliens in U.S. to Be Finger-Printed

Programme Scheduled to Last 100 Days; Closer Check on Fifth Column

Washington, Aug. 27.

Arrangements were completed here yesterday for the registration and fingerprinting of 3,600,000 aliens and non-citizens in the United States during the next 100 days, beginning today, in an effort to obtain a closer check on any fifth column subversive elements in the country.

The programme, according to its director, Mr. Earl Harrison, will require the registration of 100,000 Filipinos now in Hawaii or the United States. Filipinos in the Philippines, however, need not register, only those in the mainland, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, as well as other non-citizens in those areas. Even those who have taken out first citizenship papers will be required to register.

Local post offices will exercise jurisdiction over local registrations and will make special arrangements for special cases. Thus Puerto Rican and Hawaiian sugar plantation workers would be given special facilities to register. Postmasters have been given special instructions to emphasize that the registration carries no stigma or deprival of rights.

Precautions have been taken to prevent the registration from developing into an uncontrolled "witch hunt."

The Solicitor General, Mr. Francis Biddle, in a radio address yesterday, said "it is not the intention of Congress to start a witch hunt or persecute peaceful aliens."

"The fact is," he said, "there are some aliens who are dangerous and anxious to undermine our form of Government and who would bite the hand feeding them.—United Press.

Duc de Guise Reported Dead

Pretender to the French Throne Dies in Morocco After Colourful Career

Madrid, Aug. 27.

The Duc de Guise, pretender to the French Throne, is reported to have died at Larache, in Spanish Morocco.

Descendant of a line of Kings who reigned over France for nearly a thousand years, Jean Duc de Guise was the simplest of men. He served as a private in the Danish army, went out to Morocco as a settler and, during the Great War, ran a Red Cross canteen near the front lines.

Loved and admired by millions of Frenchmen who, though not Royalists, recognized his unfailing patriotism, he was regarded by the thousands of members of the Action Francaise, as their rightful monarch.

Born at Tours on September 4, 1874, Prince Jean was the youngest child of the Duke and Duchess of Chartres and great grandson of Louis Philippe, the last Bourbon King of France. Through the younger branch of the Bourbons, he was descended from Eude Comte de Paris, King of France in 887.

Debarred from serving in the French Army by the 1883 decree depriving all members of the former Royal family of the right to serve in the army or to hold any public office, the young Prince set to work to learn Danish. He passed his army examinations and entered the Guards as a private, it being obligatory in Denmark for future officers to serve first in the ranks.

He was gazetted Second Lieutenant in 1896. Later, in a book entitled "Under the Daneborg" (the Danish flag), he described his experiences as a Danish "Tommy."

He left the army in October 1899, just before his marriage, in England, to his first cousin, Princess Isabelle of Orleans, who proved both a practical wife and a splendid mother. Four children were born to them, first three girls, Isabelle, Francoise and Anne, and then, in 1908, the heir for whom all French Royalists were waiting, Henri Comte de Paris.

Decorated After Great War

When war broke out in 1914, the Duc de Guise left his land in charge of his wife and, debarred from joining the Army, left for Egypt with a Red Cross unit taking equipment for the French war hospitals at Alexandria where the wounded from the Dardanelles were treated.

On July 27, 1919, he received the Croix de Guerre from the hands of M. Poincare at the Elysee.

This did not, however, prevent him from being exiled in 1926, when his cousin, the Duke of Orleans, died and he in his turn became Pretender to the Throne of France. In a proclamation issued at this time he declared that he was ready to accept all the responsibilities and duties of his heritage. "I count on the discipline of all," he added, "to attain the aim of all Frenchmen, the greatness and prosperity of our dear country."

But "Jean III" was not called upon to reign. He remained a king without a throne, though regarded as monarch in countless Royalist homes throughout France.—Reuter.

Australian Elections In Full Swing

Splits in Parties Make Result Unpredictable

Sydney, Aug. 27.

One of the shortest and most unpredictable election campaigns in Australia's history is now in full swing. The main issue is likely to be the best means of directing Australia's war effort.

Voting takes place on September 21.

The political situation is very confused, especially in New South Wales, where Labour has split into several parties, but most commentators express the opinion that there will be little change of party strengths in the House of Representatives.

Nineteen senators will be elected at the same time, but will not take their seats until July, 1941. As 17 retiring senators are members of the Government party, there is a possibility of Labour securing a majority in the Senate next July.—Reuter.

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U.S. Envoy Demands War Preparations

Pacifists Condemned by Ambassador to Belgium

Los Angeles, Aug. 27.

Mr. John Cudahy, United States Ambassador to Brussels, last night demanded that the United States prepare for war in order to preserve peace. He made this declaration in a radio broadcast.

Mr. Cudahy flayed recent pacifist utterances by Americans, saying that "Belgium, following an instinct which makes us run from unpleasant realities, did not expect war, but unorthodox war came like lightning and crushed her.

"Belgium desired peace just as we do, but peace was not had merely for the asking.

"This is the desperate fact: this country must, in a military world, become a military nation."

Mr. Cudahy reiterated the declaration, made in London before his return to the United States, that King Leopold of Belgium had no alternative but to surrender when he saw his army harassed by thousands of starving, terror-driven refugees.

Mr. Cudahy's speech, it was understood, was approved by the State Department.—United Press.

Marshal Petain Receives U.S.-Bound Counsellor

Vichy, Aug. 27.

Marshal Philippe Petain, chief of the French state, yesterday received Robert Aye, State Counsellor and former French Financial Attache in Washington, whom the Government has just entrusted with an important economic and financial mission in the United States.—Havas.

U.S. Defence Works Said "Bogged"

Senator Vandenberg Asks For Immediate Action on Five Urgent Measures

Washington, Aug. 27.

Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Michigan Republican, warned yesterday that the Administration's national defence programme is "bogging down" and urged immediate action on five measures to speed the United States' preparedness programme.

Senator Vandenberg recommended that Congress:

1. Vote on the conscription of man power without further delay "one way or the other."
2. Separate tax amortization from the excess profits provisions of the pending tax bill and pass the former within 48 hours "if the tax bill is holding back armament contracts."
3. Establish an independent air force.
4. Determine, through a Senate executive session, "the facts of the United States' ability to defend itself" and obtain a frank revelation of "various international commitments being made by the President."
5. Empower the National Defence Council to act instead of only advise.

Senator Vandenberg endorsed President Roosevelt's Canadian-American hemispheric defence agreement insofar as it applied to war in the New World and the acquisition of air and naval bases on the Atlantic coast. He added, however, that "it must be that and nothing more." Senator Vandenberg was apparently referring to reports that the United States may transfer over-age destroyers to Britain in return for island bases.

The Michigan Senator denied that opponents of the Conscription Bill would attempt a filibuster to defeat it.

Hailed by LaGuardia

The work of the United States-Canadian Defence Board "is the Monroe Doctrine translated into action," Mr. Fiorello LaGuardia, Mayor of New York, declared here last night.

The New York Mayor, one of the six American delegates to the Board, made his statement after the group's initial conference.

He said the Board must act quickly because time is the most essential factor. He also added that it was self-evident that the Board should be regarded as part of the big Pan American defence plan.

The Board will adjourn after completion of its present work, he said.—United Press.

Food Situation in France Worsens

Government Attempting To Repair Communications

Vichy, Aug. 27.

The food situation in France is growing more and more serious with every day that brings the winter closer. The rations system is already in force, but this question of supplies for the people of France remains the main problem before the Government.

It is this problem that is behind the Government's constant efforts to improve the transportation system throughout the country. Railway lines and roads in all areas where they were damaged during the war, are being speedily repaired, to permit the functioning of an efficient, time-saving transport system.

But while the Government is doing the best it can with the supplies it has on hand or can expect from Europe itself, there still remains the capital problem of how to replace the supplies that France usually obtained from her colonies, and which the British blockade is now cutting off.—Havas.

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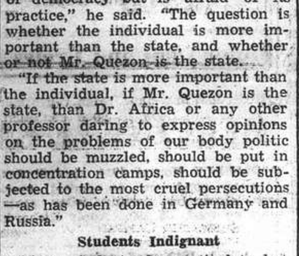

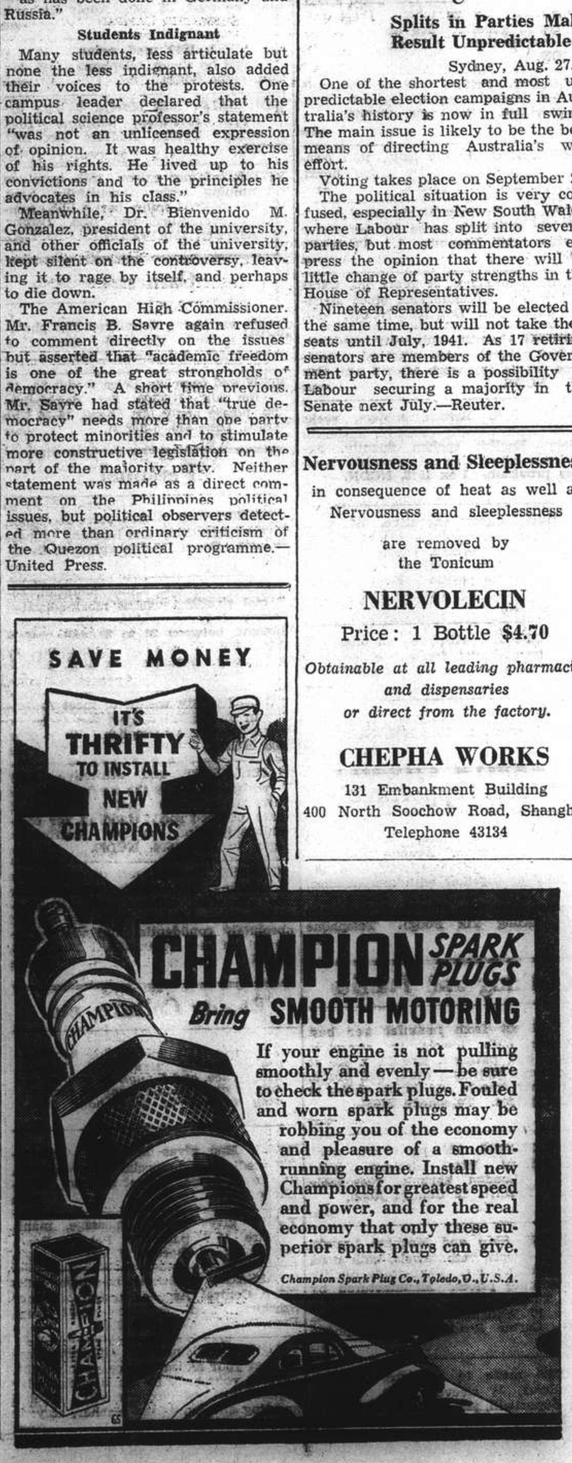
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TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy weather with showers and variable winds around Shantung and in our regions: with North-Easterly to South-Easterly winds over the Eastern Sea.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 72.0 max. 85.0	min. 66.4 max. 88.2
„ same date last year	min. 76.0 max. 92.5	min. 76.3 max. 93.6

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1940 (25th day of 7th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Aug. 29, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary due San Francisco on Sept. 10. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Aug. 28, 3 a.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.
Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 28 and 31, 1940.

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P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

MARRIAGE

WILLIAMS-CHAPMAN.—On August 24, 1940, at H.B.M. Consulate-General, Shanghai, MARGARET LAISTER, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Chapman of Tientsin, to FREDERICK GEORGE, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Williams of Woolwich, London. -3010

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TO-DAY'S EVENTS

AUGUST

28 Shanghai South Station bombed (1937)
28 NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. over XMHD 760kc. 395m.

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

29 Rotary Club, Metropol Hotel, 12.15
31 Annual Swimming Gala, Rowing Club

SEPTEMBER

4 Reception and dinner to Mr. and Mrs. Julean Arnold by Amer. Assn. Col. Country Club, 8
5 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
19 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 26 16.00	Aug. 26 21.00	Aug. 27 4.00	Aug. 27 9.00
Barometer inches	29.85	29.88	29.85	29.86
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.01	—0.01	—0.03	—0.05
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.03	0.00	—0.02
Wind (direction)	ENE	NE	Calm	ESE
„ (miles per hour)	10.6	9.3	0.0	8.1
Temperature (Fahr.)	78.°1	73.°2	70.°2	78.°8
Humidity %	69	69	86	65
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	1	2	5
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 26	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.88	+0.03	29.75
Temp. min. 68.°0 Max. 88.°7	78.°3	—3.°3	79.°5
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	24.26	—	32.00

Time and Tide	28/8	29/8	30/8	31/8	1/9	2/9	3/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.27	5.28	5.29	5.29	5.30	5.30	5.31
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.22	18.21	18.20	18.20	18.18	18.17	18.16
Moon rises at Shanghai	0.13	1.07	2.04	3.06	4.12	5.19	6.26
Moon sets at Shanghai	14.13	15.05	15.55	16.43	17.29	18.13	18.56
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.22	6.50	8.17	9.30	10.01	10.30	11.10
Ebb, makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.06	12.31	13.25	14.12	14.59	15.52	16.34
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	7.56	9.42	10.15	11.00	11.33	12.08	12.54
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	5.30	5.70	6.98	7.92	—	11.65	11.95

THE WEATHER

(See top left)

State on the morning of the 26th:—High and steady pressure over China; normal and falling over Japan, owing to a typhoon passing north-eastward. Other typhoon over the Pacific moving north-west. Northerly to easterly winds along the Coast. Fine, cloudy and copler weather.

State on the morning of the 27th:—Fine and cool weather. East-south-easterly breezes. High and steady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

TYPHOON SIGNALS

1st: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 17, longitude 134, direction west-north-west, intensity: unknown. 2nd: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 40, longitude 144, direction north-north-east, intensity: unknown.

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, August 28.	Reg.	Ord.
Amoy Swatow and Canton	*19.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	A 14.00	16.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and Manila	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, August 29.		
Amoy	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.15
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	x 9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila and Java Ports	BX11.00	12.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	x 11.30	12.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 12.00 on 28th.
B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 28th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on August 31, 1940.)

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Via S.H.N.R. 1.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per steamer via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains. (for time of closing, see above).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

I. C. Milk Fund

Jourdin,Mr/Mrs.W.W.	25
Waco Window cleaning	5
Danziger Dr. H.	25
Wallace,Miss 16.80 C.S.	3

Salvation Army

IN MEMORY OF MRS. ELIZABETH GOLDING

Wang,S.D.	50

BACK TO SCHOOL

Holidays are now over and schools are re-opening for the Autumn. New outfits will be found necessary. Boys and girls soon grow out of their clothing. We can supply:

FOR BOYS:
CATHEDRAL SCHOOL BLAZERS, TIES, BELTS, SHORTS, STOCKINGS, SLIPOVERS, PULLOVERS AND WINTER UNDERWEAR. Get this Kit

AT WHITEAWAY'S

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED, experienced salesman for coffee beans. 668 Szechuen Road, 303. -2981

WANTED: governess for a girl, five years old. Must be highly recommended and able to speak fluent English. Must live in. Reply stating age, nationality, experience, salary expected, enclosing copies of references to Box 1603, NCDN. -2999

LARGE automobile importers require services of high-class American or British salesman. Good basic salary and commission. Popular easy selling lines. Replies treated strictest confidence. Address Box 1581, NCDN. 10934

WANTED. Experienced store-keeper, familiar with auto parts and general service routine. First-class guarantee required. Apply stating experience, salary required and nature of guarantee to Box 1464, NCDN. 10891

EXCELLENT positions are assured to students of either sex after a few months training at Farmer's Commercial College, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. -2435

YOU require an office position without delay. Join the Shanghai Business College in preparation for suitable position. Shorthand, typewriting, commercial English, conversation, bookkeeping and accountancy. Many placed in progressive positions after few months' training. Apply for particulars. 320 Szechuen Road (second floor). Telephone 17733. 10858

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

GENTLEMAN with vocational training seeks office work at moderate salary. Telephone 80764. -3008

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced, 54 Garden Apartments. 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. 10564

EXPERIENCED accountant, aged 30, capable of taking full charge of books and prepare periodical financial statements, seeks position. Address Box 1534. NCDN. -2871

FEMALE stenographer (beginner), typist, general office assistant, open for engagement. Address Box 1610, NCDN. -3007

TEETOTAL British ex-serviceman, unfit for active service requires light employment. Box 1426, NCDN. -3005

ENERGETIC Chinese lady seeks position as typist after office hours. Address Box 1605, NCDN. -2974

MRS. GWYN very highly recommends her children's nurse for temporary position until November 1. Telephone 76687. 10955

YOUNG foreigner, 21 years old, wants position. Draughtsman, office assistant, supervisor. Box 1527, NCDN. -2861

YOUNG chemist, university graduate, had several years practical experience, wants any work after 6 p.m. Box 1571, NCDN. -2933

FOREIGNER, British subject, seeks employment, any capacity, moderate salary, English spoken fluently, experience advertising salesmanship, business provision. Box 1573, NCDN. -2801

FOREIGN export executive, of good appearance, aged 30, speaking English, French, German, Czech perfectly, with excellent oversea connections, wants suitable position. First-class references from big export firms. Box 1577, NCDN. -2937

STENOTYPIST with previous office experience, seeks immediate employment. Address Box 1576, NCDN. -2935

YOUNG lady stenotypist (beginner) seeks position. Box 1583, NCDN. -2947

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE or lease. Well-situated provision shop, Avenue du Roi Albert, French Concession. Sold separately or together with merchandise. Please apply to Tanaka Interpreter-Negotiator Service, 1151 North Szechuen Road (Kung Yik Fong). Telephone 46522. 10966

Clothing and Fabrics

BUY direct from manufacturer best grade bath towels in attractive colours and patterns, size 21 x 43, at $24 dozen. Minimum order one dozen. Also other towels and lunch cloths at special prices. Telephone 52651. -3027

SUITLENGTHS, 100 per cent. wool. Individual latest designs, solid worsted, London shrunk, reasonable prices. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10803

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands, Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Ave. Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -2819

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Poplin, $25. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10541

For Sale—Miscellaneous

UNUSUALLY lovely urns with and with out lid, Dresden, Meissen, Bienenkorb etc. brands at reasonable prices. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -2783

CONTINENTAL "Silenta" typewriter, absolutely noiseless and new; Fine Persian carpets and oil pictures at Benesi's, 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. -3022

ONE Lazaro piano, first-class condition $1,000. Owner leaving. Telephone 73182. -2953

FOR SALE. 11 piece peachwood dining-room suite $650. 5 piece peachwood bedroom suite $400. Ing Mo curio cabinet $400. Kelvinator refrigerator $1,000. Sofa, chairs and other household goods. Mrs. Gwyn, 2016 Avenue Joffre. Apply 9-10 a.m. or telephone 76687. 10955

LATEST crochet turbans, 7 colors $1.60; Venice doylies 30 cts; bed spread $10. Lace & Linen Syndicate. 114 Peking Road. 10878

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc. bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -2220

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -2643

FOR SALE: one Westinghouse refrigerator, model DL-54 (5.4 cu. ft.) in perfect condition. If interested apply Post Office Box 853. Price US$80. 10912

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used, at moderate prices 138 Hamilton House. -2495

BELDAM pilot packing, for qiuck sale approximately 100 lb. Panther brand diameter 1 inch. Address Box 1500 NCDN. -2821

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -1952

Motor Cars and Cycles

BUICK 1935 four-door Sedan. 8-cylinder motor and body in good condition. U.S.$400. Apply Mr. Tan, Lane 1025, 96 Bubbling Well Road. Tel. 37452. -3031

WOLSELEY Hornet 1934, six-cylinder, good condition, economical four-door, automatic starting, ratan seats, sunshine roof, US$290. Apply Richards Auto Works. -2810

WANTED, 1940 used sedan, 8/10 h.p Must be cheap, telephone 11544, Mr. Chu, office hours. -2537

FOR SALE, 1933 Morris, 8 h.p., excellent condition, sunshine roof 25 m.p.g., US$310. Address Box 1597 NCDN. 10959

MORRIS Minor saloon, 1933, excellent running order, beautifully kept sliding roof, 26 miles per gallon, completely overhauled end 1939. US$300 Address Box 1579, NCDN. -2941

Cameras

$550 sacrificing Zeiss-Ikon F3,5 photo-camera, absolutely new. Cost price $1,500. Telephone 73148. -3017

NEW and complete Leica model 3A, f2 for sale, US$100. For demonstration, please apply Mr. Sheng, 15-16 Rue Ratard, Lane 310, 3-5 p.m. -2886

Personal

CHINESE lady wishes meet foreigner, view friendship and teaching Chinese dialects. Room 175 Embankment Building. -3019

YOUNG Chinese, sound financial, social standing, wishes meet educated Chinese lady or widow with religious thought, between 22 to 28, tall preferable, for knowledge, friendship or matrimony. Address Box 1619, NCDN. -3026

FOREIGN lady wishes to meet American or English subject for exchange languages: French/English. Write Box 1608, NCDN. 3003

INTELLIGENT and attractive lady wishes to make the acquaintance of European gentleman (not refugee), 40-45 years, of good social standing, for companionship and possibly matrimony. Reply to Box 1604, NCDN. -2991

CHINESE, 35, widower, of respectable standing, wishes to meet respectable and attractive Chinese lady for companionship. Answers will be treated absolutely confidential and will be returned if so requested. Box 1613, NCDN. -3011

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MRS. Mac gives massage. General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 23575. -3002

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 10849

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails 9 Central Arcade, upstairs, Corner Szechuen Road, entrance 93-94 from Ezra Road. Telephone 11984. -2759

LADIES, gentlemen and children. Correct your figure, reduce your weight, develop your body by gymnastics, under supervision of experienced foreign sporting and gymnastic teacher, at your home. Box 1224, NCDN. -2755

Educational

HANS BAER, concert pianist, gives piano lessons, harmony, composition. 153/H/38 Route des Soeurs, 75880 (9-10, 2-3). -2790

FOREIGNER wants Chinese teacher (lady or gentleman) for Mandarin. Only well-educated and experienced Chinese (Pekinese speaking German or English preferred) need reply. Apply stating terms Box 1618, NCDN. -10967

PIANO lessons for children and adults, experienced piano pedagogue and composer, special method, best results, excellent references. Box 1606, NCDN. -2944

GERMAN lady, piano-teacher, desires to teach either piano or German, or both, in private home or in some school. Box 1586, NCDN. -2956

EVENING college wants several experienced English conversation teachers. High remuneration. Address Box 1510, NCDN. -2842

FRENCH lessons, conversation and grammar, by cultured, experienced gentleman teacher at pupil's home. Speedy success. Easy method. Exceptional references. 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. -456

YOUNG lady—teacher, holding diploma, gives English lessons. Address Box 1580, NCDN. -2943

Wanted to Rent

URGENT: September 1/15, 1½ or two-roomed unfurnished flat, reasonable rental. Replies to Box 1612, NCDN. 10962

AMERICAN family wants small house or three/four-roomed flat, with all modern conveniences. Telephone Mr. Yao Tse-tseng, National Industrial Bank of China. -2961

SMALL room with bathroom wanted by Chinese lady. With or without board. Address Box 1575, NCDN. -2934

WANTED, September 15, by American couple, furnished house or apartment in Concession or Settlement. No commission agents. Telephone 74375. -2993

WANTED to rent: furnished house or apartment for three bachelors as from September 15. No key-money. State rent required. Box 1602, NCDN. 10963

ENGLISH family desires furnished or unfurnished apartment of three rooms or house. September 15 or October 1. Please address Box 1472, NCDN. 10887

REQUIRED: apartment/house by responsible foreigner. Willing take furniture over at best price. Telephone 78499. -2578

WANTED by French family, 3-5 roomed apartment, furnished/unfurnished. Settlement/Concession. Telephone 70269 from 8-9.30 a.m. or reply Box 1489, NCDN. -2784

Radios

3-POINT Super foreign made, with American tubes and American loudspeaker. Reception of Europe and America guaranteed. Six tubes U.S.$12; seven tubes with magic eye U.S.$14. Demonstration without obligation. 3 Point Radio Factory, 33 Chusan Road, Telephone 50283. -3004

RECORD super models 1940: Six American tubes, American loudspeaker, US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 73109. 681 Bubbling Well, Telephone 32217. -2977

RADIO O. K.? For guaranteed repairs, latest equipment, genuine parts, telephone 43383. Chang's Radio Corporation. -2933

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 332 Nanking Road, Telephone 19225, 74646. 10583

FLASH! Pierce Radio Service. Repair radios of any manufacture. Telephone 73711. -2591

SPECIALISED short-wave tuning with RCA laboratory instruments. RCA trained foreign engineers. Radio Corporation of Asia, telephone 87777. -2229

NEW RCA radios for hire. Reasonable rentals. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch, telephone 87777. -2230

Holiday Resorts

SPEND the Autumn in lovely Tsingtao. Miramer House (British) offers you every home comforts. Slater, 24 Laiyang Road. -2212

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy one secondhand piano, willing pay best price. Apply Telephone 73606 Chang. -3032

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 9-7 p.m. daily. -3013

WANTED to purchase and for sale. We purchase all kinds of blackwood highclass furniture, carpets, pianos, typewriters, radios, household effects, damaged metals and godown stock at a fair price. We also sell the abovementioned goods at the lowest prices. (Only a little profit is added on the cost of what we purchased.) Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36334. 10901

WANTED to buy second-hand pianos and gramophones. Please apply to Mr. Hayashi, 387 Woosung Road. Telephone 45654. 10949

WANTED all kinds of household furniture and sundries. Telephone 96967 or 510 Peking Road, George Young. -2074

WANTED to buy suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663, Mrs. Engel. -2849

Animals

FOR SALE, Y-class pony. Cheap to careful rider and light weight. Address Box 1590, NCDN. -2962

REQUIRED services of pedigreed English bulldog against choice of litter, please reply Box 1571, NCDN, with brief pedigree. -2963

More Classified Ads. Overleaf